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CSEN1002 Compilers Lab, Spring Term 2024 Task 1: Regular Expressions to Non-Deterministic Finite Automata

Due: Week starting 17.02.2024

1 Objective

For this task you need to implement Thompson's construction for converting a regular expression to an equivalent NFA. Description of Thompson's construction can be found in Chapter 3 of the textbook and at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thompson's construction.

2 Requirements

- We make the following assumptions for simplicity.
 - a) The alphabet Σ of the regular expression is always a subset of the Latin alphabet, not including e.
 - b) Regular expressions do not include \varnothing .
 - c) The empty string ε is represented by **e**.
 - d) \circ is represented by . and \cup by |.
 - e) Regular expressions are represented in *postfix* notation.
 - f) States of the resulting NFA are numbers.
 - g) For a postfix regular expression R, states introduced by NFA equivalent to a prefix of R are smaller (as numbers) than states introduced by NFA equivalent to longer prefixes of R. For operators (such as union and *) which introduce a start and an accept state, the start state is smaller (as a number) than the accept state.
 - h) Following Thompson's construction, concatenation involves merging the accept state of the first (left) NFA and the start state of the second (right) NFA; the resulting merged state is the accept state of the first NFA.
- You should implement a class constructor RegExToNfa and a method toString.
- RegExToNfa takes one parameter which is a string of the form A#R. A is a string representation of an alphabet Σ , a semicolon-separated sequence of alphabetically sorted symbols, and R is a postfix regular expression over Σ . RegExToNfa constructs the NFA to R as per Thompson's construction.
- toString returns a string describing the NFA resulting from Thompson's construction.
 A string describing the NFA resulting from Thompson's construction is of the form Q#A#T#I#F.
 - Q is a string representation of the set of states; a semicolon-separated sequence of sorted integer literals.

- A is a string representation of the input alphabet; a semicolon-separated sequence of alphabetically sorted symbols
- -T is a string representation of the transition function. T is a semicolon-separated sequence of triples. Each triple is a string representing a single transition; a commasseparated sequence i, a, j where i is a state of Q, a a symbol of A or e, and j a state of Q representing a transition from i to j on input a. These triples are sorted by the source state i, then (if the same state has more than one outgoing transition) by the input a, and then (if multiple triples share the same source state and input, due to non-determinism) by the destination state j.
- I is an integer literal representing the initial state.
- F is a string representation of the set of accept states; a semicolon-separated sequence of sorted integer literals.
- For example, toString, being invoked on a RegExToNfa object representing the regular expression a;b#ab|, should return the string

• Important Details:

- Your implementation should be done within the template file "RegExToNfa.java" (uploaded to the CMS).
- You are not allowed to change package, file, constructor, or method names/signatures.
- You are allowed to implement as many helper classes/methods within the same file (if needed).
- Public test cases have been provided on the CMS for you to test your implementation.
- Please ensure that the public test cases run correctly without modification before coming to the lab to maintain a smooth evaluation process.
- Private test cases will be uploaded before your session and will have the same structure as the public test cases.

3 Evaluation

- Your implementation will be tested by ten input regular expressions.
- You get one point for each correct output of toString; hence, a maximum of ten points.
- The evaluation will take place during your lab sessions of the week starting Saturday, February 17.

4 Online Submission

• You should submit your code at the following link.

- Submit one Java file (RegExToNfa.java) containing executable code.
- Online submission is due by the end of your lab session.