Jahangirnagar University Department of Computer Science and Engineering Fourth Year First Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) Final Examination -2022

Course Title: Wireless Network Full Marks: 60

Course No: CSE-407

Time: 3 Hrs.

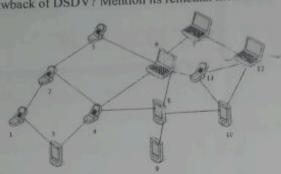
[Answer each of the following questions. Each question carries equal marks. Figures in the right margin indicate marks.]

1. Answer	r all questions: 2 fine cell cluster. Show it with appropriate diagram.	
	mpare adjacent and co-channel interference in WAN.	
	2	
1000	re two reasons of handover failure.	
d) Mer	ntion the main problem of infrared LAN. How optical signal is conveyed in infrared	
e) Con	npare SCO and ACL of PAN?	
Ø Writ	te the services are integrated under METIS in 5G networks.	2
2. Answer	Any Three out of Four questions:	2
(a) (i) V	Why hexagonal cell is used in WAN? Why sectored antenna is preferable for the network of	4
cong (ii) C	gested area? Compare handover and roaming.	2
Quan	New the learned architecture of Wi-Fi protocol and compare it with OSI model.	2
(ii) I	Draw the frame format of IEEE 802.11. Mention the function of type, subtype and more ment field.	2
(c) Expl	ain the femtocell deployment, OFDMA based physical layer, and MIMO of LTE.	4
(d) (i) Di	raw the complete diagram of a wireless sensor node and mention the function of sensing unit,	2
proce (ii) H hops.	essing and memory unit. How energy consumption model in WSN is modified with inclusion of data rate and number of	2
Answer A	Any Three out of Four questions:	
a How	the routing table of nodes is updated under DSDV protocol? Give three examples of routing update.	4
Explai MME	in the benefit of Adaptive Modulation and Coding scheme in WiMAX. How S-GW and operates in collaboration in initial call setup under LTE-A?	4
Why o	cooperative Spectrum Sensing is used in CRN? Show its arrangement with explanation?	4
	2004	

d) Explain the basic concept of CDMA spread spectrum with diagram and also write the reason of 4 using CDMA in wireless network.

4. Answer Any Three out of Four questions:

a) Draw the routing table of node 1 and 11 of the following ad-hoc network. What is the main drawback of DSDV? Mention its remedial measure.



Draw the Physical Resource Blocks (PRB) under both Normal and Extended CP of LTE-A. If the 4 subcarrier separation is 15 KHz then determine the length of the slot of PRB for both the cases.

What will be the main hurdle of Bangladesh in implementing the 5G network? Why millimeter 4 wave is used in 5G network? What are its main drawbacks?

Give three real-life applications of M2M in 5G? Compare remote, local and hybrid cloud in 5G 4 network?

Answer Any Two out of Three questions:

(a) A city has total population of 4×106. A mobile cellular service provider has 1200 cells with 12 6 channels each to serve the people. On an average each user generates 1 call/hour with duration of 2 minutes. Determine market penetration of the service provider. Given the GoS (grade of service) of the network is 5%.

Erlang B Traffic Table

Maximum Offered Load Versus B and N B is in % 15 10 N/B 8.487 9,691 7.076 5.842 10.78 7.950 9.474 6.615 11.87 8.835 10.47 13 7.402 11.47 9.730 8.200 14 14.07 12.48 10.63 9.010

b) Each slot contains either six or seven OFDM symbols, depending on the Cyclic Prefix 6 (CP) length. In LTE-A the separation between subcarrier $\Delta f = 15$ KHz. Now calculate the duration of a slot for both Normal CP and Extended CP.

If the number of nodes N = 80 and the number of CH is 5 then find,

If the number of nodes
$$N = 80$$
 and the number of CFF is 3 decreases,
$$T(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{p}{1 - p(r \mod(1/p))} & \text{for } n \in G \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
for $r = 0$ (1st round) and 1 (2nd round) for LEACH otherwise

Clustering Protocol. If the local random number generated by ith node on round-1 is 0.0854 and that of on round-2 is 0.0356 then find its status (member or CH).



Juhangirnagar University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Fourth Year First Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) Final Examination -2022

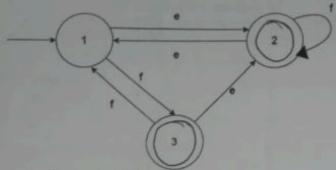
Course Title: Theory of Computation and Compiler Design Full Marks: 60

Course No: CSE-401

Time: 3 Hrs.

[Answer each of the following questions. Each question carries equal marks. Figures in the right margin indicate marks.]

î	Answer all questions: a) Define theory of computation.	2
	b) Differentiate between DFA and NFA.	2
	c) Define pumping lemma for context free languages.	2
	d) Compare compiler and interpreter.	2
	e) Define just-in-time compiler?	2
	f) What is sentinels?	
2.	Answer Any Three out of Four questions: (a) Convert the regular expression (a U b)* aba to an NFA.	4
	b) Prove that, if a push down automata recognize some language, then it is context free.	4
1	Prove that every multi tape Turing machine has an equivalent single tape Turing machine.	4
	Discuss how finite automata is used to represent tokens and perform lexical analysis with examples.	4
3.	Answer Any Three out of Four questions: (a) Prove that the push down automaton (PDA) M_1 that recognizes $\{a^i b^j c^k \mid i, j, k \ge 0 \text{ and } i=j \text{ or } i=k \}$ with state diagram.	4
	Describe a turning machine (TM) M_1 that decides $A = \{0^{2n}/n \ge 0\}$ the language consisting of all strings of 0s whose length is a power of 2, also give the state diagram for TM (M_1).	f 4
	c) Describe in detail the HILBERT'S Problem; also discuss about Church Turing Thesis.	4
(A three state DFA is given below, convert it to an equivalent regular expression	4



4. Answer Any Three out of Four questions:

- a) Illustrate the basic blocks in compiler design and discuss about the implementation of symbol 4 table.
- (b) Explain the role of intermediate representation of translating to intermediate code generation.
- Describe the typical stages of in converting a DFA to a regular expression.
 - d) Explain in detail the issues consider while designing code generation.

5. Answer Any Two out of Three questions:

Write the proof idea that "Any context free language is generated by a context free grammar in 6 Chomsky normal form".

Convert the following CFG G1 in Chomsky normal form

A Turing machine with stay put instead of left is similar to an ordinary Turing machine, but the transition function has the form,

$$\delta: Q \times \Gamma \to Q \times \Gamma \times \{R, S\}$$

At each point, the machine can move its head right or left it stay in the same position. Show that this Turing machine variant is not equivalent to the ordinary version. What class of languages do these machines recognize?

c) Explain in detail:

- i. The activation tree in runtime environment
- ii. Peephole optimization
- iii. Shift reduce parser



Jahangirnagar University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Fourth Year First Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) Final Examination 2022

Course Title: Digital Image Processing Full Marks: 60

Course No: CSE-405 Time: 3 Hrs.

[Answer each of the following questions. Each question carries equal marks, Figures in the right margin indicate marks.]

Huleate marked	
1. Answer all questions:	2
A The same processing III Indian (in the contract of the contr	
Define (any two): 1) image processings iv) Wavelet	
www.i.eden.and.reflectance?	2
How can we differentiate between illumination and reflectance?	2
From House to the Control of the Con	
c) Sketch the match band effect.	2
State some of the applications of digital image processing in different fields.	
dy State some of the approximation	2
Define (any two): Discrete Laplacian	
Define (any two): i) Color map ii) FFT (iii) Bit-plane iv) Discrete Laplacian	2
What is image histogram?	
e w ausetiones	4
Answer Any Three out of Four questions:	
Eveloin SURF/SIP1 image readire description	4
Describe different energy sources used in creating images.	
Describe different energy of the Coverion filters	4
Discuss the reasons for the importance of Gaussian filters.	4
Explain the relation between RGB, HSV, CMYK and YCbCr.	
Explain the relation between RGB,	
Al-mail	4
Answer Any Three out of Four questions: Answer Any Three out of Four questions: On the MATI AB program to perform (any ONE):	
i) Histogram of a color (RGB) image	and the second second
Average filtering of a gray scale image Average filtering of a gray scale image Cleaning salt and pepper noise from a noisy grayscale image using	median filtering.
Cleaning salt and pepper house mean	4
L. Labrage and contrast.	
i) Differentiate between brightness and containing the convolution property in 2D fourier transform. Explain the convolution property in 2D fourier transform.	
ii) Explain the convolution property in all	4
10 Class	
i) Differentiate linear filter and non-linear filter. State the importance of hue and saturation in the formation of col	lor image.
ii) State the importance of flue and saturation	4
Construct a model of image degradation.	
Answer Any Three out of Four questions: Answer Any Three out of Four questions:	example.
Answer Any Three out of Four questions:	-
(a) Classify image company	Page 1 of 2
No.	

G	Explain ROI (region of interest) filtering in detail.	4
200	Distinguish among 2-D moment, central moment, and normalized central moment of order (p+q).	4
d)	Discuss the trade-offs between various filtering techniques in terms of i) noise reduction ii)detail preservation	4
5. An	Iswer Any Two out of Three questions: Compare between single and double thresholding method for image segmentation and summarize the applications of thresholding.	6
00	Summarize the steps to evaluate principal component analysis (PCA) of a given dataset.	6
c)	Write a complete Python/MATLAB program that reads a color (RGB) image and ther performs edge detection on this image.	



Jahangirnagar University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Fourth Year First Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) Final Examination 2022

Course Title: Software Engineering and Information System Design Full Marks: 60

Course No: CSE-403 Time: 3 Hours

[Answer each of the following questions. Each question carries equal marks. Figures in the right margin

indicate marks.]	
Answer all questions: Define the terms: i) Software design ii) Verification. What are the phases of the Waterfall software development model? Describe the specification of System requirements analysis and definition phase for developing an automated Banking.	2 2
system. Define use case with examples of using <include> and <extension>. d) What are the goals of software design? Define different approaches to verify the correctness of</extension></include>	2
software design. e) Label different type of testing from functional, code, knowledge and release perspective. Define integration testing. Draw a diagram to represent the testing order of the modules M ₁ M ₈ in breadth-first approach using top-down integration testing.	2
2. Answer Any Four out of Five questions: a) Explain requirements analysis process. Give an example of functional requirements	, 3
specification. b) Why Unified process model is developed? Describe Unified process model for software	3
development with diagram. Classify different types of design. Show that each element of the analysis model is directly	y 3
traceable to parts of design model using a diagram. You want to set up a small LAN game center. By considering roles and responsibilities, list the different types of users that need to be considered. Also mention the roles and responsibilities.	ie 3
briefly that you considered. Explain the main focus of Unit testing including the Unit test procedure.	3
3. Answer Any Three out of Four questions: (a) Apply the phases of incremental development model to a specific software project. Consider the development of a Word processing software. Prepare a list of output of each increment at	ier 4

it is applied to the system to be developed.

b) Write down the coding principles to guide the coding task. Construct the template code in C# 4 or Java programming language for the following ATM system by identifying the classes using the class identification rules sketching an UML class diagram

Consider the automation of the ATM services of a Bank for its customers. Each customer may have Savings and Current accounts. To withdraw money from an ATM machine, the account holder first inserts his ATM card to the card insertion slot. Then the customer waits for the message to allow him to input the PIN number. If it is successfully entered, he input the amount to be withdrawn. If the account has enough balance, the ATM machine disburses the money note. If no further transaction is requested, the ATM card is thrown out of the slot.

Explain concurrent activities of activity diagram. Prepare an activity diagram for Stock trade processing system. At first, the system verifies each order, and then execute the order. If successful, a confirmation is sent, the account is debited and the related updates are performed. In failure, a failure notice is sent. Finally, the order is closed.

d) i) Illustrate architectural design. Sketch the architectural context diagram.

ii) Explain formal specification. Write the solution to prove that a program behavior fits its specification.

4. Answer Any Three out of Four questions;

i) Compare the performance of different methods of computing the cyclomatic complexity of 4 a program or algorithm.

ii) Illustrate flow graph showing its different constructs. Find the Cyclomatic Complexity of the following code segment and show 4 different basic 4 paths (if exists) for test cases:

```
int average (int[] value, int min, int max, int N) {
    int i, totalValid, sum, mean;
    i = totalValid = sum = 0;
    while ( i < N || value[i] != -999 )
           (value[i] >= min && value[i] <= max) {
            totalValid += 1; sum += value[i];
          if (totalValid > 0)
            mean = sum / totalValid;
          else
            mean = -999;
        i += 1;
    return mean;
```

c) Classify different fact analysis tools. Organize a Data Flow Diagram (DFD) for Level 0 and 4 Level 1 to show the data flow and transformation of a Course registration system.

dy i) Differentiate between generalization and specialization with example

ii) Explain different types of system testing.

5. Answer Any Two out of Three questions:

a) Justify the use of delegation in design patterns. Consider an example of a local Bank office employing Principle Officer who obtain the position of SPO with 20% increase in salary after few years, and AGM get 40% increase in salary when they are more experienced.

Recommend the use of i) specialization, ii) delegation and iii) specialization, delegation and an interface design pattern in designing the above system with appropriate class combination employing inheritance and implementation with code template. Consider the following scenario:

6

Suppose we want to develop a web-based social network with the following functionalities;

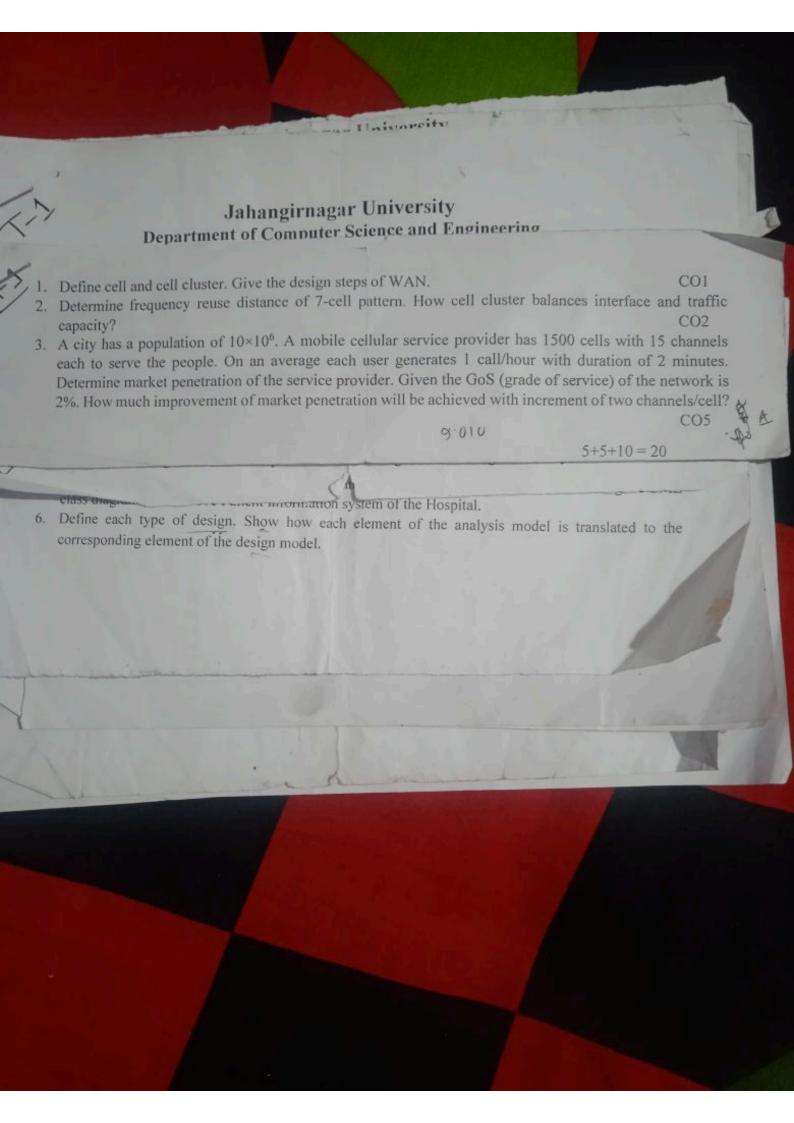
- i. The user should signup the system.
- ii. The user should log into the system
- iii. The user can send or accept the friend request.

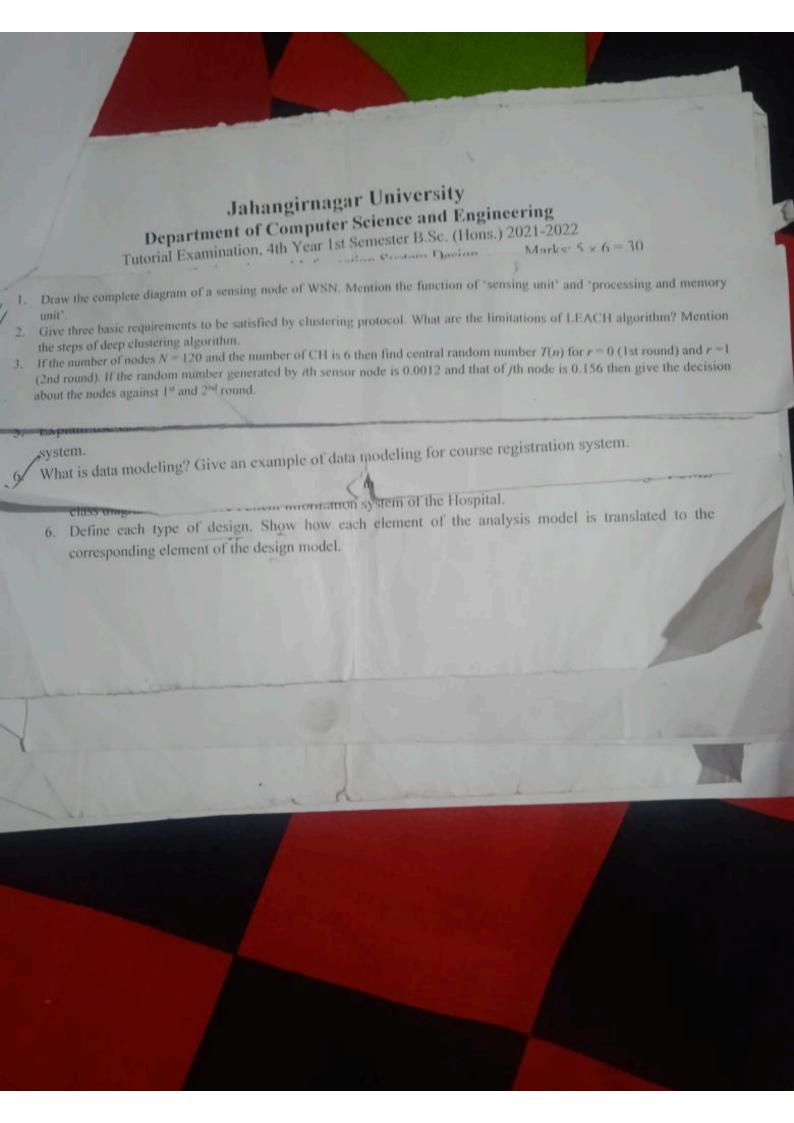
We need to convert this system into separate components; Component 1: Sign up and log in; Component 2: Send Friend request; Component 3: Accept friend request. Now, when we start our activities, then we can start with component 1(signup and login). This component undergoes the phases of requirements gathering and analysis, design, implementation, deployment, and maintenance. When this component is ready, we deliver this one component to

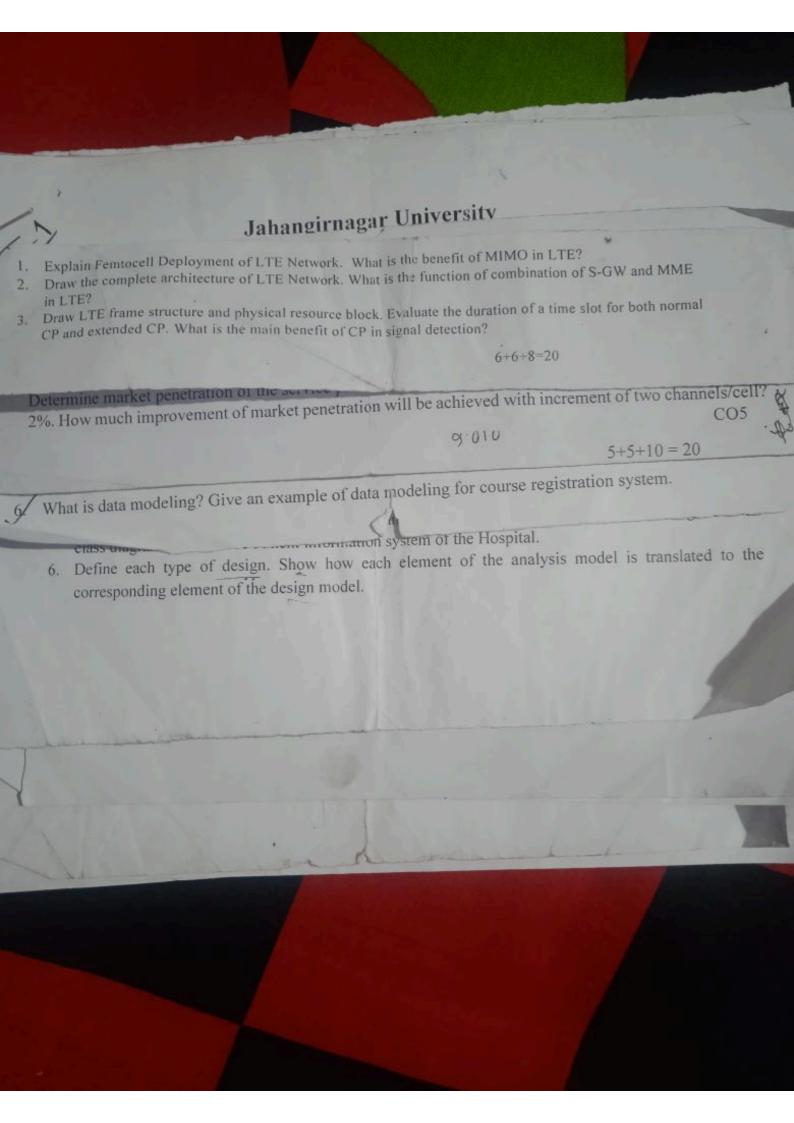
After that, we add component 2 that sends the friend request. This component undergoes the phases of requirements gathering and analysis, design, implementation, deployment, and maintenance. When this component is ready, we deliver this one component to the customer.

Finally, we add component 3 that accepts a friend request. This component undergoes the phases of requirements gathering and analysis, design, implementation, deployment, and maintenance. When this component is ready, we deliver this one component to the customer.

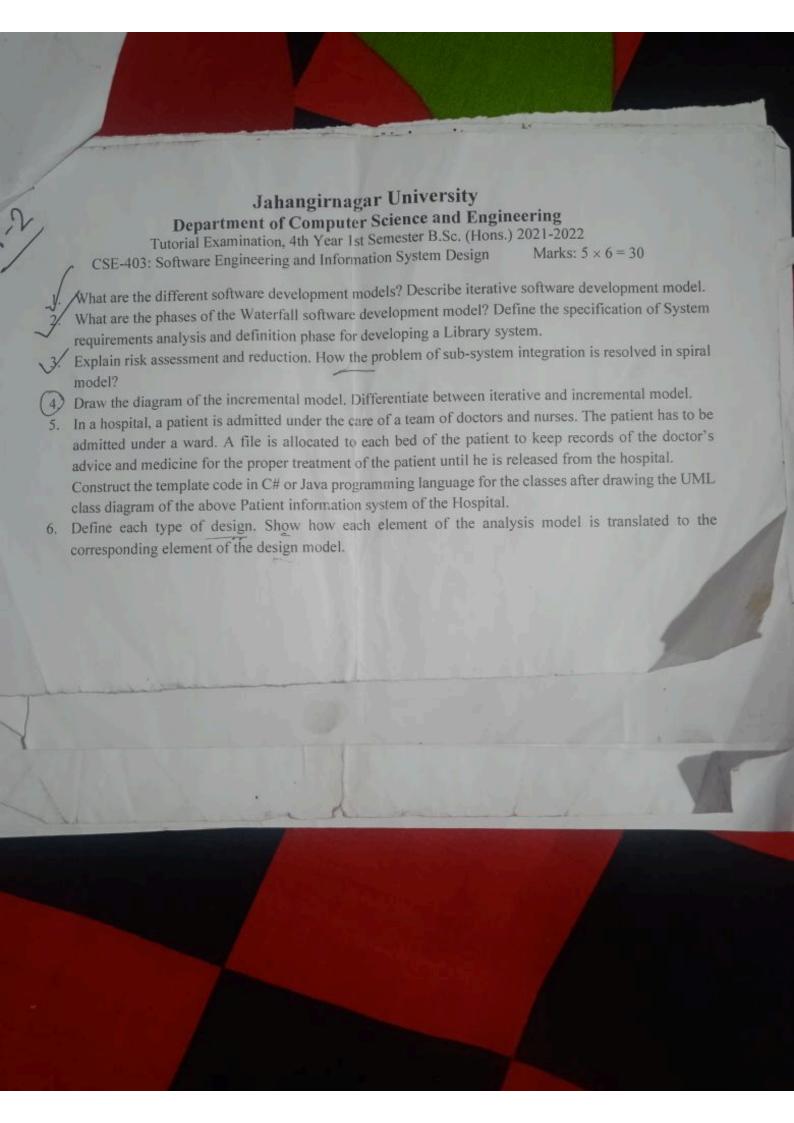
- (i) Which one of the Software Process Models discussed in lectures would you choose to develop the software for the proposed system in the Case Study? Give two (2) reasons for your choice.
- (ii) Which one of the Software Process Models discussed in lectures would you NOT choose to develop the software for the proposed system in the Case Study? Give two (2) reasons for your choice.
- c) i) Predict Function points using the empirical relationship based on countable measures and 6 complexity of software.
 - ii) Summarize the main features of integration testing based on the statement that you doubt that they will work when we put all unit tested modules together.

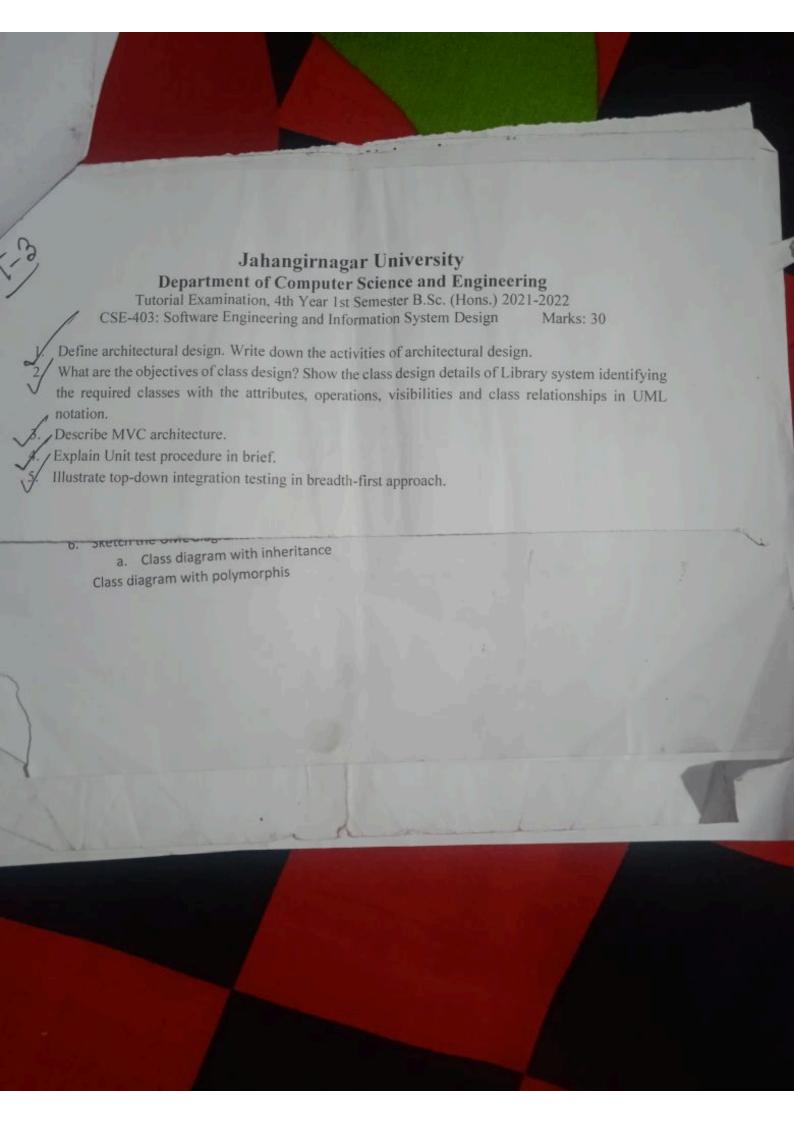






Jahangirnagar University Department of Computer Science and Engineering Tutorial Examination, 4th Year 1st Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) 2021-2022 CSE-403: Software Engineering and Information System Design Marks: $5 \times 6 = 30$ Define Software and its components. What is software engineering? Explain that software engineering is a layered technology. What is object-oriented analysis? Define UML and give some examples of UML analysis and design tools. Sketch a UML class diagram for event management. Explain requirements analysis process. Give an example of functional requirements specification. Explain use case with <include> and <extension>. Draw a Use case diagram for library management What is data modeling? Give an example of data modeling for course registration system. mormation system of the Hospital. 6. Define each type of design. Show how each element of the analysis model is translated to the corresponding element of the design model.





Jahangirnagar University Department of Computer Science and Engineering 4th Year 1st Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) Tutorial Examination 2021-2022 Course Title: Software Engineering and ISD Lab. Course Code: CSE 404 4. Describe the System Specification of your project based on the following: d. List of sub-systems and end users e. User interface: Dash board, Entry Forms and Reports (any 2) f. Network diagram 5. Specify Requirements analysis: a. Use case modeling with <include> and <extension> for data entry sub-system (any 2) b. Use case modeling with <include> and <extension> for data entry reporting sub-system c. Data flow modeling for any 2 subsystems (any 2) up to Level-0 and Level-1 6. Sketch the UML diagrams: a. Class diagram with inheritance Class diagram with polymorphis

Jahangirnagar University Department of Computer Science and Engineering 4th Year 1st Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) Tutorial Examination 2021-2022 Course Title: Software Engineering and ISD Lab. Course Code: CSE 404 1. What does activity diagram represent? Draw activity diagrams for your project. Answer the following: a. Clarify whether all of these activities are required? b. Give a schedule of time length in month for enough manpower for completion of this project. c. List of tools required. 2. Which development model you prefer for your project and why? Answer the following: a. Apply incremental model to your project if applicable or any other model, and show project progress using diagrams. b. List the output of each increment. c. Specify sample output of each increment with mentioning the steps (at least 2 output for each increment).



Jahangiruagar University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

4th Year 15 Semester B Sc. (Hons.) Tutorial Examination -2022

Course No: CSE-405 Course Title: Digital Image Processing Full Marks: 30 Lutorial: #1 Time: 1 hour [Answer each of the following questions Back question carries equal marks. Figures in the right margan ir dieate marks.] 1. (a) Define: Digital Image J Mask Jii Separable filter List the names of six different image file formats. (2) Explain the concept of image histogram equalization? Describe different energy sources used in creating images. Demonstrate the process of effecting of an image using a mask. Compare unsharp masking and high-boost filtering. Evaluate the importance of Gaussian filtering. XXX----XXXX----



Jahangirnagar University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

4th Year 1st Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) Tutorial Examination -2022

Course No: CSE-405 Course Title: Digital Image Processing Full Marks: 30 Tutorial: #2 Time: 1 hour [Answer each of the following questions. Each question carries equal marks. Figures in the right margin indicate marks.] 1. Define: Noise (in image) ii) entropy (in image) iii) FFT Write the names of different (at least three) types of noises present in images and corresponding filters for cleaning those noises. 6 Construct a model of image degradation. Compare Huffman coding and Run length encoding. 6 Compose a Python code to find the DFT of a grayscale image 6 photo.tiff. -XXXX----XXXXX--



Jahangirnagar University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering 4th Year 1st Semester B.Sc. (Hons.) Tutorial Examination -2022

	: Digital Image Processing Full Marks: 30 Tutorial: #3	- 19
Time: 1 hor	Figures in Figures in carries equal marks. Figures in	n the right
[Answer e	ach of the following questions. Each question carries equal marks. Figures i margin indicate marks.] Define: i) zero crossings) ii) discrete Laplacian iii) Wavelet iv) Morphological structuring element	6
2. (a)	Write the differences between single thresholding and double	3
(b)	thresholding. Discuss the applications of thresholding.	3
3/	Explain HSV color model and the conversion between RGB and HSV.	3+3=6
4/	Distinguish among 2-D moment, central moment, and normalized central moment of order (p+q).	6
5.	Compare Prewitt, Roberts cross-gradient, and Sobel filters in detail.	6
Write 1	he equations for four affine moment	in variants.
matlab	program of dilation	