## **Chapter 36: The Max location problem.**

In which we also apply Searching by Elimination.

Let g[M..N] be an array of int  $\{M \le N\}$ . We are asked to find the location of the largest element in g.

We shall apply the searching by elimination algorithm. We begin by defining F

\* (0) F.x = 
$$\langle \forall i :: g.i \leq g.x \rangle$$

We can now specify our problem as follows.

Pre: 
$$\langle \exists k : M \le k \le N : F.k \rangle$$

Post: F.x

We now calculate our guards

F.a 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 F.b  
= {definition of F}  
 $\langle \forall i :: g.i \le g.a \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \forall i :: g.i \le g.b \rangle$   
 $\Leftarrow$  { $\leq$  transitive}  
g.a  $\leq$  g.b

By symmetry,  $(F.b \Rightarrow F.a) \leftarrow g.b \leq g.a$ 

; x := a

And thus, using the symmetric linear search, we arrive at our finished program

$$a, b := M, N$$
  
 $;do \ a \neq b \rightarrow \qquad \{M \leq a < b \leq N\}$   
 $if \ g.a \leq g.b \rightarrow a := a+1$   
 $[] \ g.b \leq g.a \rightarrow b := b-1$   
 $fi$