

Practical 06 - Build and deploy a WebService application

Objectives:

- To build a functioning WebService in Eclipse.
- To publish the WebService as an application on TomCat
- To view the WebService WSDL
- The web service should provide the following functions:
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 - If given the radius of a circle, returns the area of the circle ($\pi \times \text{radius} \times \text{radius}$)
 - If given the length and breadth of rectangle, returns the area of the rectangle ($\text{length} \times \text{breadth}$)

Requirements for today:

- Oracle Java JDK v1.7 (aka Java 7) - www.java.com (already installed in the VM provided)
- Eclipse JEE Kepler - www.eclipse.org
- Apache Tomcat - www.apache.org
- SOAPUI (free version, not Pro)- www.soapui.org
- ...all installed as per Practical 01.

Instructions:

1. Launch Virtual Machine, launch Eclipse
 - 1.1. Start and sign on to the Virtual Machine for this course.
 - 1.2. Locate the "eclipse" folder where you installed the Eclipse JEE IDE (typically /home/user/development/eclipse)
 - 1.3. Within that folder, locate file "eclipse", and double-click it.
 - 1.4. In the "Execute File" dialogue, click on <Execute>
 - 1.5. If you are asked about the location for the Workspace, choose a suitable directory (the default is fine), then click <OK>.
 - 1.6. Wait for Eclipse to finish launching.
 - 1.7. If the "Welcome" page appears, close it.
2. Unpack the TomCat server
 - 2.1. Launch the file manager from the "Start" bar.
 - 2.2. Locate the Tomcat installation file (generally in /home/user/Downloads/apache-tomcat-X.X.X.tar-gz or similar)
 - 2.3. Double click the Tomcat installation file.

- 2.4. When the Archive Manager opens, extract the folder "apache-tomcat-x.x.x" to the folder /home/development.
- 2.5. Close the Archive Manager.
3. Tell Eclipse about the Tomcat server
 - 3.1. In the Eclipse window, select "Window" then "Preferences"
 - 3.2. In the "Preferences" dialog, open the "Server" item, then select "Runtime Environments"
 - 3.3. In the "Server Runtime Environments" dialog, click <Add>
 - 3.4. In the "New Server Runtime Environment" dialog:
 - 3.4.1. Open the "Apache" folder
 - 3.4.2. Select "Apache Tomcat v7.0" item.
 - 3.4.3. Check that "Create a new local server" is not selected.
 - 3.4.4. Click <Next>
 - 3.5. In the "Tomcat Server" dialog:
 - 3.5.1. Leave "Name" and "JRE" untouched.
 - 3.5.2. For the field "Tomcat installation directory", click Browse:
 - 3.5.3. In the dialog that appears, select directory you extracted Tomcat into above (typically /home/user/development/apache-tomcat-x-x-x or similar).
 - 3.5.4. Click <OK>
 - 3.6. Back at the "Tomcat Server" dialog, click "Finish"
 - 3.7. Back at the "Preferences" dialog, click "OK"
4. Create a new project to hold our application
 - 4.1. Back at the Eclipse desktop right click in a blank area of the "Project Explorer" window.
 - 4.2. Select "New", then "Project"
 - 4.3. In the "New Project" dialog:
 - 4.3.1. Locate and open the "Web" folder.
 - 4.3.2. In the "Web" folder, locate and select the "Dynamic Web Project" item.
 - 4.3.3. Click <Next>
 - 4.4. In the "New Dynamic Web Project" dialog:
 - 4.4.1. Enter the project name "Practical06" – Note: no spaces in name.
 - 4.4.2. Note that the "Target Runtime" is set to the "Apache Tomcat v7.0" instance we created earlier
 - 4.4.3. Click <Next>
 - 4.5. At the "Java" dialog, click <Next>
 - 4.6. At the "Web Module" dialog:
 - 4.6.1. Write down the value in "Context Root" here: - NB: Case Sensitive! : _____
 - 4.6.2. Ensure that "Generate web.xml deployment descriptor" is selected.
 - 4.6.3. Click <Finish>
 - 4.7. Wait for the Dynamic Web Project to be created

- 4.8. Back in the "Project Explorer" window:
 - 4.8.1. Locate the dynamic web project we just created, and open it.
 - 4.8.2. Note the folders and other items created to support the project.
5. Create a new Java Class containing our code
 - 5.1. Back at the Eclipse desktop, locate the new Dynamic Web Project in the "Project Explorer" window.
 - 5.2. Open the Dynamic Web Project
 - 5.3. Within the Dynamic Web Project, locate and open the "Java Resources" folder.
 - 5.4. Within the "Java Resources" folder, locate the "src" folder.
 - 5.4.1. Right click the "src" folder, then select "New" then "Class"
 - 5.5. In the "New Java Class" dialog:
 - 5.5.1. Set the "Package" name ("ie.ipa.webservices.<username>" is appropriate, replaing <username> above with your username, e.g. jsmith
 - 5.5.2. Set the "Class" name (e.g. "ShapeAreas") write it down here: - NB: Case Sensitive! : _____
 - 5.5.3. Leave all the other defaults unchanged.
 - 5.5.4. Click <Finish>
 - 5.6. Back at "src" folder, note that the package and .java file have been created, and the .java file has been opened for editing:
6. Add code to the .java file:
 - 6.1. The .java file currently contains:

```
package <package name, as set>
public class <class name as set> {
}
```
 - 6.2. Add code so it looks like the following:

```
package <package name, as set>
public class <class name as set> {
    public double circleArea( double radius ){
        return radius * radius * 3.14 ;
    }
    public double rectangleArea( double length , double breadth ){
        return length * breadth ;
    }
    public String helloName(String name){
        return "Hello " + name;
    }
}
```
7. Check and review the code:
 - 7.1. Save and validate the code you types in, fix any errors. Ensure that the validation completes with no errors or warnings before proceeding

- 7.2. Review the code, and try and figure out what it does before proceeding...
- 7.3. Close the editor window for "ShapeAreas.java"
8. Create a new web service based on this code.
 - 8.1. In the Package Explorer window, locate the "ShapeAreas.java" file.
 - 8.2. Right click the ".java" file, then select "New" then "Other"
 - 8.3. In the "New" dialog:
 - 8.3.1. Locate and open the "Web Services" folder
 - 8.3.2. Within the "Web Services" folder, locate then select "Web Service" item.
 - 8.3.3. Click <Next>
 - 8.4. Within the "Web Service" dialog:
 - 8.4.1. The top section refers to the WebService we are creating:
 - 8.4.2. Note that the "Web service type" is set to "Bottom up Java bean Web Service"
 - 8.4.3. Check that "Service Implementation" is set to the package name and class name you set earlier.
 - 8.4.4. Check that the top "slider" is set to the value "Start Service"
 - 8.4.5. The lower section refers to a "client" we can create for this WebService – we don't want this at the moment, so check that the bottom "slider" is set to the lowest value, i.e. "Configuration: No Client Generation"
 - 8.4.6. Ensure that "Publish the Web Service" is selected.
 - 8.4.7. Click <Next>
 - 8.5. Within the "Web Service Java Bean Identity" dialog.
 - 8.5.1. Ensure that all the methods in your class are selected methods.
 - 8.5.2. Note the name of the WSDL file.
 - 8.5.3. Leave all other settings at default.
 - 8.5.4. Click <Next>
 - 8.6. At the "Server Startup" dialog:
 - 8.6.1. Click <Start server>
 - 8.6.2. Wait for the server (the Tomcat instance we specified) to start.
 - 8.6.3. Click <Next>
 - 8.6.4. Wait for the deployment to complete.
 - 8.7. At the "Web Service Publication":
 - 8.7.1. De-select both options (we're not using UDDI today)
 - 8.7.2. Click "Finish"
 - 8.8. Leave Eclipse running - don't close the application!
9. Use your browser to examine the WebService and WSDL
 - 9.1. Launch a web browser.
 - 9.2. Enter the address of `http://localhost:8080/<context root>/services/<class name>`
 - 9.3. Note that there is a dummy "holding" page there.

- 9.4. Enter the address of `http://localhost:8080/<context root>/services/<class name>?WSDL`
- 9.5. Note the returned WSDL is based on the code in the .class file
- 9.6. In particular, note the type, messages, operations and ports - make sure you can see how these relate to the code.
- 9.7. Highlight and copy this URL - also, write it down here: - NB: Case Sensitive!
- 9.8. `WEB_SERVICE_URL =` _____
10. Export the complete application as a WAR file
 - 10.1. Return to the Eclipse Project Explorer window
 - 10.2. Locate the main "Dynamic Web Project" we have created.
 - 10.3. Right click the Project
 - 10.4. Select "Export" then "WAR file"
 - 10.5. In the "WAR Export" dialogue
 - 10.6. Select a destination file for the WAR export
 - 10.7. Note the available options
 - 10.8. Click Finish
11. Investigate the .war file:
 - 11.1. Locate the exported ".war" file.
 - 11.2. Double click the ".war" file to open this file with the Archive Manager and examine the contents.