

## Worksheet 6: Link-based Queues

In this worksheet you will implement a link-based version of the **Queue** interface. For this implementation, you should use the pseudo code provided in the lecture and also take inspiration from the **LinkedStack** implementation you developed in previous worksheets.

Do all the questions below (Q1 is worth 50%, Q2 and Q3 are worth 25% each). Submit 2 files: *LinkedQueue.java* and *LinkedQueueTest.java* (which contains the answer to Q3).

1. Create a class called **LinkedQueue** that implements the **Queue** interface provided. Copy the inner **Node** class implementation from the **LinkedStack** class. Implement the five methods specified in the **Queue** interface.
2. Override the `toString()` method to provide a string based representation of the state of the queue (use the `toString()` method on the **LinkedStack** class as inspiration). Try to make the output meet the following format:

[3] : ["A"]->["P"]->["E"]->

Where this represents a queue that contains 3 values A, P, and E, which were enqueued in that order.

3. Write a main method that performs the following operations on an integer queue:

Enqueue(10), Enqueue(5), Dequeue(), Enqueue(15), Enqueue(3), Dequeue(), Enqueue(7), Dequeue(), Enqueue(20).

Print out the state of the queue after each operation.

Add a loop at the end that clears the queue and calculates the total value of the numbers were left in the queue at the end of the above sequence of operations.