



Jahangirnagar University
3rd Year 1st Semester Examination 2022

Course title: Computer Graphics Laboratory
Course code: CSE-304

Lab Report -2

Submitted to-

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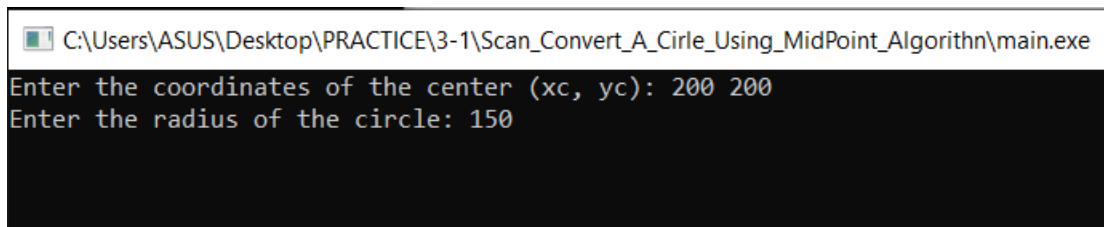
Submitted by:

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Exam Roll : 202180

❖ Experiment No-1: Scan Conversion of a Circle Using Midpoint Circle Algorithm:

Source Code:

<pre>#include <graphics.h> #include <iostream> int main() { int gd = DETECT, gm; initgraph(&gd, &gm, ""); int xc, yc, radius; std::cout << "Enter the coordinates of the center (xc, yc): "; std::cin >> xc >> yc; std::cout << "Enter the radius of the circle: "; std::cin >> radius; int x = 0; int y = radius; int p = 1 - radius; while (x <= y) { putpixel(xc + x, yc + y, WHITE); putpixel(xc + y, yc + x, WHITE); putpixel(xc - x, yc + y, WHITE); putpixel(xc - y, yc + x, WHITE);</pre>	<pre> putpixel(xc + x, yc - y, WHITE); putpixel(xc + y, yc - x, WHITE); putpixel(xc - x, yc - y, WHITE); putpixel(xc - y, yc - x, WHITE); if (p < 0) { p += 2 * x + 3; } else { p += 2 * (x - y) + 5; y--; } x++; } delay(5000*3600); closegraph(); return 0; }</pre>
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Screenshot:

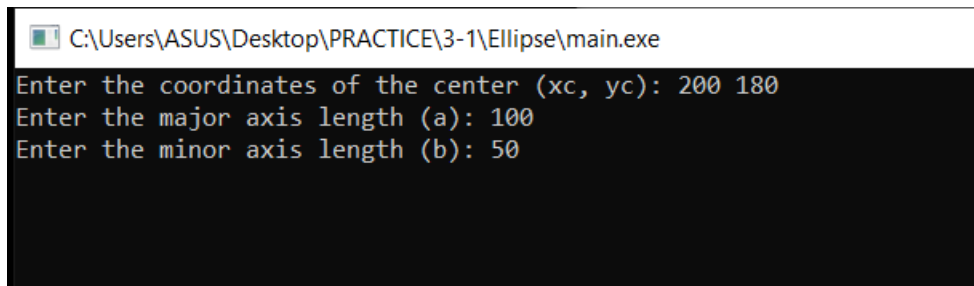
```
C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\PRACTICE\3-1\Scan_Convert_A_Cirle_Using_MidPoint_Algorithn\main.exe
Enter the coordinates of the center (xc, yc): 200 200
Enter the radius of the circle: 150
```



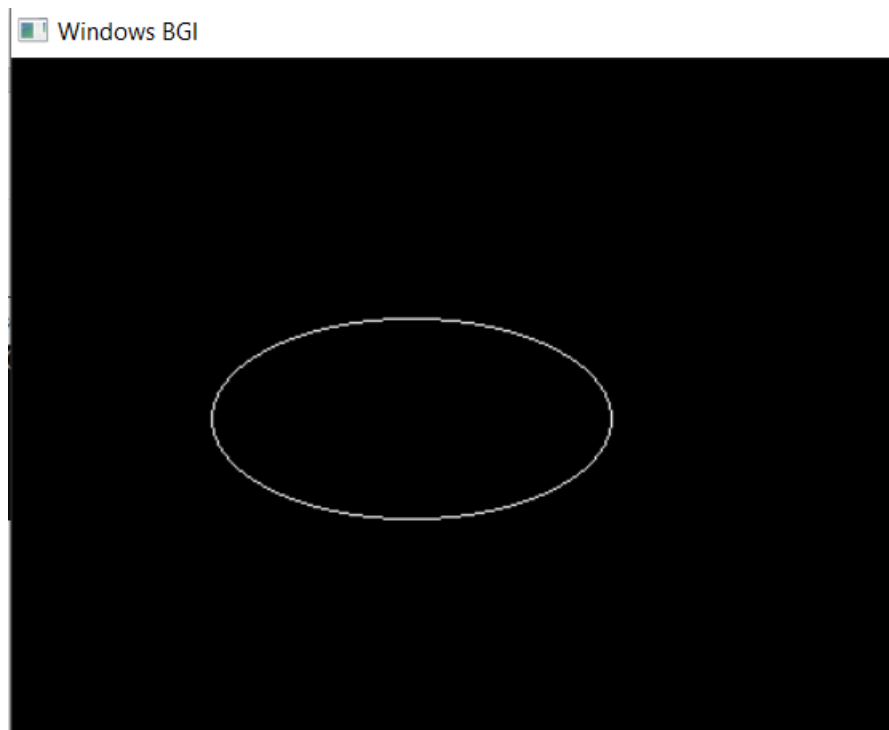
❖ Experiment No-2: Scan Conversion of an Ellipse Using Midpoint Ellipse Algorithm:

Source Code:

<pre>#include <graphics.h> #include <iostream> int main() { int gd = DETECT, gm; initgraph(&gd, &gm, ""); int xc, yc, radius; std::cout << "Enter the coordinates of the center (xc, yc): "; std::cin >> xc >> yc; std::cout << "Enter the radius of the circle: "; std::cin >> radius; int x = 0; int y = radius; int p = 1 - radius; while (x <= y) { putpixel(xc + x, yc + y, WHITE); putpixel(xc + y, yc + x, WHITE); putpixel(xc - x, yc + y, WHITE); putpixel(xc - y, yc + x, WHITE);</pre>	<pre> putpixel(xc + x, yc - y, WHITE); putpixel(xc + y, yc - x, WHITE); putpixel(xc - x, yc - y, WHITE); putpixel(xc - y, yc - x, WHITE); if (p < 0) { p += 2 * x + 3; } else { p += 2 * (x - y) + 5; y--; } x++; } delay(5000*3600); closegraph(); return 0; }</pre>
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Screenshot:

```
C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\PRACTICE\3-1\Ellipse\main.exe
Enter the coordinates of the center (xc, yc): 200 180
Enter the major axis length (a): 100
Enter the minor axis length (b): 50
```



THE END