

2nd order partial derivative

$$z = x^3 + 2xy$$

first order partial derivative

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = 3x^2 + 2(1)y$$
$$= 3x^2 + 2y$$

2nd order p.d:

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = 3 \cdot 2x + 0$$
$$= 6x$$

Mixed/cross p.d.

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y \partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right)$$
$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (3x^2 + 2y)$$

$x \text{ const}$

$$= 0 + 2 \cdot 1$$
$$= 2$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = 0 + 2x(1)$$
$$= 2x$$

2nd order:

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

mixed:

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right)$$
$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (2x)$$

$x \text{ const}$

$$= 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right)$$

$$f(x, y) = x + y + xy$$

$$1. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}$$

$f_{xx}$

$$2. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}$$

$f_{yy}$

$$3. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}$$

$f_{xy}$

$$4. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}$$

$f_{yx}$

1.  $y$  constant ( $x$  varies,  $x$  constant)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x + y + xy) \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (1 + 0 + y) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (1 + y) \\ &= 0 + 0 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

2.  $x$  constant ( $y$  varies,  $y$  constant)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x + y + xy) \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (0 + 1 + x \cdot 1) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (1 + x) \\ &= 0 + 0 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x + y + xy) \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (1 + 0 + 1 \cdot y) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (1 + y) \\ &= 0 + 1 \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$x$  varies,  $y$  constant,  $x$  const.

$$\begin{aligned} 4. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x + y + xy) \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (0 + 1 + x \cdot 1) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (1 + x) \\ &= 0 + 1 \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$y$  varies,  $x$  const.