

SPH3U 11.3 Electric Potential Difference**1. Electric potential difference**

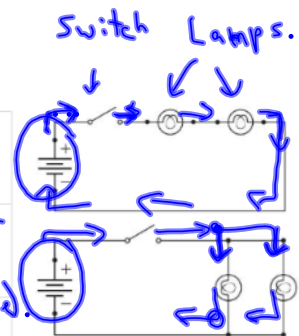
Electric potential:	potential energy from electrons packed together.
Electric potential difference:	change in electric potential between 2 points.
equation	$V = \frac{\Delta E}{Q}$, Units: V (Volts).
Quantity of electrons:	Q, # of electrons, (amount of charge). Units: C (Coulomb)

Calculate the electric potential difference between the negative and positive terminals of a battery if 1500 J of electric potential energy is transformed to move 125 C of charge between the terminals.

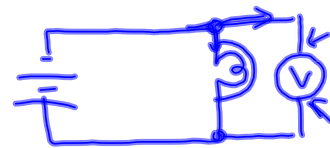
$$V = \frac{\Delta E}{Q} = \frac{1500 \text{ J}}{125 \text{ C}} = \underline{\underline{12.0 \text{ V}}}$$

2. Series and parallel circuits

Series circuit:	a circuit with only 1 complete path.
Parallel circuit:	a circuit with more than 1 complete path.
Voltmeter:	used to measure V (potential difference). <u>must be connected in parallel.</u>



Part of circuit	Circuit symbol	resistor	motor
battery			
variable DC power supply			



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