

UBUNTU COMMANDS

OPERATING SYSTEMS LABS



ASSIGNMENT # 01

Submitted By

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Submitted to

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QUESTION NO 1

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
#include<string.h>
```

```
int main( int argc,char*argv[])
```

```
{
```

```
char x[100];
```

```
printf("enter your name");
```

```
scanf("%s",x);
```

```
int size=strlen(x);
```

```
printf("your name:");
```

```
for(int j=0; j<size;j++)
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("%c",x[j]);
```

```
}
```

```
system("ls");
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

RESULT:

so I executed the myfirst.c file and it asked me for the name and I entered the name and then it showed/displayed my name, and after that I sent a system call for "ls" which displayed the contents of the folder in that case we only had one file named myfirst.c and it showed it as you can see below.

```
(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ cd ..
(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~$ cd assignemnt
(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ ls
a.out  myfirst.c
(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ gcc myfirst.c
(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ ./a.out
enter your name Abdullah_Tahir_khurshid
a.out  myfirst.c
your name:Abdullah_Tahir_khurshid(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/as
signemnt$ █
```

QUESTION NO 2

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
#include<string.h>
```

```
int main( int argc,char*argv[])
{
char x[100];
printf("enter your name");
scanf("%s",x);
int size=strlen(x);

printf("your name:");

for(int j=0; j<size;j++)
{

printf("%c",x[j]);
}

system("mkdir Test && cd Test && nano test1.txt && nano test2.txt
&& ls && cat <test1.txt && cat <test2.txt && cd .. && rm -r Test &&
ls");

return 0;
}
```

I executed the myfirst.c file and it asked me for the name, I entered the name.

```
(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ gcc myfirst.c
(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ ./a.out
enter your nameAbdullah
```

After the it asked for the name ,I sent a system call for mkdir and to make a directory called Test and make two files in it named test1.txt and text2.txt and then I also allowed the nano editor to write in it using the cat commad as shown below.



```
GNU nano 4.8 test1.txt Modified
Entering data in Test_1

^G Get Help  ^O Write Out ^W Where Is  ^K Cut Text  ^J Justify   ^C Cur Pos
^X Exit      ^R Read File ^\ Replace  ^U Paste Text ^T To Spell  ^_ Go To Line
```

```
GNU nano 4.8                                test2.txt                                Modified
entering Data in Test_2
█

^G Get Help  ^O Write Out ^W Where Is  ^K Cut Text  ^J Justify   ^C Cur Pos
^X Exit      ^R Read File ^\ Replace  ^U Paste Text ^T To Spell  ^  Go To Line

(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ gcc myfirst.c
(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ ./a.out
enter your nameAbdullah
test1.txt  test2.txt
Entering data in Test_1

Entering data in Test_2

a.out  myfirst.c
your name:Abdullah(base) abdullah@abdullah-HP-ProBook-440-G1:~/assignemnt$ █
```

RESULT:

Now to explain what happened, it first asked for the name, I entered the name, then I sent a systemcall for creating a directory and make two files in it test1 and test, it did that. After that I also used cat command to insert text into it. And it did that, Lastly after all that I used rm -r Test to go back and delete the directory and the with ls it listed the contents of the folder which you can see above.