2019

Lab 1: Introduction to lab environment



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Lab Objectives:

The aim of this lab is to introduce you to the programing environment that we will be working on throughout the whole course and next Labs. At the end of this lab, the students will be able to:

- install *jupyter editor* and explore its possibilities in educational purpose.
- add *Markdown* notes, and how to mix your code with markdown.

Methodology

In class task:

Tasks you will complete in this lab exercise include:

- Install the *Jupyter* Editor on different OS including Windows 10, Unix and Macintosh.
- Explore the functionality of *Jupyter* Editor.
- Lunch *Jupyter* Editor in your web browser and link it with *Anaconda* environment.

home task:

References:

For more information, students are encouraged to visit the official Jupyter website on: https://jupyter.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

1 Environment Installation

1.1 Try in Your Browser. No Installation Needed.

- Go to https://jupyter.org/try No installation is needed.
- You can try it without installation. Click on *Jupter* icon in Try *JupterLab* block.



This will redirect you to a demo example which might take a time to open depend on speed of your computer. Your task is to explore the environment. Take your time!

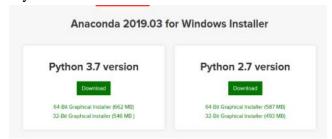
1.2 Install Jupyter in your PC

This lab is organized to run on jupyter version 4.1. To Install Jupyter, the Anaconda environment are highly recommended. The default Python version that we will used throughout the whole course is 3.7. So, choose the right version that is fit to your PC configuration.

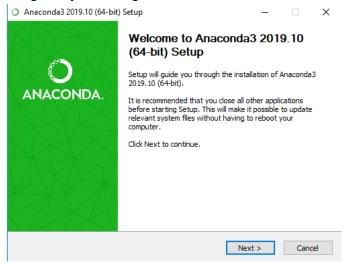
1.2.1 Jupyter Installation on Windows 10

Before starting download Anaconda environment, look to your PC settings to define which version is fit well to the OS. To do that:

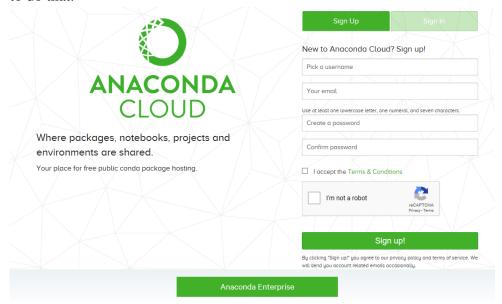
- Go to Control Panel and seek System Item, you will see basic information about your PC.
- Look at System type, noted that you are now ready to visit anaconda website at: https://www.anaconda.com/
- At the top right side of your screen, you will find download button. Click on it and choose the right version that fits your PC. Remember that we use Python 3.7 version. However, at this step it is not matter since we don't until now work on Python libraries.



— Wait until the download is finished, then go to the folder where you saved the application and click on *Anaconda3-2019.10-Windows-x86_64*. The setup will guide you through the installation.



- It is recommended to change the destination folder to C:\ Anaconda3, then click on Next.
- Check the box "Register Anaconda as my default Python 3.7", then click on Install.
- When the installation is successfully complete, your browser will redirect you to two websites: https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/user-guide/getting-started/ and https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/user-guide/getting-started/ and https://anaconda.org/. If you have not an account in anaconda, fill the required information to create an account either sign up using your existing information. This step is not necessary, but I recommend to do that.



Now, go to Anaconda application and choose Jupyter Notebook (Anaconda
 3).

- Copy the URL shown in the picture above on to your browser. This will open a webpage that we will use it in our later work. You can lunch Jupyter by opening the program and you lunching the Jupyter editor allocated on Anaconda navigator screen.
- Take your time to explore the webpage and all its controls.

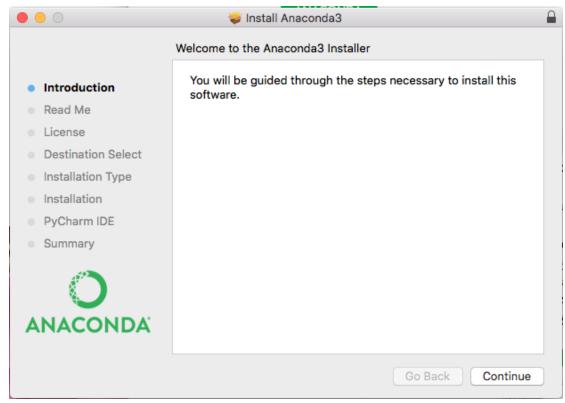
1.2.2 Jupyter Installation on Unix

1.2.3 Jupyter Installation on Macintosh

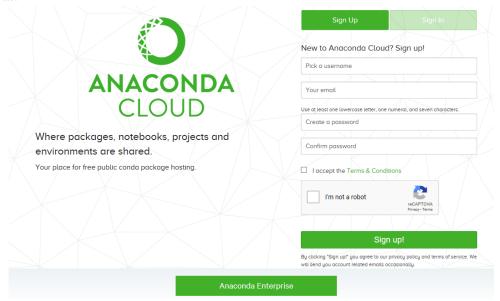
- 2. Visit anaconda website at: https://www.anaconda.com/
- 3. At the top right side of your screen, you will find download button. Click on it. Remember that we use Python 3.7 version. However, at this step it is not matter since we don't until now work on Python libraries.



4. Wait until the download is finished, then go to the folder where you saved the application and click on *Anaconda3-2019.10-MacOSX-x86_64.pkg*. The setup will guide you through the installation.



5. When the installation is successfully complete and before closing setup page, you will be asked whether you have an account in Anaconda. If you do not have an account, fill the required information to create an account either sign up using your existing information. This step is not necessary, but I recommend to do that.



6. Now, go to Anaconda application and launch Jupyter Notebook.

```
fnoon — jupyter_mac.command — python ◄ -bash — 80×24
[I 00:44:06.686 NotebookApp] JupyterLab extension loaded from /opt/anaconda3/lib
/python3.7/site-packages/jupyterlab
[I 00:44:06.687 NotebookApp] JupyterLab application directory is /opt/anaconda3/
share/jupyter/lab
[I 00:44:06.730 NotebookApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: /Users/fnoo
[I 00:44:06.730 NotebookApp] The Jupyter Notebook is running at:
[I 00:44:06.730 NotebookApp] http://localhost:8888/?token=7cc0574985f41b657486f8
580fccf132e4fdbe8a1ea42b75
[I 00:44:06.730 NotebookApp]
                             or http://127.0.0.1:8888/?token=7cc0574985f41b6574
86f8580fccf132e4fdbe8a1ea42b75
[I 00:44:06.730 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all
 kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
[C 00:44:07.043 NotebookApp]
    To access the notebook, open this file in a browser:
        file:///Users/fnoon/Library/Jupyter/runtime/nbserver-4543-open.html
    Or copy and paste one of these URLs:
        http://localhost:8888/?token=7cc0574985f41b657486f8580fccf132e4fdbe8a1ea
42b75
     or http://127.0.0.1:8888/?token=7cc0574985f41b657486f8580fccf132e4fdbe8a1ea
42b75
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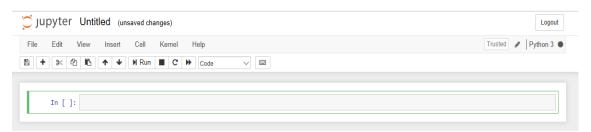
7. Your default browser will be launched and a new *Jupyter* session will be created.

Take your time to explore the webpage and all its controls.

2 Working with Markdown in Jupyter Notebook

In the previous section, we learnt how to install and open the Jupyter Notebook on your browser. In this part, we learn how to use the Jupyter as Python editor and how to present the results on the webpage.

— If you want to create a new file, click on New and choose Python 3 from the drop down menu. A new notebook should pop-up as a new tab and you should see something like this.



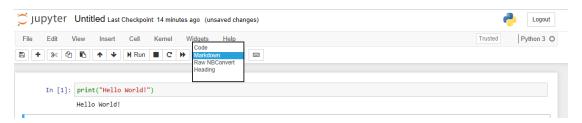
Congratulation! You lunch and open Jupyter editor successfully.

— Each cell is a code block. Once you write your code, press Shift+Enter and it will run. For example, Write print("Hello World!") into the first code cell.

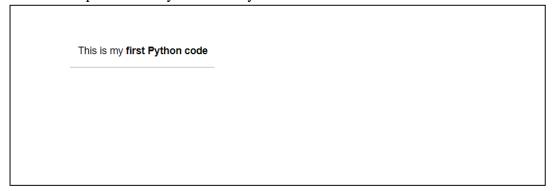
To write string like this, it is important to use quotation marks "", we will see more of that in detail later.



— If you want to prepare a document involving descriptions or ordinary text along with your code, you may want to change the cell type to Markdown from the drop-down menu shown below. That will change the code cell type to Markdown. After you write your text and press Shift+Enter, you will get an ordinary text instead of a code. If you know, HTML or Latex, they work well in the Markdown mode. If you want to modify a markdown block at a later time, double click on it and it will show the cell so that you can update your text.



Type the following HTML code in the cell and write down your note.This is my first Python code .



2.1 Embedding Raw Text

Raw Text is embedded by selecting "RawNBConvert" in the toolbar dropdown list, typing text into the cell, and hitting Shift + Enter. Demonstrate here, how did you do that!



2.2 Embedding Links

Links are created by selecting "Markdown" in the toolbar dropdown list., typing text into the cell as shown below and hitting Shift + Enter.

Text	Yields
https://www.taibahu.edu.sa	https://www.taibahu.edu.sa
[click this link](https://www.taibahu.edu.sa)	click this link
[click this link](https://www.taibahu.edu.sa "Taibah	click this link
University")	(shows Taibah University on
	mouseover)

2.3 Embedding Formulae & Equations as LaTEX

IPython notebook uses MathJax to render LaTeX inside html/markdown. To render equations as LaTEX:

- Refer to the Mathjax Tutorial for syntax help.
- Place cursor in the cell where you want to type the equation.
- Select "Markdown" in the toolbar dropdown list.
- Type out your formula. You should wrap your formula string in '\$\$'.
- Hit Shift + Enter

Formula	Yields
\$\$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}\$\$	$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$
\$\$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0\$\$	$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$
\$\$e^x=\sum_{i=0}^\infty \frac{1}{i!}x^i\$\$	$e^x = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{i!} x^i$
$\$ r'F(k) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{2\pi i k} dx'\$\$	$r'F(k) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)e^{2\pi ik}dx'$
<pre>\$\$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a_1 & a_1^2 & \cdots & a_1^n \\ 1 & a_2 & a_2^2 & \cdots & a_2^n \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & a_m & a_m^2 & \cdots & a_m^n \end{pmatrix}\$\$\$</pre>	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a_1 & a_1^2 & \cdots & a_1^n \\ 1 & a_2 & a_2^2 & \cdots & a_2^n \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & a_m & a_m^2 & \cdots & a_m^n \end{pmatrix}$

Show how to display the following Equations on your Jupyter editor:

n=1
$+b_n\sin\frac{n\pi x}{L}$
$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^k a^{n-k}$
 $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \langle R \rangle$

* Upload YOUR ANSWER using your account in turnitin/ by email due to the beginning of next meeting

All the Best!!!