## Question 1:

Answer the following True/False questions (Assume [East] is positive)

- 1. An object under uniform motion has a
  - (a) Non-zero average acceleration in the positive direction (T / F)
  - (b) Zero average acceleration (T / F)
- 2. De-acceleration is just acceleration in the same direction of motion (T / F)
- 3. Suppose a Velocity V. Time plot is represented by y = 2x + 4,
  - (a) The average acceleration is uniform (T / F)
  - (b) The initial velocity of the body at t=0 was  $\vec{v}_i=+4\,\mathrm{m/\,s}$  (T / F)
  - (c) The displacement over the time interval [0, 2] was  $\Delta \vec{d} = +12 \text{m} \text{ (T / F)}$
  - (d) The average acceleration is  $\vec{a}_{av} = +2 \,\mathrm{m/s^2}$  (T / F)
- 4. A secant line on a Velocity V. Time graph over the interval  $[t_1, t_2]$  gives me the instantaneous acceleration over the time interval  $[t_1, t_2]$ . (T / F)
- 5. Suppose a Position V. Time plot is represented by  $y = x^2 + 4$ . Then,
  - (a) Slowing down in the positive direction. (T / F)
  - (b) The object is experiencing uniform motion. (T / F)
  - (c) The object may be experiencing uniform acceleration (T / F).
  - (d) The initial position vector of the object at t=0 is  $\vec{d_i}=2\,\mathrm{m}$
- 6. Suppose a Velocity V. Time plot is represented by y = -x + 3, then the displacement over the time interval [0, 8] is  $\Delta \vec{d} = +0$  m. (T / F)