

Question 1:

Solve the following equations

1. $2x + 4 = 12$

Solution. _____

$$\begin{aligned}2x + 4 &= 12 \\2x &= 12 - 4 \\2x &= 8 \\x &= 4\end{aligned}$$

2. $2x^2 + 3x + 6 = 12$

Solution. _____

$$\begin{aligned}2x^2 + 3x + 6 &= 12 \\2x^2 + 3x + 6 - 12 &= 0 \\2x^2 + 3x - 6 &= 0 \\x &= \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{(3)^2 - 4(2)(-6)}}{2(2)} && \text{(Quadratic Formula)} \\x &= \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{57}}{4} \\ \Rightarrow x &= \frac{-3 + \sqrt{57}}{4}, \frac{-3 - \sqrt{57}}{4} \\ \text{(OR in decimal)} x &= -2.6375, 1.137\end{aligned}$$

3. $\sin(30) \cdot \cos(60) = \frac{3}{x}$

Solution. _____

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(30) \cdot \cos(60) &= \frac{3}{x} \\ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) &= \frac{3}{x} \\ \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{3}{x} \\ x &= 12\end{aligned}$$

4. $10x^2 - 20x + 12 = 8x^2 + 16x + 4$

Solution.

$$10x^2 - 20x - 12 = 8x^2 + 16x + 4$$

$$10x^2 - 8x^2 - 20x - 16x + 12 - 4 = 0$$

$$2x^2 - 36x + 8 = 0$$

$$2(x^2 - 18x + 4) = 0$$

$$x^2 - 18x + 4 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-(-18) \pm \sqrt{(-18)^2 - 4(1)(4)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{18 \pm \sqrt{240}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{18 + \sqrt{308}}{2}, \frac{18 - \sqrt{308}}{2}$$

(OR in decimal) $x = 0.2250, 17.775$

Question 2:

Each question below will ask you to solve for a given variable.

1. Solve for a

$$F = ma$$

Solution. _____

$$a = \frac{F}{m}$$

2. Solve for T

$$PV = NRT$$

Solution. _____

$$PV = NRT$$
$$T = \frac{PV}{NR}$$

3. Solve for t

$$d = \left(\frac{v_f + v_i}{2} \right) t$$

Solution. _____

$$d = \left(\frac{v_f + v_i}{2} \right) t$$
$$d = \frac{(v_f + v_i)t}{2}$$
$$2d = (v_f + v_i)t$$
$$t = \frac{2d}{v_f + v_i}$$

4. Solve for a

$$\Delta d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

Solution.

$$\Delta d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$\Delta d - v_i t = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$2(\Delta d - v_i t) = a t^2$$

$$a = \frac{2(\Delta d - v_i t)}{t^2}$$

5. Solve for v_f

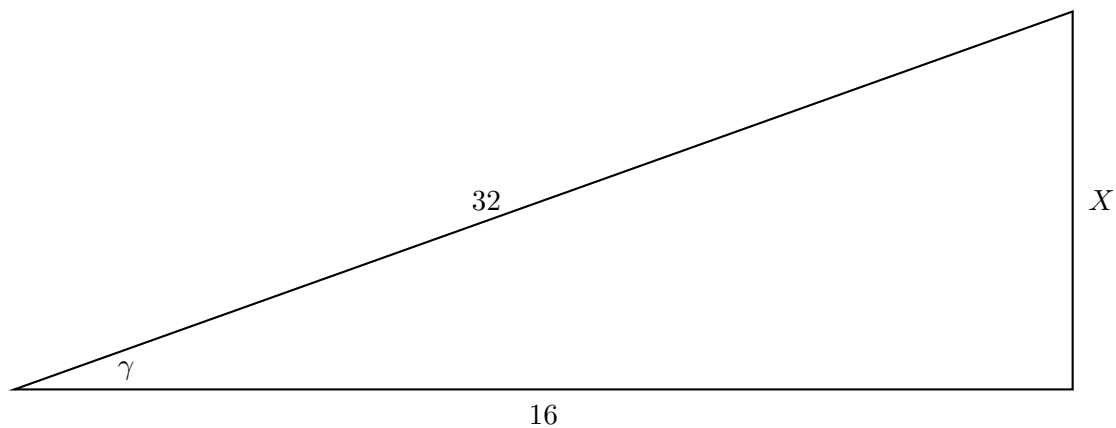
$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta d$$

Solution.

$$v_f = \pm \sqrt{v_i^2 + 2a\Delta d} \quad (\pm \text{ IMPORTANT})$$

Question 2:

Determine the length of the unknown side X for the triangle below



Solution.

We proceed with the Pythagorean Theorem,

$$X^2 + 16^2 = 32^2$$

$$X^2 = 32^2 - 16^2$$

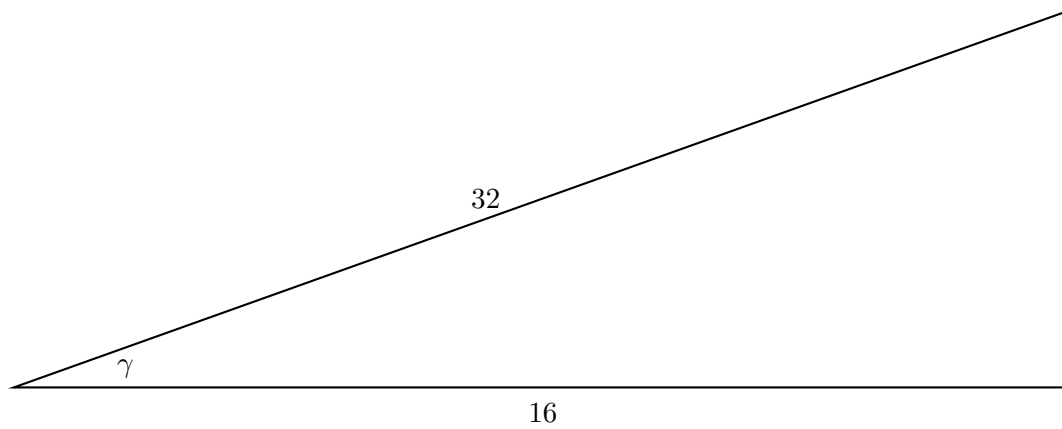
$$X^2 = 768$$

$$X = +\sqrt{768}$$

(Negative side is illogical)

Question 3:

Determine the angle γ



Solution.

$$\cos(\gamma) = \frac{16}{32}$$

$$\cos(\gamma) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma = 60$$