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NumPy Array Slicing

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Silicing arrays

Slicing in python means taking elements from one given index to another given index.

We pass slice instead of index like this: [start:end].

We can also define the step, like this: [start:end:step].

If we dont pass start its considered 0

If we dont pass end its considered length of array in that dimension

If we dont pass step its considered 1

Example

Slice elements from index 1 to index 5 from the following array:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
print(arr[1:5])
```

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Note: The result *includes* the start index, but *excludes* the end index.

Example

Slice elements from index 4 to the end of the array:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
print(arr[4:])

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```

Example

Slice elements from the beginning to index 4 (not included):

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
print(arr[:4])

Try it Yourself »
```

Negative Slicing

Use the minus operator to refer to an index from the end:

Example

Slice from the index 3 from the end to index 1 from the end:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
print(arr[-3:-1])
Try it Yourself »
```

STEP

Use the step value to determine the step of the slicing:

Example

Return every other element from index 1 to index 5:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
print(arr[1:5:2])
Try it Yourself »
```

Example

Return every other element from the entire array:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
print(arr[::2])
```

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Slicing 2-D Arrays

Example

From the second element, slice elements from index 1 to index 4 (not included):

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]])
print(arr[1, 1:4])
Try it Yourself »
```

Note: Remember that second element has index 1.

Example

From both elements, return index 2:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]])
print(arr[0:2, 2])
Try it Yourself »
```

Example

From both elements, slice index 1 to index 4 (not included), this will return a 2-D array:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]])

print(arr[0:2, 1:4])
```

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