A Scikit-Learn Workflow



1. Get data ready

2. Pick a model (to suit your problem)

3. Fit the model to the data and make a prediction

4. Evaluate the model

5. Improve through experimentation

6. Save and reload your trained model

RANDOM

FOREST

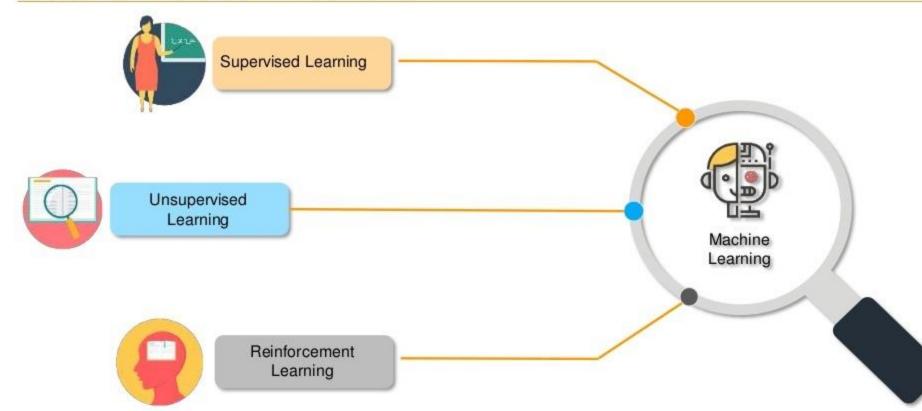


simplilearn



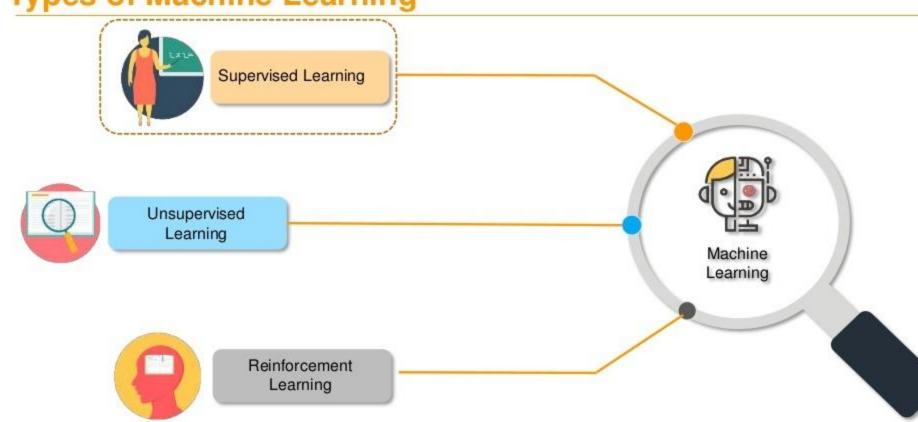


Types of Machine Learning





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Types of Supervised Learning





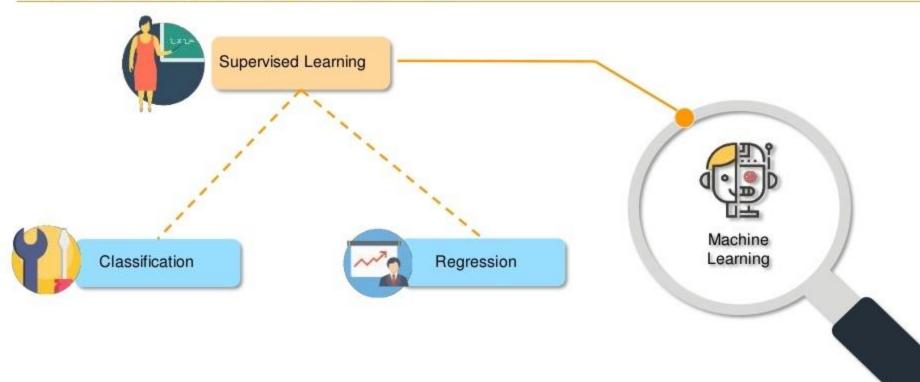
Unsupervised Learning



Reinforcement Learning

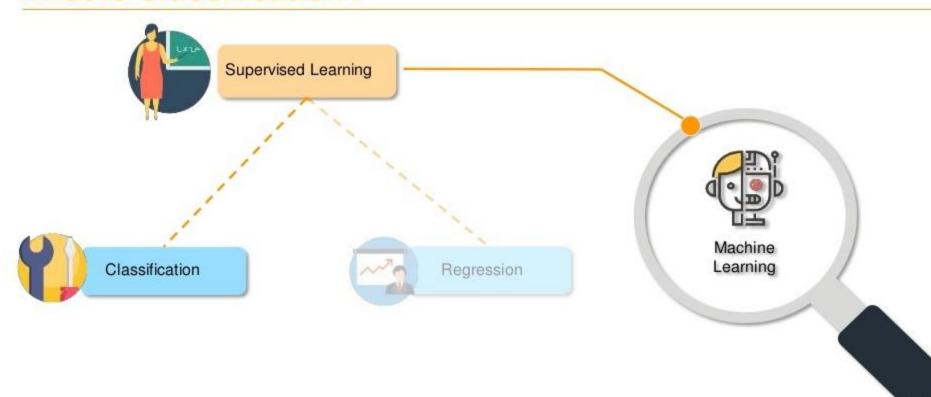


Types of Supervised Learning



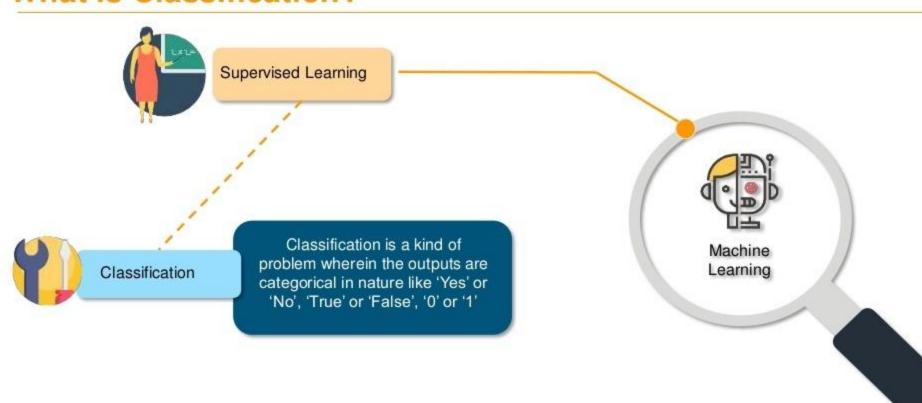


What is Classification?

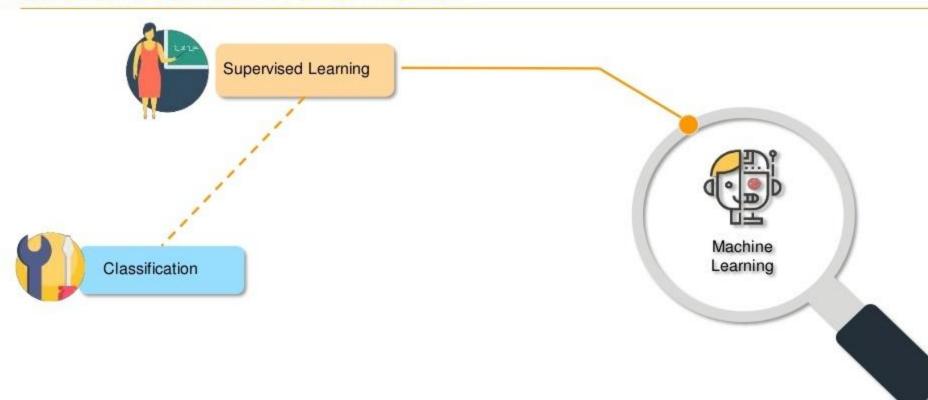




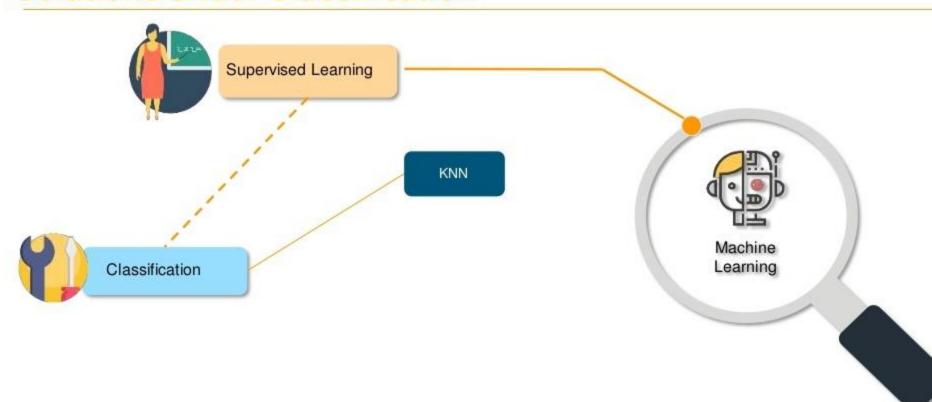
What is Classification?



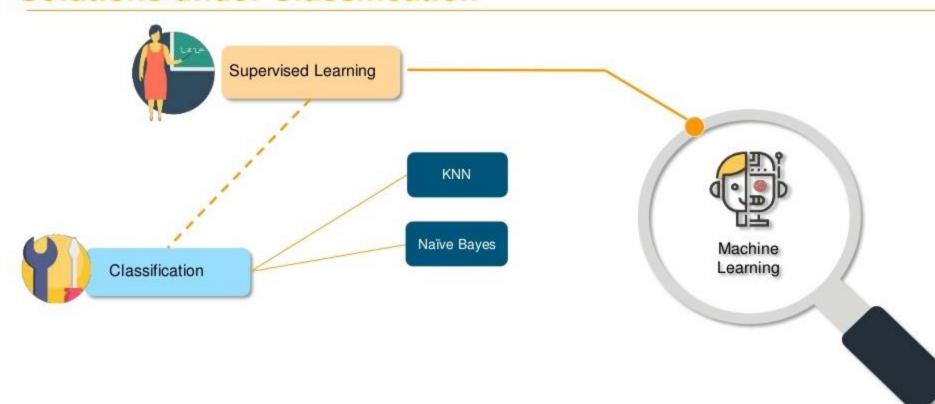




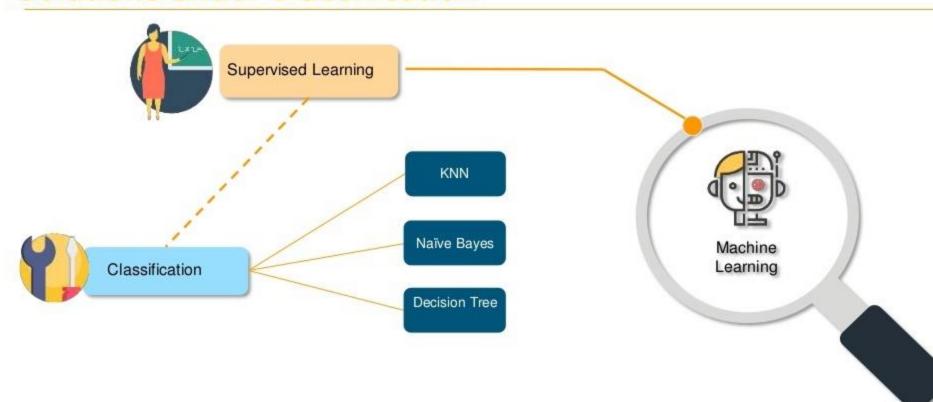




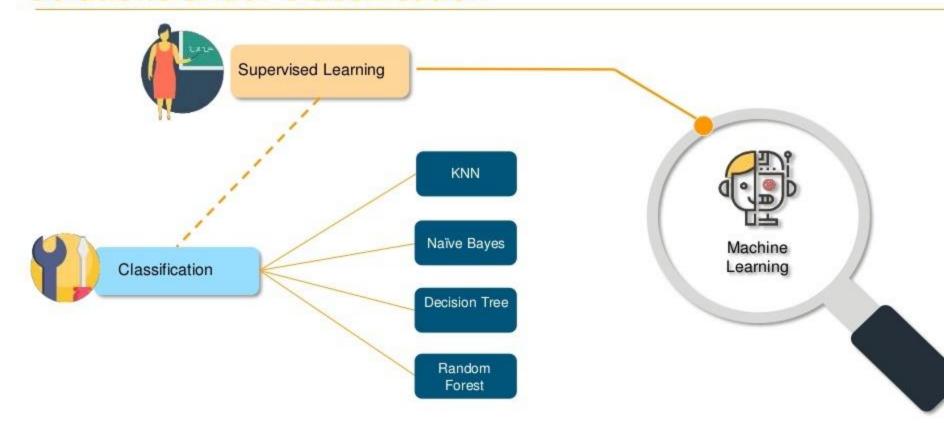




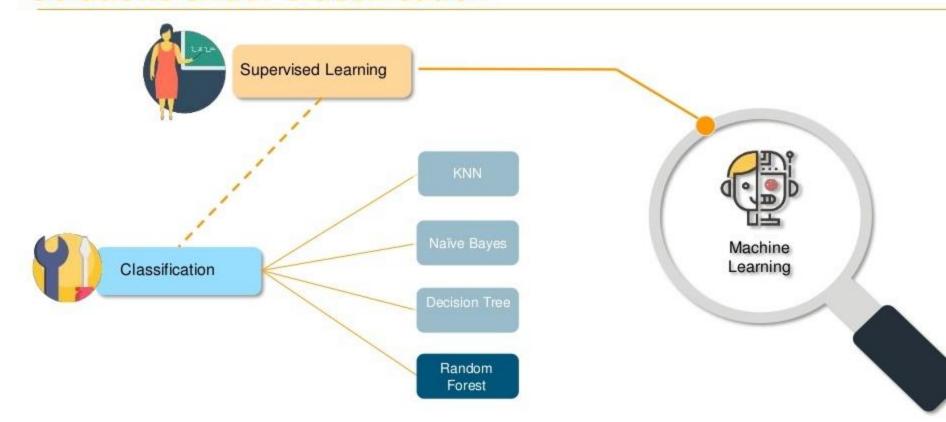
















Why Random Forest?



No overfitting

Use of multiple trees reduce the risk of overfitting

Training time is less



High accuracy

Runs efficiently on large database

For large data, it produces highly accurate predictions



Estimates missing data

Random Forest can maintain accuracy when a large proportion of data is missing





Random forest or Random Decision Forest is a method that operates by constructing multiple Decision Trees during training phase.

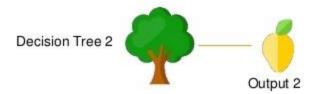


Random forest or Random Decision Forest is a method that operates by constructing multiple Decision Trees during training phase.



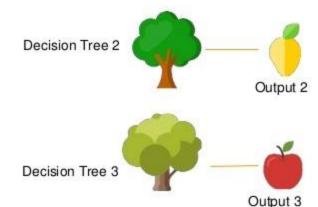
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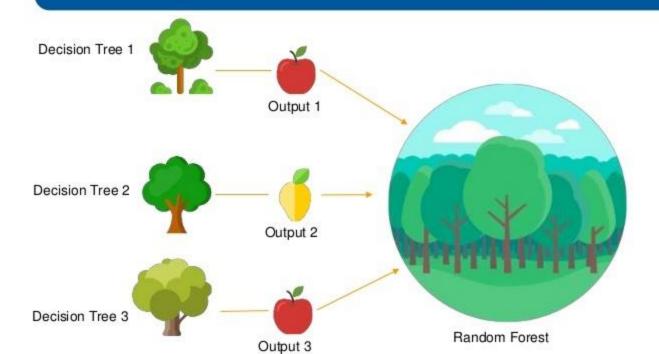


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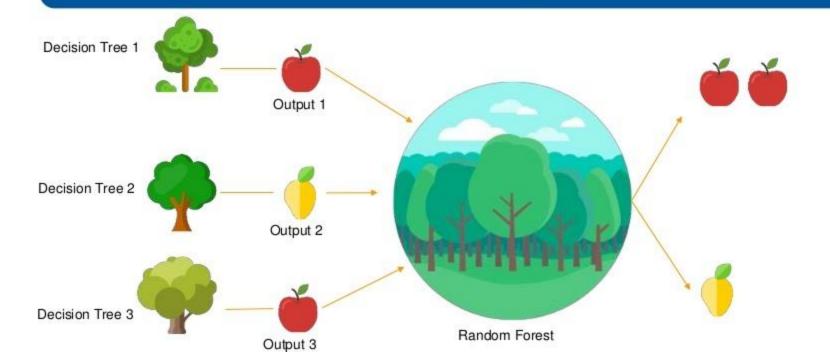


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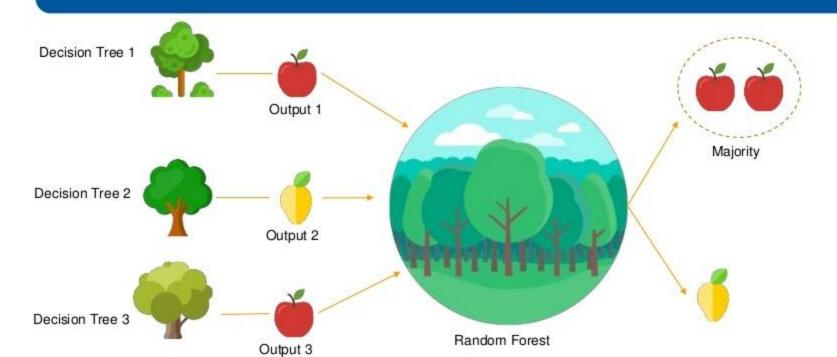




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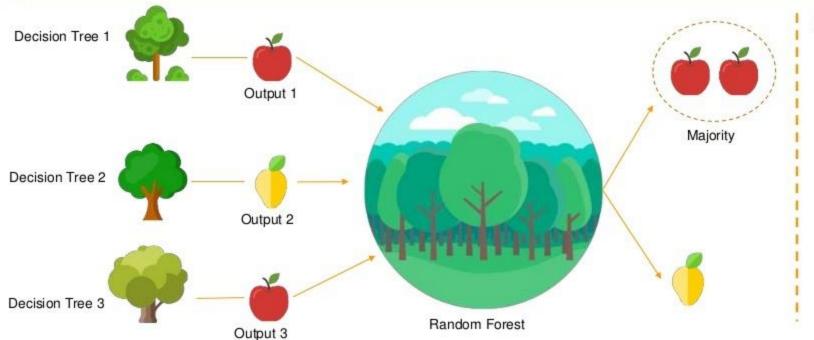


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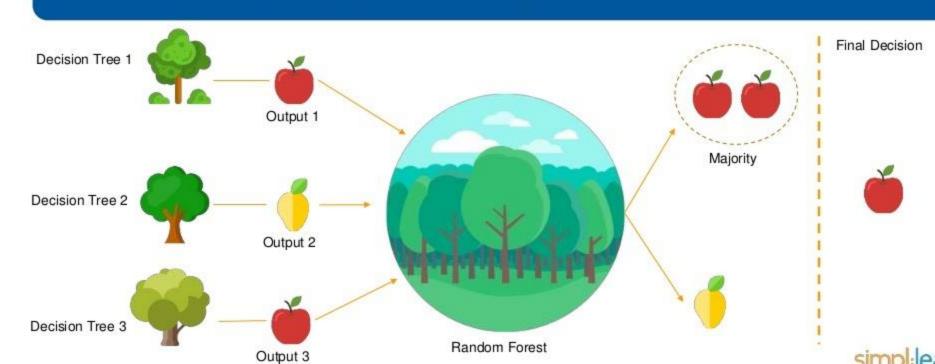
The Decision of the majority of the trees is chosen by the random forest as the final decision



Final Decision

simpl:le

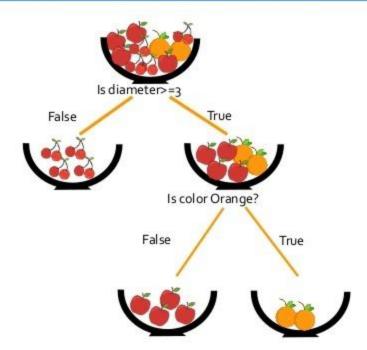
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Decision Tree

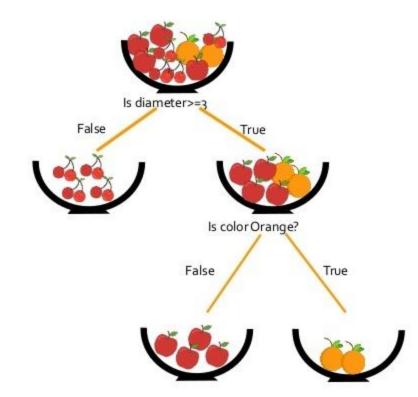
Decision Tree is a tree shaped diagram used to determine a course of action. Each branch of the tree represents a possible decision, occurrence or reaction





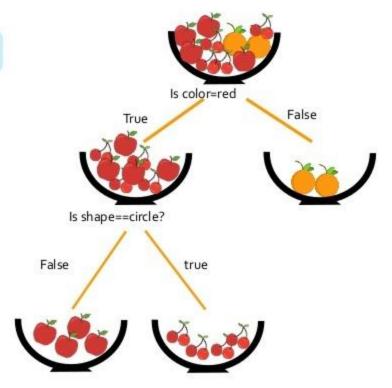


Let this be Tree 1



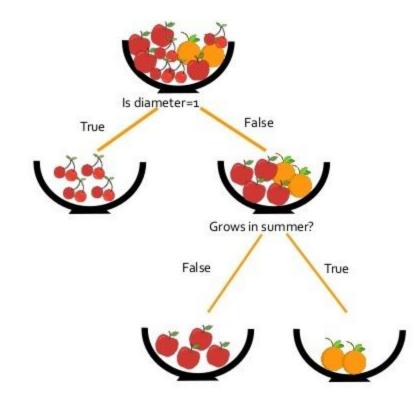


Let this be Tree 2

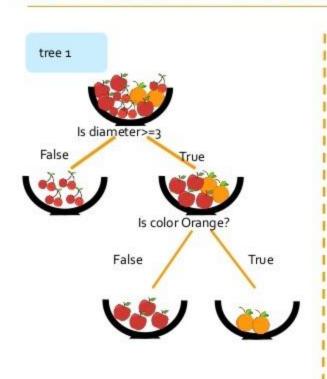


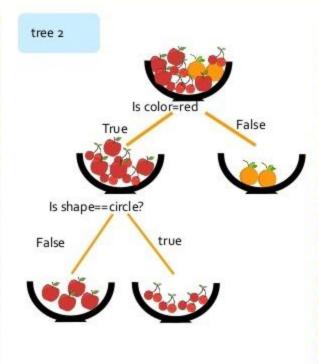


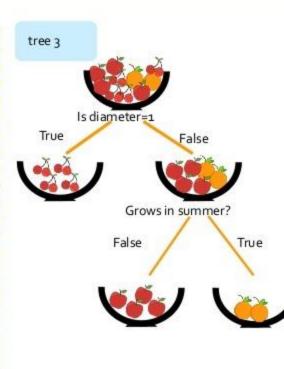
Let this be Tree 3













Now Lets try to classify this fruit

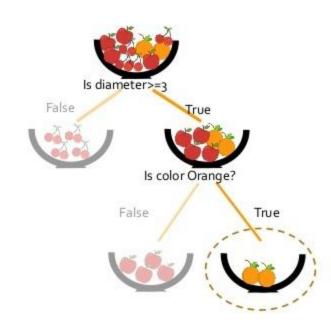




Tree 1 classifies it as an orange



Diameter = 3 Colour = orange Grows in summer = yes SHAPE = CIRCLE

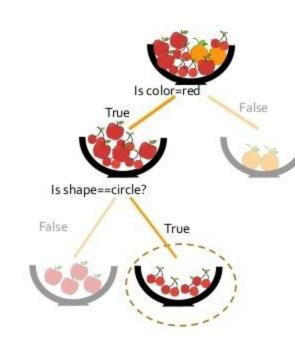




Tree 2 classifies it as cherries



Diameter = 3 Colour = orange Grows in summer = yes SHAPE = CIRCLE

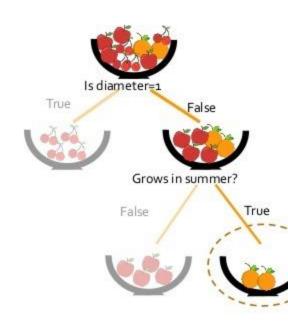




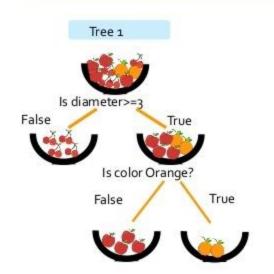
Tree 3 classifies it as orange

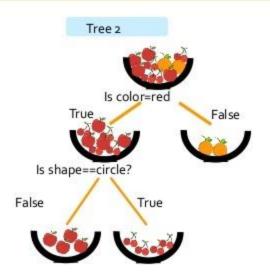


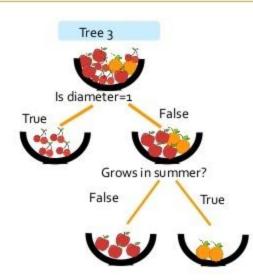
Diameter = 3 Colour = orange Grows in summer = yes SHAPE = CIRCLE



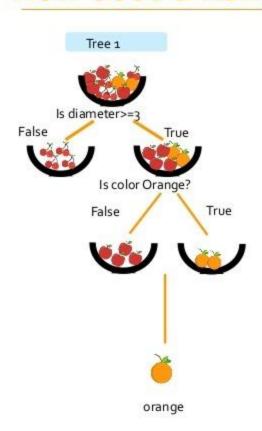


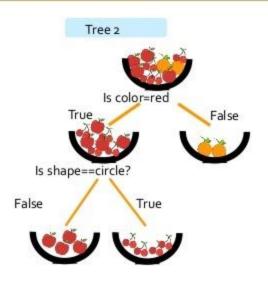


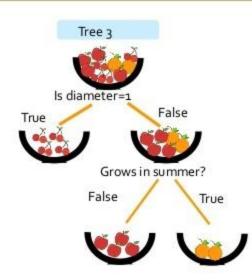




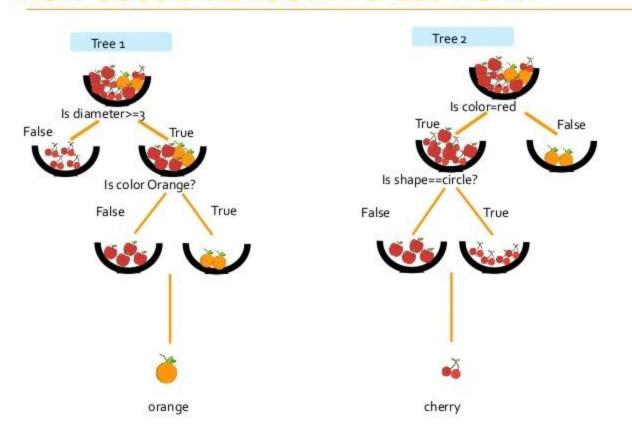


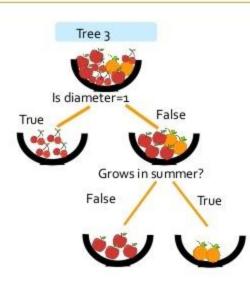




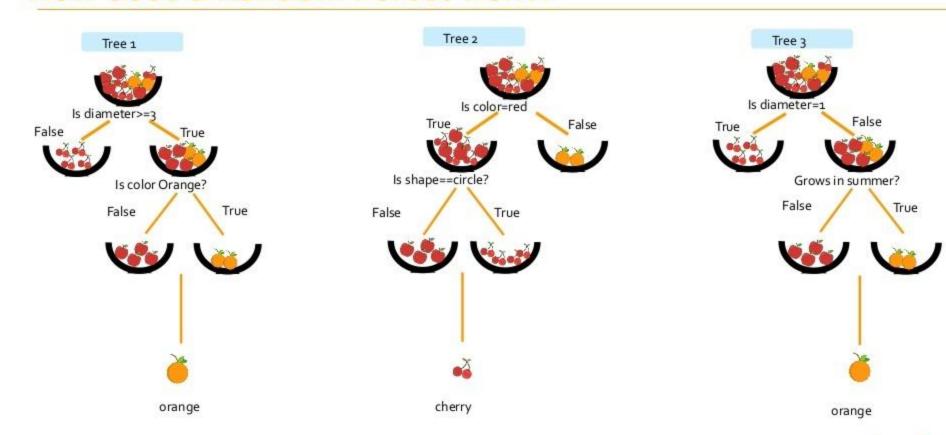




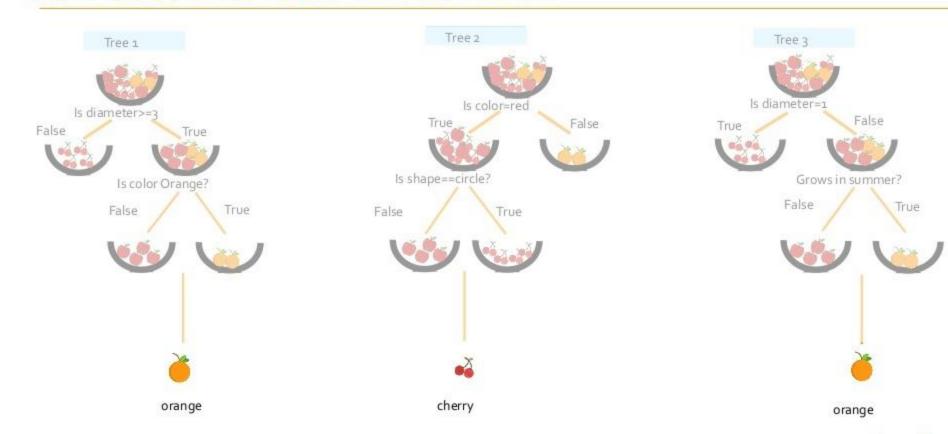


















cherry



So the fruit is classified as an orange





So the fruit is classified as an orange







True Class Confusion Positive matrix Negative TP FP FN TN