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from pickle import FALSE, TRUE
import random

#####
# taking input
#####

# taking number of transections

transaction_amount_input = -1
transaction_amount_input_accepted = FALSE

while (transaction_amount_input < 1 or transaction_amount_input > 10**2) and
transaction_amount_input_accepted == FALSE:

    transaction_amount_input = int(input())

    if transaction_amount_input >= 1 and transaction_amount_input <= 10**2:
        transaction_amount_input_accepted = TRUE

    else:
        print('invalid number. N( 1 ≤ N ≤ 10^2 )')

value_accepted = FALSE

# taking transection values

transections_input = []

for i in range(transaction_amount_input):

    value_accepted = FALSE

    while value_accepted == FALSE:

        transection = input().replace(' ', '')

        if transection[0] == 'l':

            value = 0-int(transection[1:])
            transections_input.append(value)
            value_accepted = TRUE

        elif transection[0] == 'd':

            value = 0+int(transection[1:])

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        transections_input.append(value)
        value_accepted = True

    else:
        print('wrong input, give again')
        value_accepted = False

#####
# if all inputs are fine then start Genetic Algorithm
#####

if(value_accepted == True):

    transaction_amount = transaction_amount_input
    transections = transections_input

    # fitness_function
    def fitness_function(transections, total_genome, genome_length,
population):

        # counting sum for each genome

        for i in range(total_genome):

            fitness = 0

            for j in range(genome_length):

                if population[i][0][j] == '1':

                    #print(count, '+', transections[j], '= ')
                    fitness = fitness+int(transections[j])

            # store the sum of that genome as fitness

            population[i][1] = fitness

ans_found = FALSE
run_time = 0

while ans_found == FALSE and run_time < 10000:

    #####
    # generate initial population
    #####

    # will create 'total_genome' number of genomes

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total_genome = 60
population = [[]]

for i in range(total_genome):

    genome = ''
    genome_checker = False

    # if genome isn't appropriate then make again

    while(genome_checker == False):

        # create genome where length = transection_amount

        for j in range(transection_amount):

            genome = genome+(str(random.randint(0, 1)))

        # check if it's acceptable add in population
        # at least two 1 is mandatory

        if(genome.count('1') < 2):

            genome = ''
            genome_checker = False

        else:

            population[i].append(genome)
            genome_checker = True

            if (i < total_genome-1):
                population.append([])

#####
# Fitness calculation
#####

for i in range(total_genome):

    population[i].append(int(0))

fitness_function(transections, total_genome,
                 transection_amount, population)

#####
# Parent selection
#####

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# sort population by fitness

population.sort(key=lambda s: s[1])

# collecting 1/2 genomes as parent from sorted population

parents = [[]]

end_collection = int(total_genome/2)

parents = population[0:end_collection]

#####
# Crossover
#####

child_population = [[]]

# swap two random positions

row_index = 0

for i in range(int(len(parents)/2)):

    for j in range(2):

        # select a random position
        swaping_index = random.randint(0, transection_amount-1)

        # store the character of that position
        temp = str(parents[row_index][0][swaping_index])

        # swaping the character with it's next row
        parents[row_index][0] = parents[row_index][0][:swaping_index] + \

            str(parents[row_index+1][0][swaping_index]) + \
            parents[row_index][0][swaping_index+1:]

        # swaping the next parent's position which belongs to the next
row
        parents[row_index+1][0] =
parents[row_index+1][0][:swaping_index] + \
            str(temp)+parents[row_index+1][0][swaping_index+1:]

        row_index = row_index+2

child_population = parents

#####

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# Mutation
#####

for i in range(len(child_population)):

    # select a random position
    muted_index = random.randint(0, transection_amount-1)

    child_population[i][0] = child_population[i][0][:muted_index] + \
        str(random.randint(0, 1)) + \
        child_population[i][0][muted_index+1:]

#####
# Fitness calculation of new population
#####

fitness_function(transections, len(child_population),
                 transection_amount, child_population)

#####
# Check if ans exist in new population
#####

iterator = 0

while ans_found == FALSE and iterator < int(len(child_population)):

    if child_population[iterator][1] == 0:

        if(child_population[iterator][0].count('1') >= 2):

            #print('ANS: ', child_population[iterator])
            print(child_population[iterator][0])

            ans_found = TRUE

        iterator = iterator+1

    run_time = run_time+1

if ans_found == FALSE:

    #print('Total run time = ',run_time)
    #print('ANS NOT FOUND: -1')
    print('-1')

else:

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```
print('wrong input given')
```