

PAROL6 Team Workflow Guide

GitHub Projects & Git Branching Strategy

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For: PAROL6 Development Team

Table of Contents

1. [Introduction](#)
 2. [GitHub Projects Overview](#)
 3. [Initial Setup](#)
 4. [Git Branching Strategy](#)
 5. [Daily Workflow](#)
 6. [Working with Issues](#)
 7. [Creating Pull Requests](#)
 8. [Code Review Process](#)
 9. [Common Scenarios](#)
 10. [Troubleshooting](#)
 11. [Best Practices](#)
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1. Introduction

This guide explains how our team collaborates on the PAROL6 project using:

- **GitHub Projects** for task management
- **Git branching** for organized development
- **Issue templates** for consistent tracking
- **Pull Requests** for code review

Goal: Professional, organized, thesis-worthy development workflow.

2. GitHub Projects Overview

What is GitHub Projects?

GitHub Projects is a built-in project management tool that helps teams:

-  Track tasks visually (Kanban board)
-  Link work to code (issues → commits → PRs)
-  Automate workflows (auto-move cards)
-  Generate progress reports

Why we use it:

- **Free** and integrated with our repository
- **Visible progress** for thesis documentation
- **Team coordination** without extra tools
- **Automatic updates** from git activity

Our Project Board Structure

PAROL6 ros2_control Migration			
Backlog	In Prog	Done	Blocked
Future work	Active tasks	Complete	Issues
Planned	Assigned	Verified	Waiting

Column Meanings:

- **Backlog:** Tasks ready to be picked up
- **In Progress:** Currently being worked on
- **Done:** Completed and verified
- **Blocked:** Waiting on dependencies

3. Initial Setup

3. Initial Setup

3.1 Creating the Project Board

Step 1: Create the Project

1. Go to: https://github.com/Abdulkareem771/PAROL6_URDF
2. Click "**Projects**" tab
3. Click "**New project**"
4. Choose "**Board**" template
5. Name: "**PAROL6 ros2_control Migration**"
6. Click "**Create**"

Step 2: Customize Columns

1. Rename columns to:
 - Backlog
 - In Progress
 - Done
2. Add new column: Blocked

Step 3: Enable Automation

1. Click "..." (top right) → "**Workflows**"
2. Enable:
 - Auto-add new issues
 - Move to "In Progress" when assigned
 - Move to "Done" when closed

Step 4: Create Phase Issues

1. Go to "**Issues**" tab
 2. Create issues from templates (Day 1-5)
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4. Git Branching Strategy

4.1 Branch Structure

We follow **Git Flow** with simplified naming:

```
main (v2.0.0) ← Production-ready, tagged releases
|
└─ day2-serial-tx ← Feature branches for major work
└─ day3-feedback
└─ day4-first-motion
|
└─ bugfix/controller-crash ← Bug fixes
└─ docs/update-readme ← Documentation updates
└─ feature/velocity-control ← New features
```

4.2 Branch Naming Convention

Type	Format	Example
Day phases	day[N]-[description]	day2-serial-tx
Features	feature/[name]	feature/velocity-control
Bug fixes	bugfix/[issue]	bugfix/controller-crash
Documentation	docs/[topic]	docs/update-readme
Experiments	experiment/[idea]	experiment/new-protocol

4.3 Protected Branches

main branch rules:

- Only merge via Pull Request
- Require 1 approval (for team > 2 people)
- Must pass tests (if CI/CD setup)
- No direct commits

5. Daily Workflow

5.1 Starting Your Day

Morning Routine:

```
# 1. Update your local repository  
cd ~/Desktop/PAROL6_URDF  
git checkout main  
git pull origin main  
  
# 2. Check what you're working on  
git branch # See your branches  
  
# 3. View project board  
# Go to GitHub → Projects → Check your assignments
```

5.2 Starting a New Task

Step 1: Pick an Issue

1. Go to project board
2. Find unassigned issue in **Backlog**
3. Assign to yourself (right sidebar)
4. Move to **In Progress**

Step 2: Create a Branch

```
# From main (always start fresh from main!)  
git checkout main  
git pull origin main  
  
# Create your feature branch  
git checkout -b feature/your-feature-name  
  
# Example for Day 2:  
git checkout -b day2-serial-tx
```

Step 3: Start Coding

```
# Make changes  
# Test your changes  
# Commit frequently  
  
git add .  
git commit -m "feat: implement serial port opening  
- Add serial library include"
```

- Implement on_configure()
- Add error handling

Relates to #2" # Links to issue #2

5.3 During Development

Commit Message Format:

```
<type>: <short description>  
  
<detailed explanation>  
  
<issue reference>
```

Types:

- **feat**: New feature
- **fix**: Bug fix
- **docs**: Documentation
- **refactor**: Code restructuring
- **test**: Adding tests
- **chore**: Maintenance

Examples:

```
git commit -m "feat: add write() method for serial TX"  
git commit -m "fix: resolve controller crash on startup"  
git commit -m "docs: update Day 2 plan with timing data"  
git commit -m "test: add unit tests for serial communication"
```

5.4 Pushing Your Work

```
# Push to your branch  
git push origin feature/your-feature-name  
  
# First time pushing a new branch:  
git push -u origin feature/your-feature-name
```

5.5 End of Day

```
# Commit all work (even if incomplete)  
git add .  
git commit -m "wip: partial implementation of feature X"
```

```
git push

# Update issue with progress comment
# Go to GitHub → Your issue → Add comment about progress
```

6. Working with Issues

6.1 Creating an Issue

From Template:

1. Go to **Issues** → **New issue**
2. Choose template (Day 1-5, Bug Report)
3. Template auto-fills with checklist
4. Edit title if needed
5. Click "**Submit new issue**"

Custom Issue:

```
Title: [BUG] Controller fails to activate

Description:
**Problem:** Controller manager crashes when...
**Expected:** Should activate normally
**Environment:** Docker, ROS Humble
**Steps to reproduce:**
1. ...
2. ...
```

6.2 Linking Issues to Code

In Commit Messages:

```
git commit -m "fix: resolve crash - fixes #5"
git commit -m "feat: add feature - relates to #3"
git commit -m "docs: update guide - closes #7"
```

Keywords that auto-close issues:

- **fixes #N**
- **closes #N**
- **resolves #N**

6.3 Updating Issues

Add Progress Updates:

Progress Update - 2026-01-14

- Completed serial port opening
- Tested with ESP32
- Working on write() method
- Question: Should we use CRC16?

Mark Tasks Complete: Edit the issue description to check boxes:

- [x] Completed task
- [] Incomplete task

7. Creating Pull Requests

7.1 When to Create a PR

Create PR when:

- Feature is complete and tested
- Code follows style guidelines
- Documentation is updated
- Ready for team review

Don't wait too long! Small, frequent PRs are better than huge ones.

7.2 Creating the PR

Step 1: Push Your Branch

```
git push origin your-branch-name
```

Step 2: On GitHub

1. Go to repository
2. Click "**Pull requests**" tab
3. Click "**New pull request**"
4. **Base:** main ← **Compare:** your-branch
5. Click "**Create pull request**"

Step 3: Fill PR Template

```
Title: Add serial TX implementation (Day 2)
```

```
## Description
```

Implements serial transmission to ESP32 at 25Hz.

Changes

- Implemented `on_configure()` with serial port opening
- Added `write()` method with command formatting
- Included timing guards (< 5ms)

Testing

- Tested with ESP32 echo firmware
- Validated 25Hz rate, jitter < 1ms
- 15-minute stability test passed

Closes

Closes #2

Screenshots

(Optional - add terminal output or plots)

Step 4: Request Review

- On right sidebar, click "**Reviewers**"
- Select teammate
- They'll get notified

7.3 After Creating PR

PR checks:

1. **GitHub Actions** may run (if configured)
2. **Reviewer** will comment and approve
3. **Conflicts?** Resolve them (see section 9.3)

8. Code Review Process

8.1 As a Reviewer

Your Responsibilities:

1. Check code quality
2. Test the changes locally
3. Provide constructive feedback
4. Approve or request changes

How to Review:

1. Go to **Pull requests** tab
2. Click on PR to review
3. Click "**Files changed**" tab
4. Add comments:
 - **Line comment:** Click "+" next to line

- **General comment:** Use "Review changes"

Review Checklist:

- [] Code compiles without errors
- [] Tests pass
- [] Documentation updated
- [] No merge conflicts
- [] Follows coding standards
- [] Issue is actually resolved

Feedback Examples:

- ✓ Good: "Consider adding error handling here for robustness"
- ✓ Good: "Nice implementation! Small typo on line 45"
- ✗ Bad: "This is wrong"
- ✗ Bad: "I don't like this"

8.2 As the PR Author

Responding to Feedback:

1. Read all comments carefully
2. Make requested changes:

```
# Make changes
git add .
git commit -m "refactor: address review feedback"
git push
```

3. Reply to comments:

- "✓ Fixed in commit abc123"
- "? Can you clarify what you mean?"
- "💡 Good idea, implemented!"

When Approved:

1. Reviewer clicks "**Approve**"
2. You click "**Merge pull request**"
3. Choose: "**Squash and merge**" or "**Merge commit**"
4. Delete branch after merge

9. Common Scenarios

9.1 Updating Your Branch with Latest Main

Scenario: Someone merged to `main`, you need those changes.

```
# Save your work first
git add .
git commit -m "wip: save current work"

# Update main
git checkout main
git pull origin main

# Go back to your branch
git checkout your-branch-name

# Merge main into your branch
git merge main

# If conflicts, resolve them (see 9.3)
# Then push
git push origin your-branch-name
```

9.2 Switching Between Tasks

```
# You're on feature-A, need to quickly fix bug

# Save current work
git add .
git commit -m "wip: partial feature A"
git push

# Switch to main and create bug fix branch
git checkout main
git checkout -b bugfix/critical-issue

# Fix bug
# ...
git commit -m "fix: critical bug"
git push

# Create PR and merge

# Go back to feature-A
git checkout feature-A
git merge main # Get the bug fix
```

9.3 Resolving Merge Conflicts

When you see:

```
CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in file.txt
```

Steps:**1. Open conflicted file:**

```
<<<<< HEAD
Your changes
=====
Their changes
>>>>> main
```

2. Decide what to keep:

- Keep yours: Delete <<<, ===, >>> and their version
- Keep theirs: Delete yours
- Keep both: Merge manually

3. Mark as resolved:

```
git add file.txt
git commit -m "merge: resolve conflicts with main"
git push
```

9.4 Undoing a Commit

Before pushing:

```
# Undo last commit, keep changes
git reset --soft HEAD~1

# Undo last commit, discard changes (⚠ DANGEROUS)
git reset --hard HEAD~1
```

After pushing:

```
# Create a reverse commit
git revert HEAD
git push
```

10. Troubleshooting

Issue: "Branch is behind main"

```
git checkout your-branch  
git merge main  
git push
```

Issue: "Permission denied"

```
# Check your git credentials  
git config user.name  
git config user.email  
  
# Re-authenticate  
git credential-osxkeychain erase # Mac  
git credential-cache exit # Linux
```

Issue: "Cannot push to main"

Good! `main` is protected. Create a PR instead.

Issue: "Lost my changes"

```
# Check reflog (git history of everything)  
git reflog  
  
# Find your commit  
git checkout <commit-hash>  
  
# Create branch from it  
git checkout -b recovery-branch
```

11. Best Practices

11.1 Commit Hygiene

✓ DO:

- Commit frequently (every few hours)
- Write clear commit messages
- Test before committing
- Keep commits focused on one change

✗ DON'T:

- Commit broken code to `main`

- Write vague messages like "fix stuff"
- Commit large binary files
- Mix unrelated changes in one commit

11.2 Branch Hygiene

DO:

- Create branches from updated `main`
- Delete branches after merge
- Keep branches short-lived (< 1 week)
- Use descriptive branch names

DON'T:

- Work directly on `main`
- Leave stale branches
- Create nested feature branches
- Reuse branch names

11.3 Communication

DO:

- Comment on issues with progress
- Request help when blocked
- Tag teammates in discussions (@username)
- Update PR with changes

DON'T:

- Ghost the team (push without updates)
- Ignore review feedback
- Leave issues unassigned
- Merge without approval

11.4 Code Quality

DO:

- Follow project coding standards
- Add comments for complex logic
- Update documentation
- Write meaningful variable names

DON'T:

- Rush to merge
- Skip testing
- Leave TODOs in production code
- Ignore compiler warnings

12. Quick Reference

Essential Git Commands

```

# Setup
git clone <url>                      # Clone repository
git config user.name "Your Name"        # Set your name

# Daily workflow
git checkout main                        # Go to main
git pull origin main                     # Update main
git checkout -b feature/name            # Create branch
git add .                                # Stage changes
git commit -m "message"                  # Commit
git push origin branch-name              # Push

# Syncing
git fetch origin                         # Check for updates
git merge main                           # Merge main into your branch
git status                               # Check status
git log --oneline                         # View history

# Cleanup
git branch -d branch-name               # Delete local branch
git push origin --delete branch         # Delete remote branch

```

Issue Keywords

Keyword	Effect
fixes #N	Closes issue #N when PR merges
closes #N	Closes issue #N when PR merges
resolves #N	Closes issue #N when PR merges
relates to #N	Links to issue #N (doesn't close)
refs #N	Links to issue #N (doesn't close)

GitHub Shortcuts

Key	Action
g i	Go to Issues
g p	Go to Pull Requests
g b	Go to Projects
t	Search files

Key	Action
?	Show keyboard shortcuts

13. Getting Help

Team Communication

- **Slack/Discord:** Daily questions
- **GitHub Issues:** Feature requests, bugs
- **PR Comments:** Code-specific questions
- **Email:** Urgent matters

Resources

- **Repository:** https://github.com/Abdulkareem771/PAROL6_URDF
- **GitHub Docs:** <https://docs.github.com>
- **Git Tutorial:** <https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2>

Escalation

1. **Try to solve yourself** (15 min)
 2. **Ask teammate** (GitHub comment)
 3. **Create issue** (if it's a blocker)
 4. **Team meeting** (if design decision needed)
-

14. Appendix: Project Milestones

Current Status: v2.0.0

Phase	Status	Target Date
Day 1: SIL	Complete	2026-01-14
Day 2: Serial TX	In Progress	2026-01-17
Day 3: Feedback	Planned	2026-01-20
Day 4: First Motion	Planned	2026-01-22
Day 5: Validation	Planned	2026-01-24

Release History

- **v2.0.0** (2026-01-14) - Day 1 SIL validation complete
 - **v1.1.0** (Planned) - Serial TX
 - **v1.2.0** (Planned) - Feedback loop
 - **v2.0.0** (Planned) - Hardware deployment
-

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Maintained by: PAROL6 Team Lead

Converting to PDF

Using Pandoc (Recommended):

```
pandoc TEAM_WORKFLOW_GUIDE.md -o TEAM_WORKFLOW_GUIDE.pdf \
--pdf-engine=xelatex \
-V geometry:margin=1in \
-V colorlinks=true \
--toc
```

Using VS Code:

1. Install "Markdown PDF" extension
2. Right-click file → "Markdown PDF: Export (pdf)"

Using Online Tools:

- <https://www.markdowntopdf.com/>
- <https://md2pdf.netlify.app/>