Title: Lab Work 1

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## **Scan Convert a Point:**

```
#include <graphics.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    int a, b;
    cout << "Enter the x-coordinate: ";</pre>
    cin >> a;
    cout << "Enter the y-coordinate: ";</pre>
    cin >> b;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "");
    putpixel(a, b, WHITE);
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
}
```

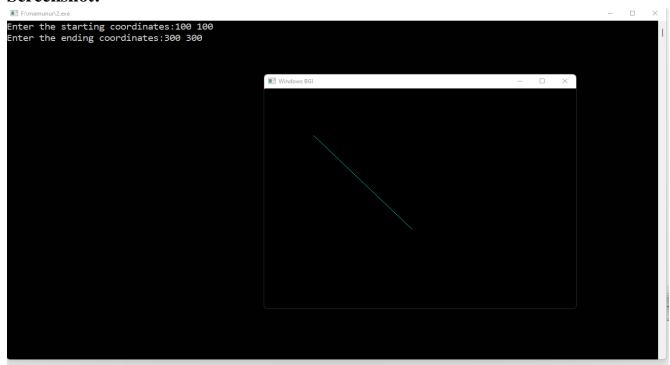


## **Scan Convert a Line (DDA Algorithm):**

#### **Source Code:**

```
#include <graphics.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    int x1, y1, x2, y2;
    int steps, xinc, yinc, dx, dy;
    cout << "Enter the starting coordinates:";</pre>
    cin >> x1 >> y1;
    cout << "Enter the ending coordinates:";</pre>
    cin >> x2 >> y2;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "");
    dx = x2 - x1;
    dy = y2 - y1;
    if (abs(dx) > abs(dy)) {
        steps = abs(dx);
    } else {
        steps = abs(dy);
    }
    xinc = dx / steps;
    yinc = dy / steps;
    for (int i = 1; i <= steps; i++) {
        putpixel(x1, y1, CYAN);
        delay(10);
        x1 = x1 + xinc;
        y1 = y1 + yinc;
    }
```

```
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
}
```



# Scan Convert a Line (Bresenham's Algorithm):

#### **Source Code:**

```
#include <graphics.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
using namespace std;
void drawline(int x0, int y0, int x1, int y1) {
    int dx, dy, p, x, y;
    dx = x1 - x0;
    dy = y1 - y0;
    x = x0;
    y = y0;
    p = 2 * dy - dx;
    while (x < x1) {
        if (p >= 0) {
            putpixel(x, y, BLUE);
            y = y + 1;
            p = p + 2 * dy - 2 * dx;
        } else {
            putpixel(x, y, BLUE);
            p = p + 2 * dy;
        }
        x = x + 1;
        delay(10);
    }
}
int main() {
    int gd = DETECT, gm, error, x0, y0, x1, y1;
    cout << "Enter coordinates of first point:";</pre>
    cin >> x0 >> y0;
    cout << "Enter coordinates of second point:";</pre>
```

```
cin >> x1 >> y1;
initgraph(&gd, &gm, "");
drawline(x0, y0, x1, y1);

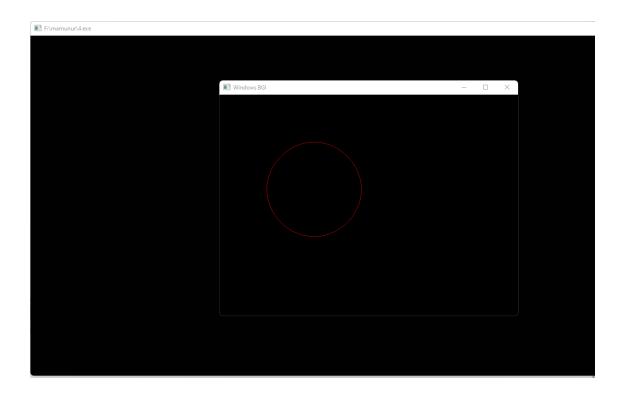
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
}
```



# Scan Convert a Circle (Bresenham's Circle Algorithm): Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <dos.h>
#include <graphics.h>
void drawCircle(int xc, int yc, int x, int y)
{
     putpixel(xc+x, yc+y, RED);
     putpixel(xc-x, yc+y, RED);
     putpixel(xc+x, yc-y, RED);
     putpixel(xc-x, yc-y, RED);
     putpixel(xc+y, yc+x, RED);
     putpixel(xc-y, yc+x, RED);
     putpixel(xc+y, yc-x, RED);
     putpixel(xc-y, yc-x, RED);
}
void circleBres(int xc, int yc, int r)
     int x = 0, y = r;
     int d = 3 - 2 * r;
     drawCircle(xc, yc, x, y);
     while (y >= x)
     {
           X++;
           if (d > 0)
           {
                d = d + 4 * (x - y) + 10;
           }
           else
                d = d + 4 * x + 6;
```

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