



**PROJECT PHASE 1** 



SUBJECT: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SUBMITTED TO: SIR EHSAAN ALI PREPARED BY: AIZA ALI (22I-0612) MUHAMMAD ABDULLAH BUTT (22I-0591) AI-C

# GENETIC ALGORITHM FOR UNIVERSITY EXAM SCHEDULE GENERATION

## **Problem Statement Overview**

The task is to develop a generic solution using a Genetic Algorithm (GA) to generate a university schedule. The algorithm must read data from CSV files containing information about courses, student-course mappings, student names, and teacher names. Key constraints include scheduling exams for each course, ensuring students are enrolled in at least 3 courses without giving more than 1 exam at a time, avoiding exams on weekends, scheduling exams between 9 am and 5 pm, invigilating each exam, and managing teacher invigilation constraints. Soft constraints like breaks, consecutive exams, and preferred exam sequences are also considered.

# Implementation Approach

## Data Loading and Processing

- Loaded data from CSV files for courses, student-course mappings, student names, and teacher names using Pandas.
- Processed the data to create appropriate data structures for course information, student-course mappings, student details, and teacher details.

## Genetic Algorithm Components

## **Chromosome Representation**

 Designed a chromosome representation to represent a schedule, including information about exams, students, teachers, classrooms, and time slots.

#### Fitness Function

 Implemented a fitness function that evaluates the schedule based on hard constraints (exam scheduling, student enrolment, exam time constraints, and teacher invigilation) and soft constraints (breaks, consecutive exams, preferred sequences, and faculty availability).

## Selection, Crossover, and Mutation

 Used roulette wheel selection for selecting potentially useful solutions (chromosomes) for recombination.

- Employed a single point crossover mechanism to combine genetic material from parent chromosomes, ensuring diversity and convergence towards optimal solutions.
- Applied a mutation operator to introduce small changes in the genetic material, maintaining genetic diversity.

#### Constraints

#### **Hard Constraints**

#### 1. Exam Scheduling for Each Course

- Ensure that an exam is scheduled for each course in the university.

#### 2. Student Enrolment Requirement

- Each student must be enrolled in at least 3 courses.
- A student cannot give more than 1 exam at a time.

#### 3. Avoidance of Weekend Exams

- Exams should not be scheduled on weekends.

#### 4. Exam Time Constraints

- Each exam must be held between 9 am and 5 pm.

#### 5. Teacher Invigilation

- Each exam must be invigilated by a teacher.
- A teacher cannot invigilate two exams at the same time.
- A teacher cannot invigilate two exams in a row.

#### 6. No Duplicate Exams

- Ensure that no two exams are scheduled in the same time slot.

#### **Soft Constraints**

#### 1. Friday Break

- All students and teachers shall be given a break on Friday from 1-2.

#### 2. No Consecutive Exams for Students

- A student shall not give more than 1 exam consecutively.

#### 3. Preferred Exam Sequence

- If a student is enrolled in both Management (MG) and Computer Science (CS) courses, it is preferred that their MG course exam be held before their CS course exam.

#### 4. Faculty Meeting Availability

- Ensure that there are two hours of break in the week such that at least half the faculty is free in one slot, allowing for faculty meetings to be held in parts.

#### Results and Evaluation

- Tested the algorithm and evaluated its success based on the fulfillment of hard and soft constraints.
- Displayed fitness values at each iteration to track the optimization progress.
- Generated output schedules in a proper format table showing exam details, classroom assignments, times, days, and invigilating teachers.
- Listed all fulfilled hard and soft constraints in the output, demonstrating the effectiveness of the algorithm in meeting the scheduling requirements.

## **Outputs**

## Fitness After Every Iteration

```
In [20]: #fitness values at each iteration.
            for i in range(0, population_count-1):
    print(new_population[i].fitness)
            16
            14
            16
            16
            16
            16
            16
            16
             16
            16
            16
            16
             16
             16
            12
            18
             16
             16
```

In [21]: from prettytable import PrettyTable

## **Complete Formatted Output**

```
[170]: # Display the best schedule
              max_fitness = max(range(len(new_population)), key=lambda i: new_population[i].fitness)
              {\tt display\_time\_table(new\_population[max\_fitness])}
               | Course Code | Course Name
                                                                                                                                | Room | Invigilator
                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Time
                                        Digital Logic Design
Digital Logic Design
Intro to Software Engineering
Programming Fundamentals
Database Systems
Operating Systems
Design & Analysis of Algorithms
Digital Forensics
                                                                                                                                                                                                         | AM-9:12
| PM-2:5
| AM-9:12
                                                                                                                                  C308 | Maimoona Rassol
                                                                                                                                                                                     Thursday
Monday
                 SE110
                                                                                                                               C302 | Tayyab Nadeem
| C303 | Waqas Munir
| C302 | Shams Farooq
| C301 | Sara Aziz
                                                                                                                                                                                                          PM-2:5
                 C5118
                                                                                                                                                                                     Monday
Wednesday
Friday
                                                                                                                                C308 | Noreen Jamil
                 CY2012
                                          Computer Networks | C307 | Javaria Intiaz |
Software Engineering | C309 | Sadia Nauman |
Computer Organization and Assembly Language | C308 | Arshad Islam |
Programming for AI | C302 | Aqeel Shahzad
                                                                                                                                                                                                          | AM-9:12
| AM-9:12
| PM-2:5
| AM-9:12
| AM-9:12
                                                                                                                                                                                      Monday
Monday
Friday
                  AI2011
                                         | Big Data Analytics
| Data Structures
| Differential Equations
| Pakistan Studies
                                                                                                                                                                                                          | AM-9:12
| AM-9:12
| AM-9:12
| AM-9:12
                  DS3011
                                                                                                                                | C310 | Farah Jabeen Awan
                 CS218
MT224
SS113
                                                                                                                                  C303 | Nagina Safdar
C309 | Kashif Munir
C308 | Kifayat Ullah
                  MG220
                                          Marketing Management
                                                                                                                                  C304 | Mehwish Hassan
                                                                                                                                                                                                          I PM-2:5
                                           Fundamentals of Management
Islamic and Religious Studies
Communication & Presentation Skills
                                                                                                                                  C308 | Nagina Safdar
C304 | Waseem Shahzad
C303 | Farah Naz
                  MG223
                 SS111
SS152
                                                                                                                                                                                      Friday | AM-9:12
Wednesday | AM-9:12
                                                                                                                                | C302 | Shafaq Riaz
| C305 | Behjat Zuhaira
| C302 | Amna Irum
                                         | Psychology
| Probability and Statistics
| Object Oriented Programming
                 SS118
                                                                                                                                                                                     Monday
                                                                                                                                                                                     Wednesday | AM-9:12
```

# Conclusion

The developed Genetic Algorithm provides a robust and efficient solution for university schedule generation, meeting the specified constraints and optimizing additional criteria. The algorithm's success lies in its ability to evolve schedules that satisfy both hard and soft constraints, ensuring a balanced and effective university scheduling system.