Lab Report: 03



Title: Computer Graphics Lab Course code: CSE-304 3rd Year 1st Semester

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Submitted to-

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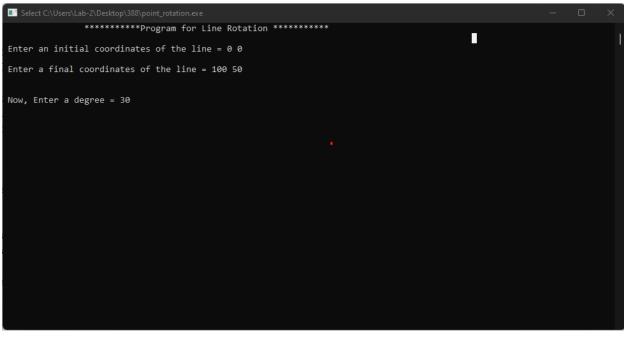
Experiment No.07

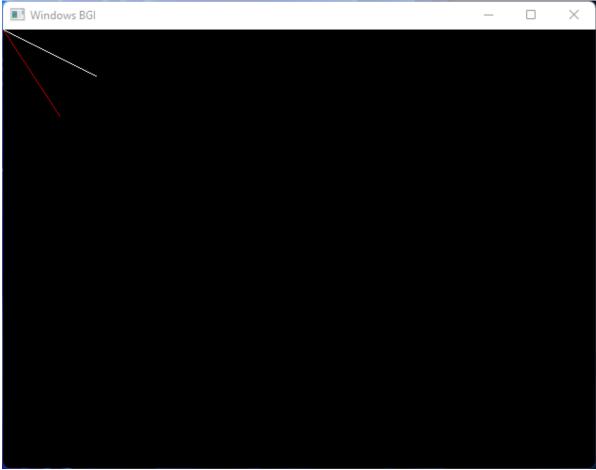
Scan Conversion of a line object from (0,0) to (100,50):

i) Rotating 30 Degree:

Source Code:

```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main()
    int qd=DETECT,gm;
    int pivot x, pivot y, x, y;
    double degree, radian;
    int rotated point x, rotated point y;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C://TURBOC3//BGI");
    cleardevice();
    printf("\t\t************Program for Line Rotation **********
\n");
    printf("\n Enter an initial coordinates of the line = ");
    scanf("%d %d",&pivot x,&pivot y);
    printf("\n Enter a final coordinates of the line = ");
    scanf("%d %d",&x,&y);
    line (pivot x, pivot y, x, y);
    printf("\n\n Now, Enter a degree = ");
    scanf("%lf", &degree);
    radian=degree*0.01745;
    rotated point x=(int) (pivot x
+((x-pivot x)*cos(radian)-(y-pivot y)*sin(radian)));
    rotated point y=(int)(pivot y
+((x-pivot x)*sin(radian)+(y-pivot y)*cos(radian)));
    setcolor(RED);
    line(pivot x, pivot y, rotated point x, rotated point y);
    getch();
    closegraph();
}
```





ii) Scale it to to 50%:

Source Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
#include <graphics.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
     int gd=DETECT,gm;
     float x1, y1, x2, y2, sx, sy, s;
     initgraph(&gd,&gm,"C:\\Tc\\BGI");
     cout << "SCALING OF A LINE \n";
     cout<<"Enter the first coordinate of a line:";</pre>
     cin>>x1>>y1;
     cout<<"Enter the second coordinate of a line:";</pre>
     cin>>x2>>y2;
     line (x1, y1, x2, y2);
     cout<<"Enter the scaling factor:";</pre>
     cin>>s;
     sx=s/100, sy=s/100;
     setcolor(RED);
     x1=x1*sx;
     y1=y1*sy;
     x2=x2*sx;
     y2=y2*sy;
     line (x1, y1, x2, y2);
     getch();
     closegraph();
}
```

```
C:\Users\Lab-2\Desktop\388\scall50%.exe

SCALING OF A LINE
Enter the first coordinate of a line:0 0
Enter the second coordinate of a line:100 50
Enter the scaling factor:50
```



iii)Translate it on x axis by 75px:

Source Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
#include <graphics.h>

using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int gd=DETECT,gm,x1,x2,y1,y2,tx,ty;
    initgraph(&gd,&gm,"C:\\Tc\\BGI");
    cout<<"Enter the first co-ordinate of a line:";
    cin>>x1>>y1;
    cout<<"Enter the second co-ordinate of a line:";
    cin>>x2>>y2;
    line(x1,y1,x2,y2);
    cout<<"Enter the translation vector:";
    cin>>tx;
```

```
setcolor(RED);
x1=x1+tx;
x2=x2+tx;
line(x1,y1,x2,y2);
getch();
closegraph();
}
```



Experiment No.08

Draw a kite using Bresenham's Algorithm:

Source Code:

```
#include <qraphics.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
void kite()
{
    line(200, 200, 300, 100);
    line(300, 100, 400, 200);
    line(400, 200, 300, 300);
    line(300, 100, 300, 300);
    line(300,300,200,200);
    arc(300, 300, 45, 135, 140);
    setfillstyle(SOLID FILL, 12);
    floodfill(301, 105, WHITE);
    floodfill(299, 105, WHITE);
    floodfill(299, 275, WHITE);
    floodfill(301, 275, WHITE);
    line(300, 300, 250, 350);
    line(250, 350, 350, 350);
    line(300, 300, 350, 350);
    floodfill(300, 310, WHITE);
}
int main()
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "");
    kite();
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
```

