

Lab Report. 02

Title: Lab Report

Course title: Computer Graphics Lab

Course code: CSE-304

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Submitted to-

Dr. Mohammad Shorif Uddin

Professor

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Jahangirnagar University

Savar, Dhaka-1342

And

Dr. Morium Akter

Associate Professor

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Jahangirnagar University

Savar, Dhaka-1342

Sl	Class Roll	Exam Roll	Name
01	407	202219	Kamrul Hasan Nahid

Experiment no. 05:

Name of the Experiment: Scan Conversion of a Circle using MidPoint Algorithm:

Source Code:

```
#include<conio.h>

#include<graphics.h>

#include<bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

int main()

{

    int x,y,x_mid,y_mid,r,d;

    int g_mode,g_driver=DETECT;

    initgraph(&g_driver,&g_mode,"C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");

    printf("***** MID POINT Circle drawing algorithm *****\n\n");

    printf("\nEnter the coordinates= ");

    scanf("%d %d",&x_mid,&y_mid);

    printf("\n now enter the radius =");

    scanf("%d",&r);

    x=0;

    y=r;

    d=1-r;

    do

    {

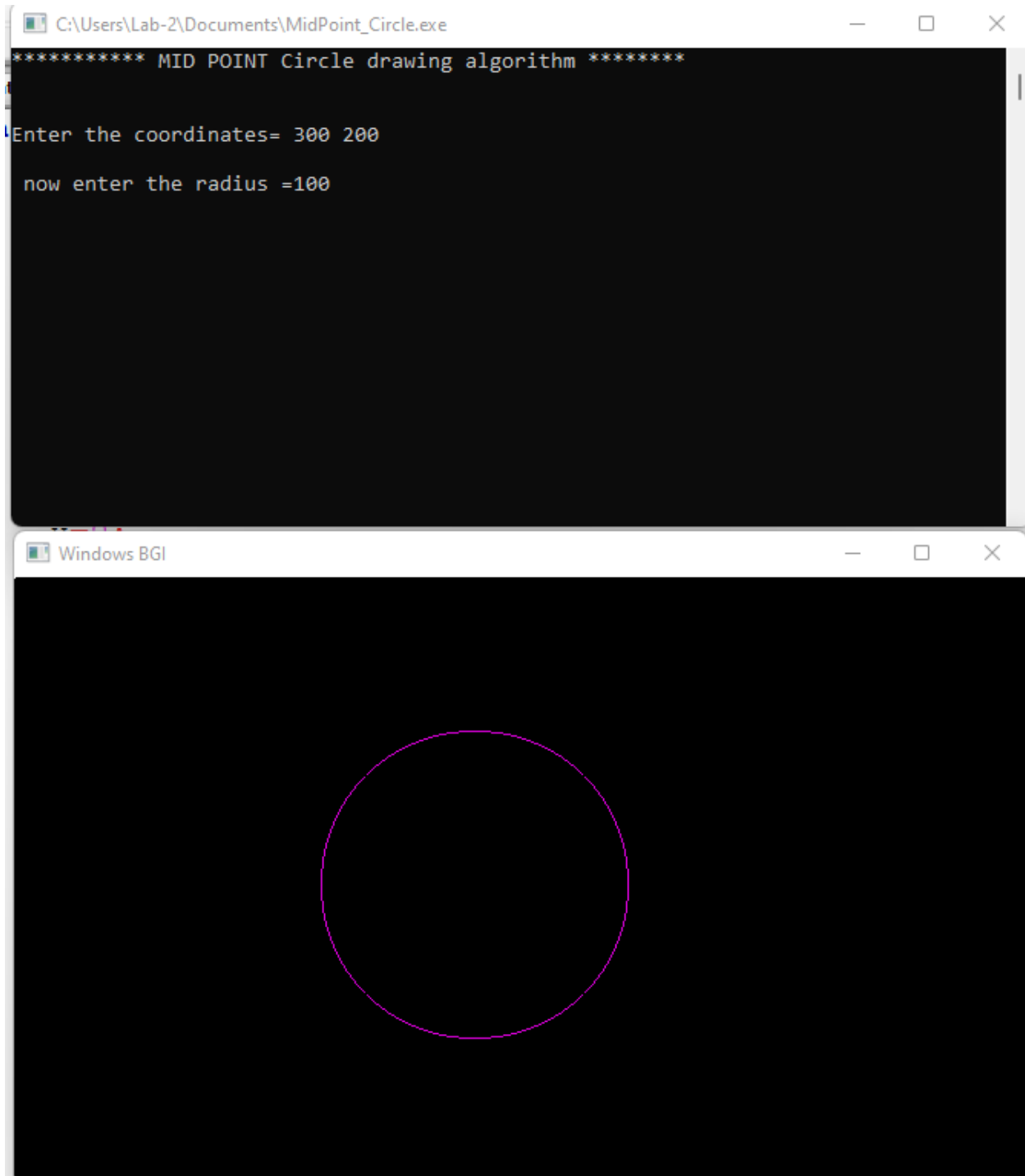
        putpixel(x_mid+x,y_mid+y,5);
```

```

    putpixel(x_mid+y,y_mid+x,5);
    putpixel(x_mid-y,y_mid+x,5);
    putpixel(x_mid-x,y_mid+y,5);
    putpixel(x_mid-x,y_mid-y,5);
    putpixel(x_mid-y,y_mid-x,5);
    putpixel(x_mid+y,y_mid-x,5);
    putpixel(x_mid+x,y_mid-y,5);
    if(d<0)
    {
        d+=(2*x)+1;
    }
    else
    {
        y=y-1;
        d+=(2*x)-(2*y)+1;
    }
    x = x+1;
}
while(y>x);
getch();
}

```

Output:



The image shows two overlapping windows. The top window, titled 'C:\Users\Lab-2\Documents\MidPoint_Circle.exe', has a black background with yellow text. It displays the title '***** MID POINT Circle drawing algorithm *****' and prompts the user to 'Enter the coordinates= 300 200' and 'now enter the radius =100'. The bottom window, titled 'Windows BGI', has a black background and displays a single blue circle centered at (300, 200) with a radius of 100.

```
***** MID POINT Circle drawing algorithm *****  
Enter the coordinates= 300 200  
now enter the radius =100
```

Experiment no. 06:

Name of the Experiment: Scan Conversion of an Ellipse.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

void disp();
float x,y;
int xc,yc;
int main()
{
    int gd=DETECT,gm,a,b;
    float p1,p2;
    initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\turbo3\\bgi");
    printf("*** Ellipse Generating Algorithm ***\n");
    printf("Enter the value of Xc\t");
    scanf("%d",&xc);
    printf("Enter the value of yc\t");
    scanf("%d",&yc);
    printf("Enter X axis length\t");
    scanf("%d",&a);
    printf("Enter Y axis length\t");
    scanf("%d",&b);
    x=0;
    y=b;
    disp();
    p1=(b*b)-(a*a*b)+(a*a)/4;
    while((2.0*b*b*x)<=(2.0*a*a*y))
    {
        x++;
        if(p1<=0)
            p1=p1+(2.0*b*b*x)+(b*b);
```

```

else
{
    y--;
    p1=p1+(2.0*b*b*x)+(b*b)-(2.0*a*a*y);
}
disp();
x=-x;
disp();
x=-x;
delay(50);
}
x=a;
y=0;
disp();
p2=(a*a)+2.0*(b*b*a)+(b*b)/4;
while((2.0*b*b*x)>(2.0*a*a*y))
{
    y++;
    if(p2>0)
        p2=p2+(a*a)-(2.0*a*a*y);
    else
    {
        x--;
        p2=p2+(2.0*b*b*x)-(2.0*a*a*y)+(a*a);
    }
    disp();
    y=-y;
    disp();
    y=-y;
    delay(50);
}
getch();
closegraph();
}
void disp()
{
    putpixel(xc+x,yc+y,7);
    putpixel(xc-x,yc+y,7);
}

```

```
    putpixel(xc+x,yc-y,7);  
    putpixel(xc+x,yc-y,7);  
}
```

Output:

