Part4 Dimensionality Reduction

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Data setup

For PCA, I picked dataset used on Notebook1.

```
library(caret)
Data cleaning
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Loading required package: lattice
library(readr)
df <- read_csv("CASP.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 45730 Columns: 10
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (10): RMSD, F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F7, F8, F9
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
df = subset(df, select = -c(RMSD))
df <- df[,1:9]
set.seed(1234)
i <- sample(1:nrow(df), 0.8*nrow(df), replace=FALSE)</pre>
train <- df[i,]
test <- df[-i,]
```

PCA

run PCA of the data. Since we use F2~F9 as predictors, we will run PCA on those values.

```
pca_out <- preProcess(train[,2:9], method=c("center", "scale", "pca"))
pca_out</pre>
```

```
## Created from 36584 samples and 8 variables
##
## Pre-processing:
## - centered (8)
## - ignored (0)
## - principal component signal extraction (8)
```

```
##
     - scaled (8)
##
## PCA needed 4 components to capture 95 percent of the variance
deviding train and test value.
train_pc <- predict(pca_out, train[,1:9])</pre>
test_pc <- predict(pca_out, test[,])</pre>
summary(train_pc)
                         PC1
                                           PC2
                                                               PC3
##
          F1
##
                           :-4.1275
                                             :-4.63160
                                                                 :-47.13364
   Min.
          : 2392
                    Min.
                                      Min.
                                                          Min.
   1st Qu.: 6939
                    1st Qu.:-1.6732
                                      1st Qu.:-0.69410
                                                          1st Qu.: -0.21488
##
  Median : 8896
                    Median :-0.5958
                                      Median : 0.06206
                                                          Median : -0.01837
                                                                 : 0.00000
##
   Mean
          : 9873
                    Mean
                           : 0.0000
                                      Mean
                                             : 0.00000
                                                          Mean
   3rd Qu.:12136
##
                    3rd Qu.: 1.3262
                                                          3rd Qu.: 0.24568
                                      3rd Qu.: 0.75827
##
  Max.
           :40035
                    Max.
                           :17.2017
                                      Max.
                                             : 5.06025
                                                          Max.
                                                                : 2.78392
         PC4
##
##
           :-2.33887
  Min.
  1st Qu.:-0.38242
## Median :-0.04368
   Mean
         : 0.00000
##
   3rd Qu.: 0.39427
## Max.
          :17.31966
summary(test_pc)
                         PC1
                                             PC2
                                                                 PC3
##
         F1
##
          : 2791
                           :-4.055640
                                               :-4.32912
                                                                   :-47.44577
   Min.
                    Min.
                                        Min.
                                                            Min.
   1st Qu.: 6922
                    1st Qu.:-1.670113
                                        1st Qu.:-0.71799
                                                            1st Qu.: -0.21691
  Median: 8911
                    Median :-0.590847
                                        Median: 0.03685
                                                            Median : -0.01744
##
   Mean : 9865
                    Mean
                           : 0.003437
                                        Mean :-0.02529
                                                            Mean : -0.01944
##
   3rd Qu.:12094
                    3rd Qu.: 1.286336
                                        3rd Qu.: 0.76104
                                                            3rd Qu.: 0.25113
##
   Max.
           :38042
                    Max.
                           :17.719629
                                        Max. : 4.38492
                                                            Max. : 1.77561
        PC4
##
##
  Min.
           :-2.30902
##
  1st Qu.:-0.39028
## Median :-0.03719
          : 0.01250
## Mean
##
   3rd Qu.: 0.41447
## Max.
          :15.30092
Linear Regression
Simple linear regression
lm <- lm(PC1~., data=train_pc)</pre>
summary(lm)
##
## lm(formula = PC1 ~ ., data = train_pc)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -5.8039 -0.1872 -0.0021 0.1998 2.8061
```

```
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -5.692e+00 5.267e-03 -1080.69
                                                <2e-16 ***
## F1
               5.765e-04 4.944e-07 1166.05
                                                <2e-16 ***
## PC2
              -1.593e-01 1.867e-03
                                      -85.33
                                               <2e-16 ***
## PC3
              -7.789e-02 2.414e-03
                                      -32.26
                                                <2e-16 ***
               4.936e-01 2.916e-03
## PC4
                                      169.28
                                                <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.3783 on 36579 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9738, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9738
## F-statistic: 3.399e+05 on 4 and 36579 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
pred_lm <- predict(lm, newdata=test_pc)</pre>
cor_lm <- cor(pred_lm, test$F1)</pre>
mse_lm <- mean((pred_lm-test$F1)^2)</pre>
rmse_lm <- sqrt(mse_lm)</pre>
print(paste('correlation:', cor_lm))
## [1] "correlation: 0.985354921818796"
print(paste('mse:', mse_lm))
## [1] "mse: 113841993.42143"
print(paste('rmse:', rmse_lm))
## [1] "rmse: 10669.6763503599"
```

kNN Regression

Perform kNN regression, from calculating the best k value.

train_df <- data.frame(train_pc\$PC1, train_pc\$PC2,train_pc\$PC3,train_pc\$PC4, train\$F1)
test_df <- data.frame(test_pc\$PC1, test_pc\$PC2,test_pc\$PC3,test_pc\$PC4, test_pc\$F1)
summary(train_df)</pre>

```
##
                      train_pc.PC2
    train_pc.PC1
                                        train_pc.PC3
                                                            train_pc.PC4
##
   Min.
         :-4.1275
                     Min. :-4.63160
                                      Min. :-47.13364
                                                           Min. :-2.33887
  1st Qu.:-1.6732
                    1st Qu.:-0.69410
                                      1st Qu.: -0.21488
                                                           1st Qu.:-0.38242
##
## Median :-0.5958
                    Median : 0.06206
                                      Median : -0.01837
                                                           Median :-0.04368
## Mean : 0.0000
                     Mean : 0.00000
                                       Mean : 0.00000
                                                           Mean : 0.00000
##
   3rd Qu.: 1.3262
                     3rd Qu.: 0.75827
                                       3rd Qu.: 0.24568
                                                           3rd Qu.: 0.39427
##
  Max.
         :17.2017
                     Max. : 5.06025
                                       Max. : 2.78392
                                                           Max.
                                                                :17.31966
##
      train.F1
## Min.
         : 2392
## 1st Qu.: 6939
## Median: 8896
## Mean
         : 9873
## 3rd Qu.:12136
## Max.
          :40035
cor_k \leftarrow rep(0, 20)
mse_k \leftarrow rep(0, 20)
i <- 1
for (k in seq(1, 39, 2)){
```

```
fit_k <- knnreg(train_df[,1:4],train_df[,5],k=k)</pre>
pred_k <- predict(fit_k, test_df[,1:4])</pre>
 cor_k[i] <- cor(pred_k, test_df$test_pc.F1)</pre>
mse_k[i] <- mean((pred_k - test_df$test_pc.F1)^2)</pre>
print(paste("k=", k, cor_k[i], mse_k[i]))
 i <- i + 1
}
## [1] "k= 1 0.985623875204012 474731.996377348"
## [1] "k= 3 0.989622773700525 342186.08446261"
## [1] "k= 5 0.989982884649717 330868.608125667"
## [1] "k= 7 0.990084782959701 328060.866745799"
## [1] "k= 9 0.990049230969599 329978.476979682"
## [1] "k= 11 0.989979791587501 332738.875982619"
## [1] "k= 13 0.989851260695069 337502.445398491"
## [1] "k= 15 0.989770159676762 340605.973283183"
## [1] "k= 17 0.989665374356749 344340.587617581"
## [1] "k= 19 0.989620481799249 346223.685631823"
## [1] "k= 21 0.989531748741021 349522.62940513"
## [1] "k= 23 0.989510364564396 350523.717503451"
## [1] "k= 25 0.989383505994524 354966.793409493"
## [1] "k= 27 0.989269242183346 358907.073853238"
## [1] "k= 29 0.989176901845147 361980.390674654"
## [1] "k= 31 0.989073115946721 365556.740214615"
## [1] "k= 33 0.988969612260295 369136.463761181"
## [1] "k= 35 0.988864744035179 372711.611007099"
## [1] "k= 37 0.988743225658121 376746.429704915"
## [1] "k= 39 0.988654712805717 379743.656590129"
which.min(mse k)
## [1] 4
which.max(cor_k)
## [1] 4
therefore, the best k is 4
fit <- knnreg(train_df[,1:4],train_df[,5],k=4)</pre>
pred_knn <- predict(fit, test_df[,1:4])</pre>
cor_knn <- cor(pred_knn, test_df$test_pc.F1)</pre>
mse_knn <- mean((pred_knn - test_df$test_pc.F1)^2)</pre>
rmse_knn <- sqrt(mse_knn)</pre>
print(paste('correlation:', cor_knn))
## [1] "correlation: 0.989780344940679"
print(paste('mse:', mse_knn))
## [1] "mse: 337245.098519543"
print(paste('rmse:', rmse_knn))
## [1] "rmse: 580.728076228059"
```

Decision Tree

Perform the decision tree regression model with all predictors of PCA train model. As we can see, the model is only actually use PC1 as the predictor. It is because tree use some indication such as entropy, information gain and Gini index to select a good information variables. This confirm the information we have when we exploring the data above.

```
exploring the data above.
library(tree)
colnames(train_df) <- c("PC1", "PC2", "PC3", "PC4", "F1")</pre>
colnames(test_df) <- c("PC1", "PC2", "PC3", "PC4", "F1" )</pre>
set.seed(1234)
tree1 <- tree(F1~., data=train_df)</pre>
summary(tree1)
##
## Regression tree:
## tree(formula = F1 ~ ., data = train_df)
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] "PC1"
## Number of terminal nodes: 8
## Residual mean deviance: 1170000 = 4.281e+10 / 36580
## Distribution of residuals:
        Min.
               1st Qu.
                           Median
                                        Mean
                                                3rd Qu.
                                                              Max.
## -16050.00
                -661.60
                           -17.14
                                        0.00
                                                 635.10 18740.00
plot(tree1)
text(tree1, cex=0.5, pretty=0)
                                 PC1 < 0,763084
```

```
PC1 < -
                    1.20766
                                                              PC1 < 3.62317
  PC1 <
                                 349361
                        8499
                                   10030
5150
            6995
                                               12100
                                                           14430
                                                                       16900
                                                                                   21300
pred_tree <- predict(tree1, newdata=test_df)</pre>
cor_tree <- cor(pred_tree, test_df$F1)</pre>
mse_tree <- mean((pred_tree - test_df$F1)^2)</pre>
rmse tree <- sqrt(mse tree)</pre>
print(paste('correlation:', cor_tree))
## [1] "correlation: 0.961515693338096"
```

```
## [1] "mse: 1248871.2343931"
```

print(paste('mse:', mse_tree))

```
print(paste('rmse:', rmse_tree))
```

[1] "rmse: 1117.52907541285"

Comparing the result

Model	Correlation	rmse
Linear Regression	0.998812915661555	198.129236023442
Linear Regression(PCA)	0.985354921818796	10669.6763503599
kNN Regression	0.998008972762981	256.639383652896
kNN Regression(PCA)	0.989780344940679	580.728076228059
Decision Tree Regression	0.981994447324154	769.473275456637
Decision Tree Regression(PCA)	0.961515693338096	1117.52907541285

As you can see from the Notebook1, the data is highly linear. It has the highest correlation and lowest rmse, which means highest accuracy among the 6 models. After PCA, the correlation lowered slightly, and rmse is higher. This means PCA didn't work properly for linear model, which is already linear for the certain attributes. PCA also affected KNN and Decision tree in the same way.

From the result above, We can see that PCA can affect the regression result in both good and bad direction. This time, the data set was already linearly correlated between certain attributes, and therefore dimensionality reduction made the result worse since it polymerize good attributes and bad attributes.

Linear Discriminant Analysis

Linear Discriminant Analysis, Also known as LDA is good for classification. Since the data we used for PCA doesn't have class, LDA will not have an advantage performing.

```
library(MASS)
lda1 <- lda(F1~., data=train)</pre>
```

the code below took too long time to knit in my laptop.

```
lda_pred <- predict(lda1, newdata=test, type="class")
lda_pred$class
mean(lda_pred$class==test$F1)</pre>
```

and here is the result of the code above from other machine.

```
[976] 6001.15 15689.5 11549.6 5688.37 7484.31 16510.9 11181 8658.9 6749.68 14707.9 6453.45 5593.18 1 [991] 16522.1 12124.4 14536.8 7767.83 7379.15 8033.35 13595.5 9879.47 9409.28 7708.33 [ reached getOption("max.print") -- omitted 8146 entries ] 32727 Levels: 2392.05 2606.51 2783.15 2803.02 2864.76 2941.46 2987.4 3003.64 3114.98 3163.11 3181.06 32 mean(lda_pred$class==test$F1)
```

[1] 0.0695386