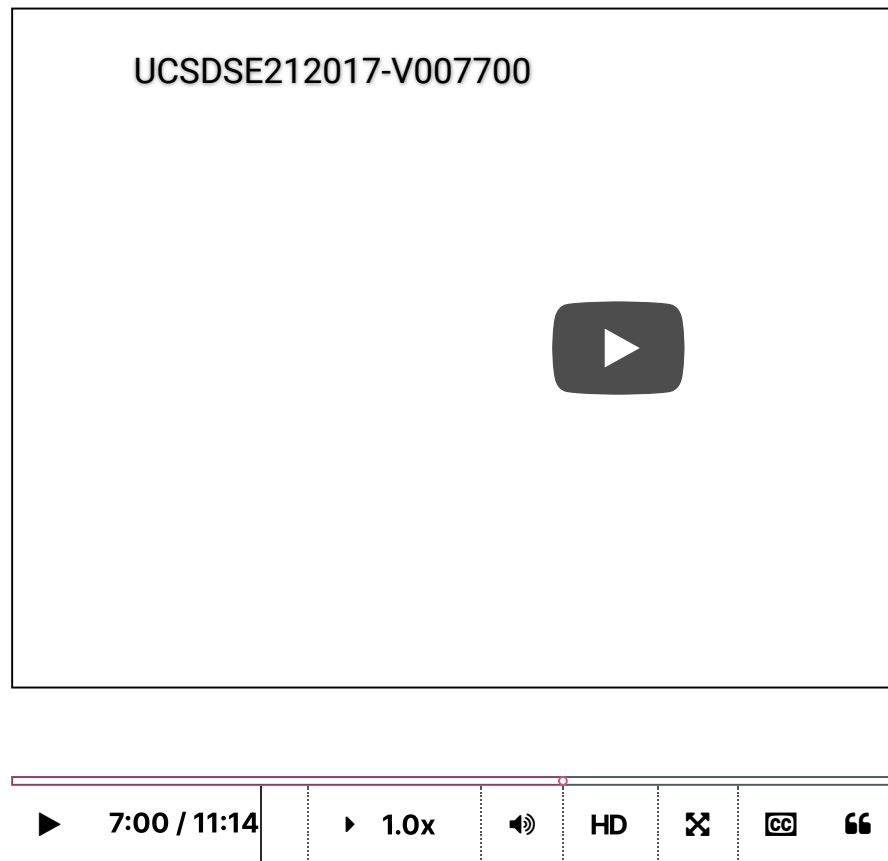


Problem Sets due May 4, 2022 18:05 +03

Video



of n choose n .

And we're going to show it's 2 to the n ,

and again you could, so here is an example.

3 choose 0 , plus 3 choose 1 , plus 3 choose 2 ,

plus 3 choose 3 , is what?

3 choose 0 is 1 , 3 choose 1 is 3 ,

3 choose 2 is 3 , 3 choose 3 is 1 ,

so we have 1 plus 3 plus 3 plus 1 ,

which gives us 8 , which is 2 cubed.

And this is (speaks softly) summation

of n choose l is 2 to the n ,

and the question is why?

And again you could give an

4.5 Properties of Binomial Coefficient

POLL

For a positive integer n , n choose $(n-1)$ equals to

RESULTS

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|
| <input type="radio"/> 1 | 8% |
| <input type="radio"/> $n-1$ | 15% |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> n | 69% |

Results gathered from 13 respondents.

FEEDBACK

The answer is n.

1 (Graded)

1/1 point (graded)

A deck $n \geq 5$ cards has as many 5-card hands as 2-card hands. What is n ?

✓ Answer: 7

Explanation

From the information given, we have $\binom{n}{5} = \binom{n}{2}$ which clearly holds for $n = 7$ since $\binom{n}{5} = \binom{n}{n-5}$.

You have used 1 of 4 attempts

❗ Answers are displayed within the problem

2 (Graded)

1/1 point (graded)

If $\binom{n+2}{5} = 12\binom{n}{3}$, find n .

✓ Answer: 14

Explanation

As $\binom{n+2}{5} = \frac{(n+2)(n+1)}{5 \cdot 4} \binom{n}{3}$, $\frac{(n+2)(n+1)}{5 \cdot 4} = 12$. Hence $n = 14$.

Submit

You have used 1 of 3 attempts

i Answers are displayed within the problem

3

0 points possible (ungraded)

Which of the following is the expansion of $(x + y)^3$?

☐ $x^3 + y^3$

☐ $x^3 + x^2y + xy^2 + y^3$

☐ $x^3 + 6xy + y^3$

☒ $x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3$



Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

i Answers are displayed within the problem

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