KamiLimu Web-Dev Git 102

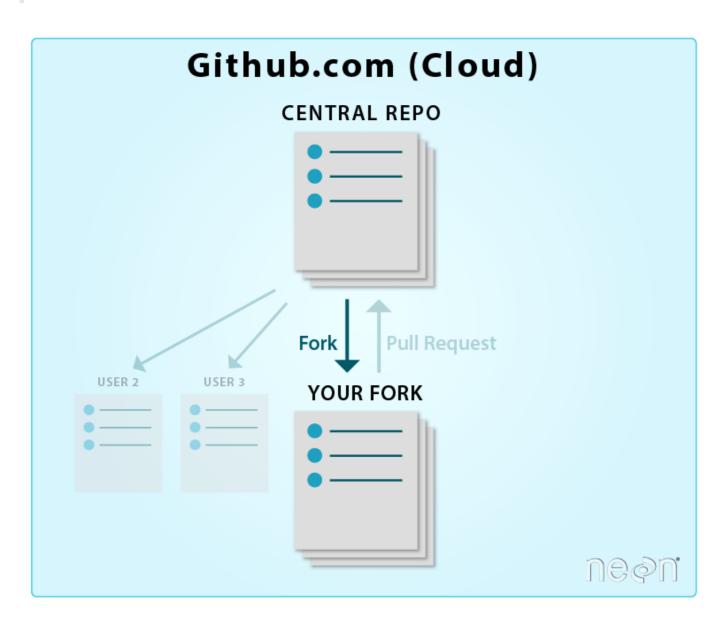
Introduction.

You've recently joined NotACompany LTD as a Web Developer. Your first task is to add your details in the about us section of the website.

To complete the task follow the following 8 steps.

Step 1. Create a Fork of the original repository.

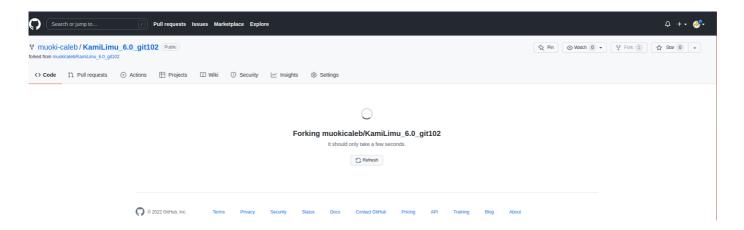
A GitHub fork is a copy of a repository (repo) that sits in your account rather than the account from which you forked the data. Once you have forked a repo, you own your forked copy. This means that you can edit the contents of your forked repository without impacting the parent repo. ~ earthdatascience.org



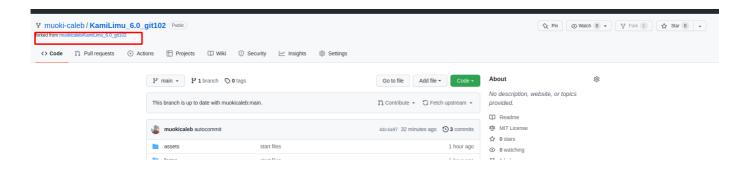
In our case, the central/original repo is https://github.com/muokicaleb/KamiLimu_6.0_git102
To fork click the fork button on the upper right corner.



This is how it looks while forking.



After it completes it will look like this.



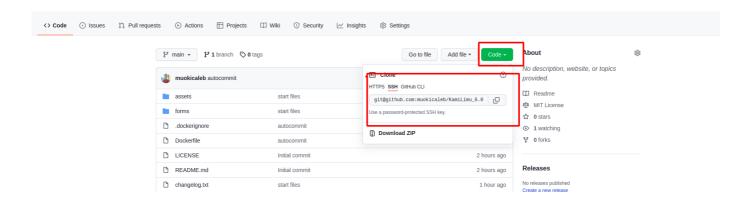
At this point, you have a copy of the project and can continue using our copy.

Step 2. Clone the repo.

When you create a repository on GitHub.com, it exists as a remote repository. You can clone your repository to create a local copy on your computer and sync between the two locations. ~ https://docs.github.com/en/repositories/creating-and-managing-repositories/cloning-a-repository

The repo we forked is on github.com (remote server) to get it to our local machine we need to clone it. To clone:

i. Copy the git by clicking the green code button.



ii. Open a terminal where you want your project repo to be and enter the following command.

git clone <git repo url>

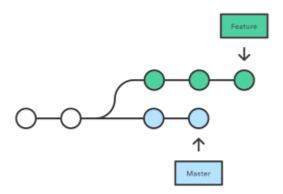
```
→ ~ git clone git@github.com:muokicaleb/KamiLimu_6.0_git102.git
Cloning into `KamiLimu_6.0_git102`...
remote: Enumerating objects: 164, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (164/164), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (126/126), done.
Receiving objects: 23% (38/164), 772.00 KiB | 606.00 KiB/s
```

iii. cd into the directory.

```
→ ~ cd KamiLimu_6.0_git102
→ KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(main) |
```

Step 3. Create a branch

A git branch is a new/separate version of the main repo. A git branch allows developers to diverge from the main version of the code to fix a bug or add a feature.



In our situation, we currently have a main branch and need to create another branch to make our changes.

To branch open terminal in the project directory and enter

```
git checkout -b <br/>branch name>
```

```
→ KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(main) git checkout -b feature-add-muoki-details
Switched to a new branch 'feature-add-muoki-details'
→ KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details)
```

The changes made in the new branch will not affect the main branch.

Step 4. Make changes and commit changes.

Open IDE of choice and make changes needed.

```
KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details) codium .
KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details)
```

· Make changes.

```
<span>Accountant
652
                    </div>
                  </div>
654
                </div>
655
656
657
              <div class="row">
658
659
                <!--chartesmotaroki@students.uonbi.ac.ke -->
                <!--wanjaerica@gmail.com -->
661
                <!--mboyaivy@gmail.com-->
662
                <!--machoguabednego6@gmail.com -->
              </div>
              <div class="row">
665
                <!--edwin.irungu.8042@gmail.com -->
                <!--simanyarkiy@gmail.com -->
                <!--japhetbrandon@gmail.com -->
                <!--charityjelimo893@gmail.com -->
669
670
              </div>
671
              <div class="row">
672
                <!--estherwavinya80@gmail.com -->
673
                <!--ochiengroneyjuma909@gmail.com-->
674
                <!--mbichikariuki01@gmail.com-->
675
              </div>
676
677
678
```

· Add changes

```
git add ./index.html
```

```
KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details) x git add ./index.html
KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details) x
```

· Commit changes

git commit

```
→ KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details) x git commit -m "Very descriptive message."
[feature-add-muoki-details 70dab26] Very descriptive message.
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
→ KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details) |
```

Step 5. Push changes

Git push entails moving your code from your local machine to the remote git server (https://github.com) When pushing it is important to specify the remote server you are pushing to and the branch. to push

git push <remote> <branch>

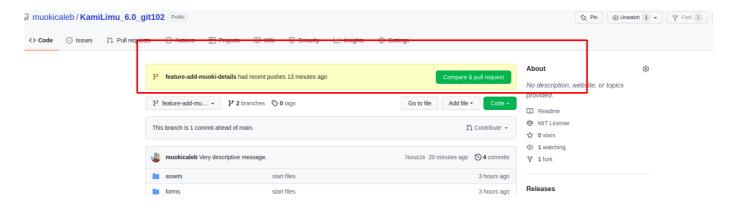
```
→ KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details) git push origin feature-add-muoki-details
Counting objects: 3, done.

Delta compression using up to 12 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 331 bytes | 331.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 2), reused 0 (delta 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (2/2), completed with 2 local objects.
remote:
remote: Create a pull request for 'feature-add-muoki-details' on GitHub by visiting:
remote: https://github.com/muokicaleb/KamiLimu_6.0_git102/pull/new/feature-add-muoki-details
remote:
To github.com:muokicaleb/KamiLimu_6.0_git102.git
* [new branch] feature-add-muoki-details -> feature-add-muoki-details

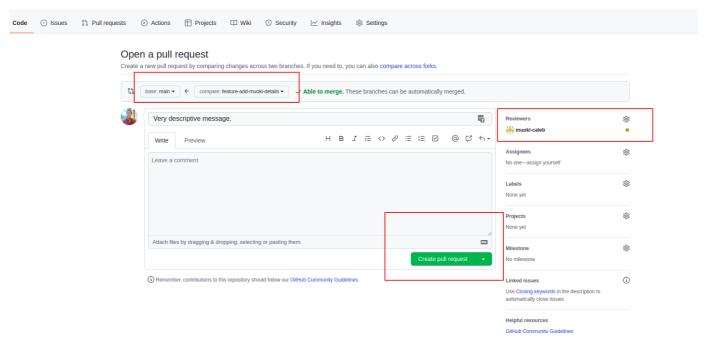
→ KamiLimu_6.0_git102 git:(feature-add-muoki-details) |
```

Step 6. Create a pull request.

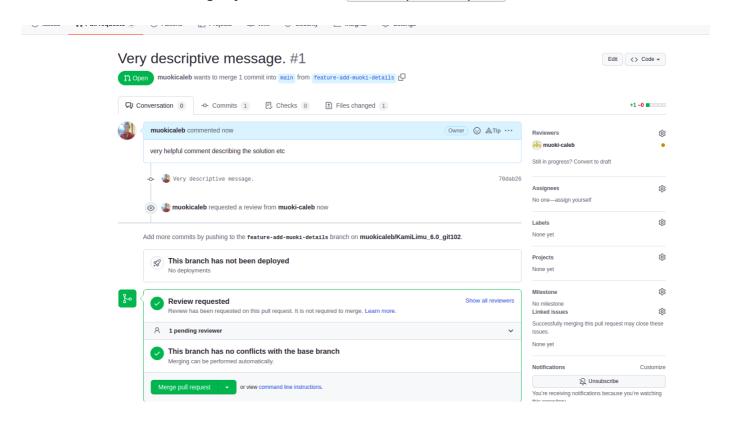
If you go to the project repo you'll find a compare & pull request notification.



Click the Compare & pull request button.



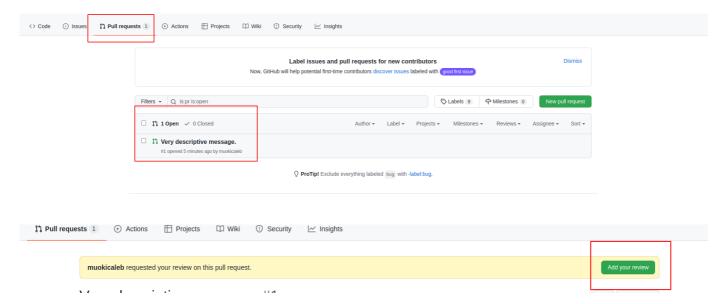
On this page, you can specify where to merge to, the reviewers, and the pull request message. once satisfied with the changes you can click on create pull request.



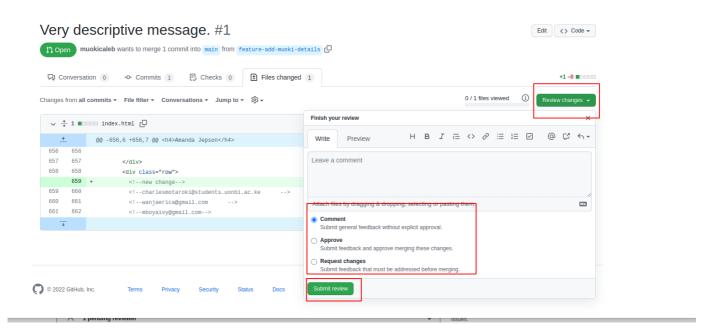
Step 7. Review PR

As the owner of the project or a contributor, you can review and approve pull requests.

To review pull requests click on Pull request in the navigation tab and select the PR you want to review.

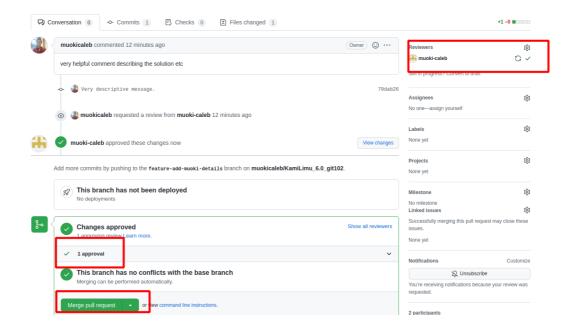


You take a look at the commits & files then either comment, approve or request changes.



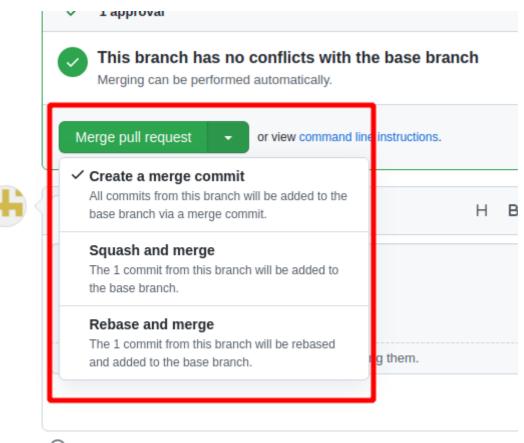
After approving changes.

you'll be able to merge the changes.



Step 8. Merge &/ Rebase

To join the branch we created to the main branch we have three options.

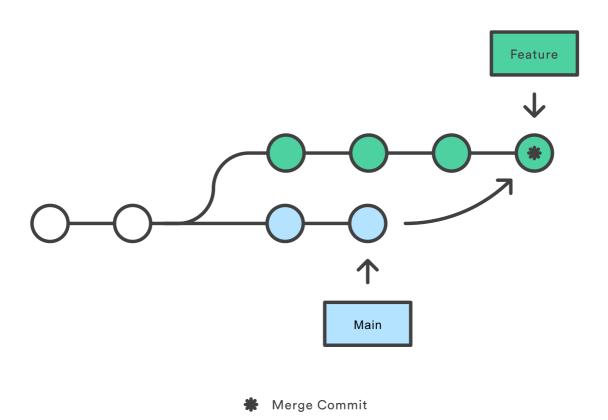


- (i) Remember, contributions to this repository should follow our GitHub Community Guid
- 1. Create a merge commit All commits from this branch will be added to the base branch via a merge commit.
- 2. Squash and merge The 1 commit from this branch will be added to the base branch.
- 3. Rebase and merge The 1commit from this branch will be rebased and added to the base branch

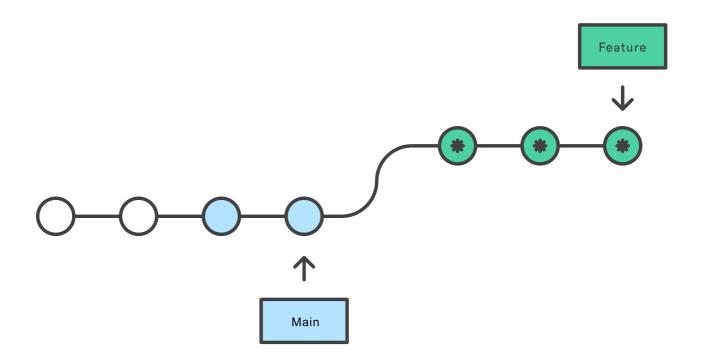
Note: The difference between merging and rebase is:

• If you are merging main into the feature branch, Merge creates a new "merge commit" in the feature branch that ties together the histories of both branches, giving you a branch that looks like.

Merging main into the feature branch

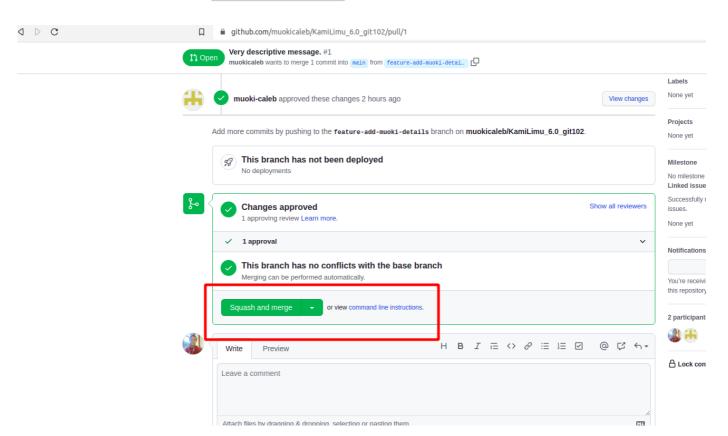


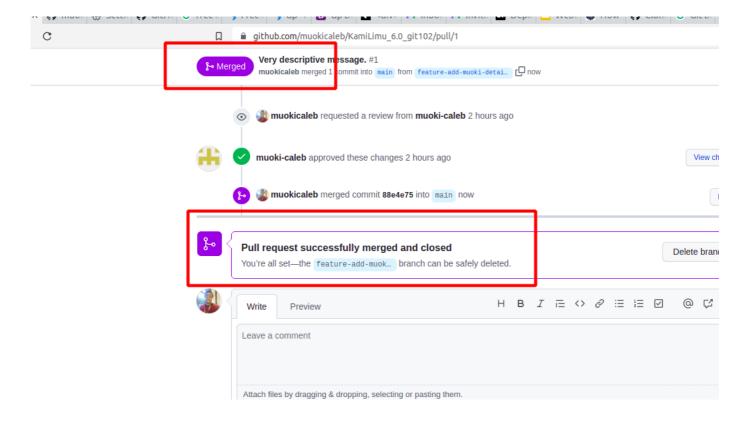
• If you are rebasing the feature branch onto the main, the entire feature branch is moved to begin the tip of the main branch, this incorporating all of the new commits in the main. But, instead of using a merge commit, rebasing re-writes the project history by creating brand new commits for each commit in the original branch.



Brand New Commit

In our case, we will be using Squash and merge.





Conclusion.

Congratulations you've successfully git forked, branched, made changes to the code base, submitted a PR, reviewed a PR, and merged it to prod.

Go you!!!!

References.

- 0. https://github.com/muokicaleb/KamiLimu 6.0 git102
- 1. https://www.earthdatascience.org/workshops/intro-version-control-git/about-works/#:~:text=A <a href="https://www.earthdatascience.org/workshops/intro-version-control-git/about-works/#:~:text=A https://www.earthdatascience.org/workshops/#:~:text=A https://www.earthdatascience.org/workshops/ https://www.earthdatascience.org/workshops/ https://www.earthdatascience.org/workshops/ https://www.earthdatascience.org/workshops/ https://wwe
- 2. https://docs.github.com/en/repositories/creating-and-managing-repositories/cloning-a-repository
- 3. https://www.atlassian.com/git/tutorials/merging-vs-rebasing
- 4. https://rietta.com/blog/github-merge-types/