#### **EXPERIMENT 4**

Aim-To observe the effect of different propagation models on coverage distance

# Software-Octave

# Theory-

2-models are considered in this experiment

# 1. Free Space Path Loss (FSPL):

The free space path loss is a simple model that describes the loss of signal power in free space, assuming no obstacles or reflections. It is given by:

$$FSPL(dB) = 20 \log_{10}(d) + 20 \log_{10}(f) - 147.55$$

Where:

- ullet d is the distance between the transmitter and receiver in meters.
- ${f \cdot}$  f is the frequency of the signal in Hertz.

# 1. Two-Ray Ground Path Loss:

The two-ray ground path loss model takes into account the direct path from the transmitter to the receiver and a reflected path from the ground. It is particularly relevant for scenarios where the antenna heights are low and signals can be reflected from the ground. The formula is:

Two-Ray Loss(dB) = 
$$40 \log_{10}(d) + 20 \log_{10}(h_t) + 20 \log_{10}(h_r) + 20 \log_{10}(f) - 147.55$$

Where:

- ${}^{ullet}$  d is the distance between the transmitter and receiver in meters.
- $h_t$  is the height of the transmitter antenna in meters.
- h<sub>r</sub> is the height of the receiver antenna in meters.
- ${f \cdot}$  f is the frequency of the signal in Hertz.

# Conclusion-

```
Code for Performance(Dnt write code in writeup)
transmit_power = 30; % Transmit power in dBm
frequency = 900e6; % Frequency in Hz
antenna_height_t = 40; % Antenna height in meters
antenna_height_r = 10;
% Distance range
d = 1:1:1000; % Distance in meters
% Path loss models
free_space_path_loss = (20 * log10(d)) + 20 * log10(frequency) - 147.55;
two_ray_ground_path_loss = (40 * log10(d)) + 20 * log10(antenna_height_r) + 20 *
log10(antenna_height_t)+ 20 * log10(frequency) - 147.55;
% Calculate path loss for each model and distance
%free_space_losses = free_space_path_loss(distances);
%two_ray_losses = two_ray_ground_path_loss(distances);
% Plot results
figure;
plot(d, free_space_path_loss, 'b', 'DisplayName', 'Free Space Path Loss');
hold on;
plot(d, two_ray_ground_path_loss, 'r', 'DisplayName', 'Two-Ray Ground Path Loss');
xlabel('Distance (m)');
ylabel('Path Loss (dB)');
title('Effect of Propagation Models on Coverage Distance');
legend;
grid on;
hold off;
```