

# Functions Test 2

January 17, 2021

## 1 Preamble

This is a test covering what we have learnt so far in lecture. Student's must show all work to receive full marks.

## 2 Allowed Aids

The following aids are allowed on the Test

- **Open Book Test** (Your entire binder is allowed).

## 3 Restrictions:

- **NO** calculator's.

## 4 Remarks:

- $n \cdot \mathbf{S} = \underbrace{\mathbf{S} + \cdots + \mathbf{S}}_{n \text{ times}}.$   $(n \in \mathbb{N})$
- $\text{len}(\mathbf{S})$  is number of bits in the binary string  $\mathbf{S}$ .
- $\text{floor}(x)$  is the smallest integer less than or equal to  $x$ .

## 5 Name and Date:

Print your name and todays date below;

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Name

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Date

## Part A - Multiple Choice

**Question 1.** Answer the following True/False questions,

1. Let  $\text{id}_{\mathbb{R}}: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be the identity function on  $\mathbb{R}$ , then

$$\text{id}_{\mathbb{R}}(\text{id}_{\mathbb{R}}^{-1}(\text{id}_{\mathbb{R}}(\text{id}_{\mathbb{R}}^{-1}(\text{id}_{\mathbb{R}}(\text{id}_{\mathbb{R}}^{-1}(-4)))))) = 4.$$

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

2. Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f(x) = 2(x - 1)^2$  be a function. Then  $f$  is not invertible.

**Hint:** Try using the Horizontal line test.

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

3. Let  $\mathcal{X} = \{0.5, \pi, 3.8\}$  and  $\mathcal{Y} = \{1, 4, 4.8\}$  be sets, define the following function,

- $\psi: \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ .
- $\psi(x) = \text{floor}(x) + 1$ .

Then  $\psi$  is an invertible function.

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

4. Let  $\mathcal{S} = \{10, 1100, 111000\}$  be a set of *binary strings* and  $Y = \{5, 7, 3\}$  be a set of natural numbers, define the following function,

- $\Delta: \mathcal{S} \rightarrow Y$ .
- $\Delta(\mathbf{S}) = \text{len}(\mathbf{S}) + 1$ .

Then the function,

- $\Delta^{-1}: Y \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$ .
- $\Delta^{-1}(y) = \text{floor}(y/2) \cdot \mathbf{1} + \text{floor}(y/2) \cdot \mathbf{0}$ , (where  $\mathbf{1}$  and  $\mathbf{0}$  are *binary strings*),

is the inverse function for  $\Delta$ .

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

5. Let  $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 4} - 1$  be a function, then  $g^{-1}(x) = (x - 1)^2 + 4$  is the inverse of  $g$ .

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

6. Let  $f(x) = x^2$ . Suppose we apply the following transformations to  $f$ ,

- Reflection across the y-axis.
- Vertical compression by a factor of 3.
- Horizontal compression by a factor of 2.
- Horizontal shift, left by 2 units.
- Vertical shift, down by 2 units.

Then the corresponding transformation equation is  $h(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(-2x - 4) - 2$ .

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

7. Let  $f(x) = |x|$ , and let  $h(x) = -2f(5x - 3) + 9$  be a transformation of  $f(x)$ , then the corresponding coordinate transformation of  $f$  is,

$$(x, f(x)) \longrightarrow \left( \frac{x-3}{5}, -2f(x) + 9 \right).$$

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

8. Let  $\Omega: \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}$  be a *surjective function*, then  $|\mathcal{H}| = |\mathcal{T}|$ .

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

9. Let  $f(x) = x^2$ , let  $h(x) = -f(x)$  be a transformation of  $f$ , and let  $r(x) = -h(-x)$  be a transformation of  $h$ , then  $r(x) = f(x)$ .

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

10. Let  $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f(x) = x^2$  be a function. Then  $f$  is not invertible.

Circle the correct answer:    **True**    **False**

## Part B - Solve all problems

**Question 2.** For each of the following, you are given a function and its definition. For each question,

- (i) Prove that the function is invertible **or** prove that the function is not invertible.
- (ii) Determine the range of the function.
- (a) Let  $\mathcal{S} = \{1100, 0011, 1010\}$ ,  $\mathcal{T} = \{0011, 1010, 0100, 1100\}$  be sets of binary strings and define,
  - $\lambda: \mathcal{S} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}$ .
  - $\lambda(\mathbf{S}) = \mathbf{s}_3\mathbf{s}_4\mathbf{s}_1\mathbf{s}_2$ .

(b) Let  $\mathcal{N} = \{2.7, 0.2, 1.3, 2.4\}$ ,  $\mathcal{M} = \{0, 2, 4\}$  be sets and define,

- $\omega: \mathcal{N} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$ .
- $\omega(n) = 2 \cdot \text{floor}(n)$ .

**Question 3.** Let  $\beta: V \rightarrow W$  be an invertible function. Suppose that the formula for the invertible function is,

$$\beta^{-1}(w) = 2w - 4.$$

(a) Given the co-domain  $W = \{-2, -4, 0, 2\}$  of  $\beta$ , recover the domain  $V$ .

(b) Determine the formula for  $\beta(v)$ .

**Hint:** Use the same algorithm for determining the inverse.

(c) Confirm that your formula for  $\beta(v)$  is correct by checking that each element in  $V$  correctly maps back to the corresponding elements in  $W$ .

**Question 4.** Let  $X = \{-3, 0, -5\}$  and  $Y = \{5, 3, 0\}$  be sets, define the following function,

- $\Phi: X \rightarrow Y$ .
- $\Phi(x) = |x|$ .

Prove that the function,

- $\Phi^{-1}: Y \rightarrow X$ .
- $\Phi^{-1}(y) = -\text{id}_Y(y)$ .

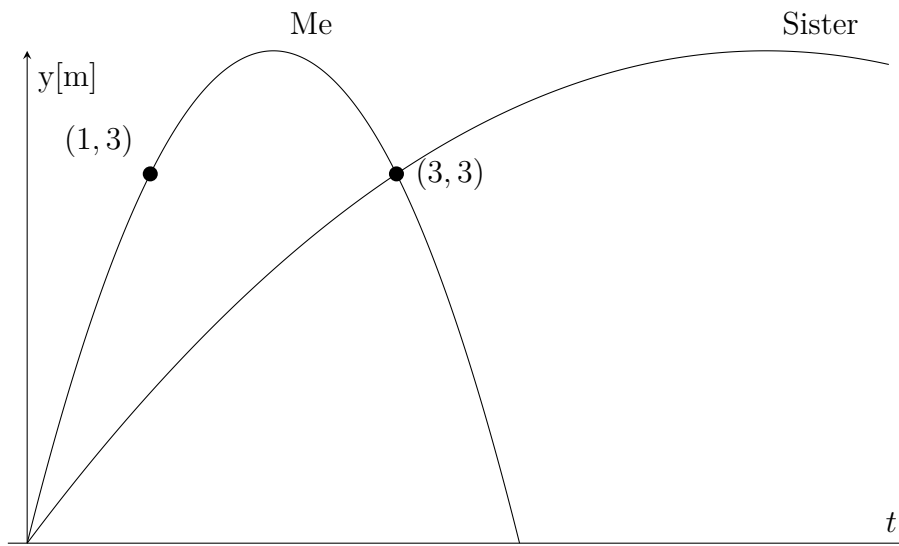
is the inverse function for  $\Phi$ .

**Question 5.** Determine the inverse function for the following functions,

(a)  $f(x) = 4x + 8$ .

(b)  $H(x) = \sqrt{x - 16} + 2$ .

**Question 6.** Suppose that I throw a ball from ground level and my sister simultaneously throws a rock. She manages to hit the ball at exactly  $t = 3$  seconds.



Let  $M(x)$  denote my graph and  $S(x)$  denote the graph of my sister. We can represent the graph of my sister as a horizontal scaling of my graph,

$$S(x) = M(B \cdot x) \quad (B \in \mathbb{R}, B \neq 1)$$

Using the data given in the plot, determine the correct value for  $B$ .



**Question 7.** Let  $f(x) = |x|$ , and let  $R(x) = -\frac{1}{2}f(2x + 4) + 1$  be a transformation of  $f$ .

(a) Describe the transformation.

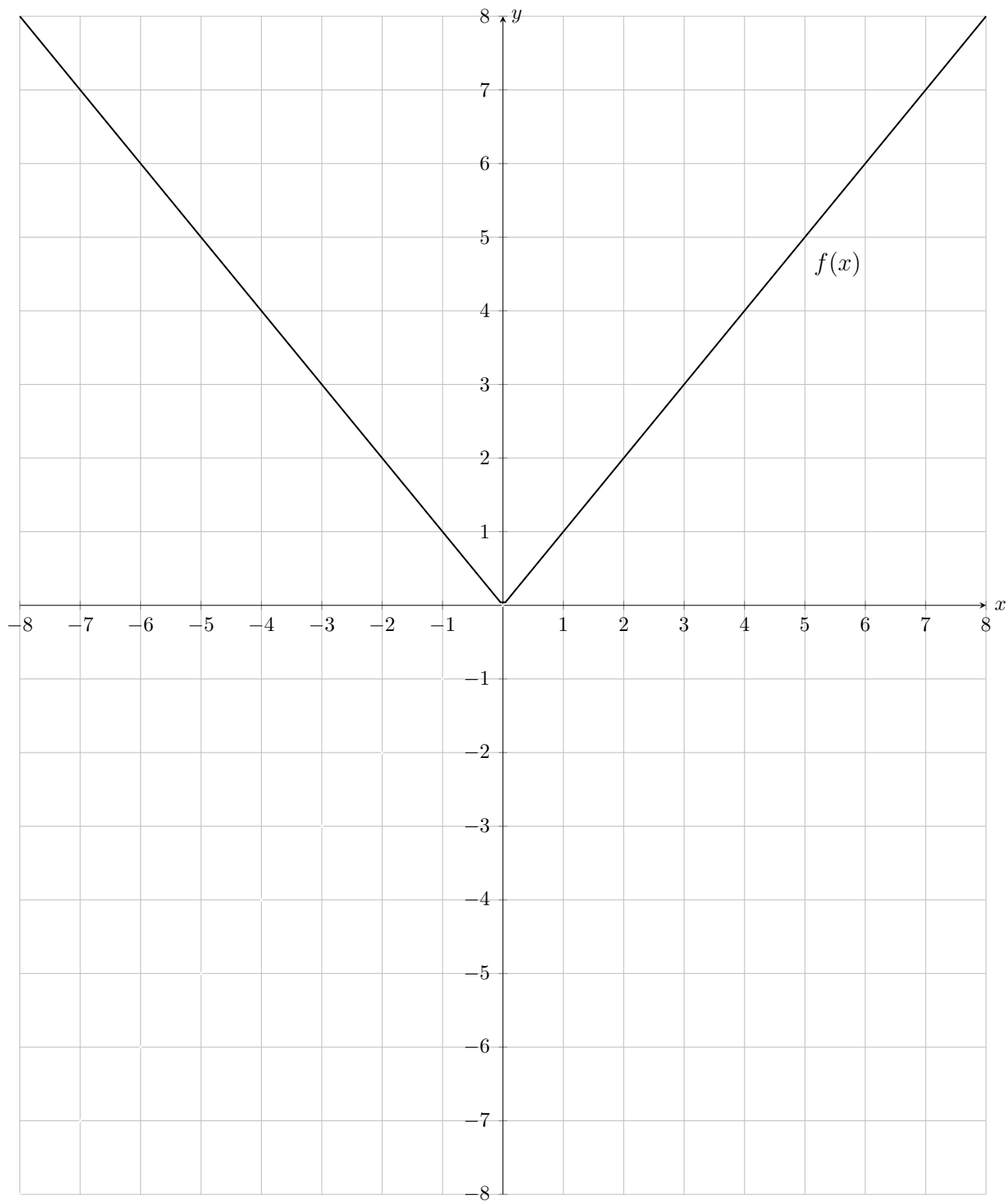
(b) Determine the expression for the coordinate transformation,

$$\left(\frac{x - H}{B}, Af(x) + K\right) = \left( \quad , \quad \right)$$

(c) Complete the following coordinate table to determine the corresponding transformed coordinates.

$(x, f(x))$	$\left( \quad , \quad \right)$
$(0, 0)$	
$(-6, 6)$	
$(6, 6)$	
$(-4, 4)$	
$(4, 4)$	

- (d) Using your results from the coordinate table, sketch the transformation  $R(x)$ . Be sure to **label** the transformed coordinates as well as the function.



## Part C - Solve exactly one of the three problems.

**Question 8.** Let  $A = \{a, b, c\}$ ,  $B = \{x, y, z\}$  be sets. Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be the set of all functions from  $A \rightarrow B$ . Let  $\mathcal{M} = \{f \in \mathcal{L} \mid f \text{ is invertible}\}$ . Determine  $|\mathcal{M}|$  and justify that your answer is correct.

**Note:** Try counting all possible mapping diagrams between  $A$  and  $B$ . Two invertible functions are the same if their mapping diagrams are equivalent.

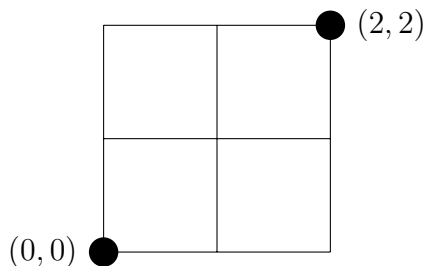
**Question 9.** Let  $A, B$  be sets, and let  $F: A \rightarrow B$  be a function between the sets. We define the **nullset** of  $F$  to be,

$$\text{Null}(F) = \{a \in A \mid F(a) = 0\}.$$

Let  $G: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $G(x) = 2x - 4$ ,

- (a) Determine  $\text{Null}(G)$ .
- (b) What do you think  $\text{Null}(G^{-1})$  contains and why?
- (c) Determine  $\text{Null}(G^{-1})$ .

**Question 10.** Consider the following grid below,



Let **R** denote a rightward move and **U** denote an upward move. We define a path from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(2, 2)$  to be a sequence of rightward and upward moves. For example **RRUU** is a path from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(2, 2)$ , and so is **UURR**.

- (a) Determine all paths from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(2, 2)$ . Collect all of these paths into the set  $\mathcal{P}$ .

**Hint:**  $|\mathcal{P}| = 6$ .

- (b) Let  $Z = \{\{1, 2\}, \{1, 3\}, \{1, 4\}, \{2, 3\}, \{2, 4\}, \{3, 4\}\}$ .

- (i) Describe a function  $\Psi: \mathcal{P} \rightarrow Z$  that assigns a relationship between the two sets.

**Note:** The function description can be in words.

- (ii) Draw a mapping diagram for  $\Psi$  based on your description of the function.

**Hint:** In my description :  $\Psi(\text{UURR}) = \{3, 4\}$ ,  $\Psi(\text{RUUR}) = \{1, 4\}$  (Yours could be different)

- (c) Describe the inverse function  $\Psi^{-1}: Z \rightarrow \mathcal{P}$ .

**CHOOSE AND SOLVE ON NEXT PAGE**

Question \_\_\_\_.