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#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <algorithm>
#include <queue>
#include <iomanip>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
struct Process {
  string pid;
  int arrival time;
  int burst time;
  int remaining_time;
  int finish_time;
  int waiting time;
  int turnaround_time;
  Process(string id, int arrival, int burst):
     pid(id), arrival time(arrival), burst time(burst),
     remaining_time(burst), finish_time(0),
     waiting_time(0), turnaround_time(0) {
};
struct GanttChart {
  string pid;
  int start_time;
  int end_time;
  GanttChart(string id, int start, int end):
     pid(id), start_time(start), end_time(end) {
};
pair<vector<Process>, int> read_processes(string file_path) {
  vector<Process> processes;
  int quantum = 2;
  ifstream infile(file_path);
  if (!infile.is_open()) {
     cerr << "can't open the file " << file_path << endl;
     exit(1);
  string line;
  while (getline(infile, line)) {
     if (line.empty() || line[0] == '#') continue;
     vector<string> parts;
     string part;
     for (char c : line) {
        if (c == ' ' || c == ' t') {
          if (!part.empty()) {
             parts.push_back(part);
             part = "";
          }
        else {
          part += c;
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}
     if (!part.empty()) parts.push back(part);
     if (parts.empty()) continue;
     if (parts[0] == "Quantum" || parts[0] == "quantum") {
        if (parts.size() >= 2) {
          quantum = stoi(parts[1]);
     }
     else {
        if (parts.size() < 3) {
          cerr << "invalid process in file" << endl;
          exit(1);
        string pid = parts[0];
        int arrival = stoi(parts[1]);
        int burst = stoi(parts[2]);
        processes.emplace_back(pid, arrival, burst);
     }
  infile.close();
  return { processes, quantum };
}
pair<vector<GanttChart>, vector<Process>> fcfs_scheduling(vector<Process> processes) {
  sort(processes.begin(), processes.end(), [&](Process a, Process b) {
     if (a.arrival_time != b.arrival_time)
        return a.arrival_time < b.arrival_time;
     else
        return a.pid < b.pid;
     });
  vector<GanttChart> gantt_chart;
  int current_time = 0;
  for (auto& process : processes) {
     if (current_time < process.arrival_time) {</pre>
       ldle في حالة CPU //
        gantt_chart.emplace_back("Idle", current_time, process.arrival_time);
        current_time = process.arrival_time;
     يدء تنفيذ العملية //
     gantt_chart.emplace_back(process.pid, current_time, current_time + process.burst_time);
     process.waiting_time = current_time - process.arrival_time;
     current_time += process.burst_time;
     process.finish time = current time;
     process.turnaround_time = process.finish_time - process.arrival_time;
  }
  return { gantt_chart, processes };
}
Shortest Remaining Time (SRT) خوارزمية //
pair<vector<GanttChart>, vector<Process>> srt_scheduling(vector<Process> processes) {
  ترتيب العمليات حسب وقت الوصول //
  sort(processes.begin(), processes.end(), [&](Process a, Process b) {
     if (a.arrival_time != b.arrival_time)
        return a.arrival_time < b.arrival_time;
     else
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return a.pid < b.pid;
  });
int n = processes.size();
int completed = 0;
int current_time = 0;
vector<GanttChart> gantt_chart;
نسخة من العمليات // vector<Process> proc = processes;
string last pid = "";
while (completed != n) {
  العثور على العملية التي وصلت وأقل وقت متبقى //
  int idx = -1;
  int min_remaining = INT32_MAX;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if (proc[i].arrival time <= current time && proc[i].remaining time > 0) {
        if (proc[i].remaining time < min remaining) {
          min remaining = proc[i].remaining time;
          idx = i;
        else if (proc[i].remaining time == min remaining) {
          if (proc[i].arrival_time < proc[idx].arrival_time) {
             idx = i;
          }
        }
     }
  }
  if (idx != -1) {
     Gantt Chart إذا تغيرت العملية الحالية، نقوم بإضافة جزء جديد لـ //
     if (last_pid != proc[idx].pid) {
        gantt_chart.emplace_back(proc[idx].pid, current_time, current_time + 1);
        last_pid = proc[idx].pid;
     else {
        gantt_chart.back().end_time += 1;
     proc[idx].remaining_time -= 1;
     current_time += 1;
     if (proc[idx].remaining_time == 0) {
        proc[idx].finish_time = current_time;
        proc[idx].turnaround_time = proc[idx].finish_time - proc[idx].arrival time;
        proc[idx].waiting_time = proc[idx].turnaround_time - proc[idx].burst_time;
        completed++;
     }
  }
  else {
     ldle في حالة CPU //
     if (last_pid != "ldle") {
        gantt_chart.emplace_back("Idle", current_time, current_time + 1);
        last_pid = "Idle";
     else {
        gantt_chart.back().end_time += 1;
     current_time += 1;
}
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PID إعادة ترتيب العمليات حسب //
  sort(proc.begin(), proc.end(), [&](Process a, Process b) {
     return a.pid < b.pid;
     });
  return { gantt_chart, proc };
المعدلة (Round-Robin (RR خوارزمية //
pair<vector<GanttChart>, vector<Process>> rr_scheduling(vector<Process> processes, int
quantum) {
  ترتيب العمليات حسب وقت الوصول //
  sort(processes.begin(), processes.end(), [&](Process a, Process b) {
     if (a.arrival time != b.arrival time)
        return a.arrival_time < b.arrival_time;
     else
        return a.pid < b.pid;
     });
  int n = processes.size();
  int completed = 0;
  int current time = 0;
  vector<GanttChart> gantt chart;
  يحتوي على مؤشرات العمليات // ;queue<int> ready_queue
  نسخة من العمليات // ;vector<Process> proc = processes
  لتابعة العمليات التي وصلت // int index = 0;
  string last_pid = "";
  while (completed != n) {
     ready_queue إضافة العمليات التي وصلت إلى //
     while (index < n && proc[index].arrival_time <= current_time) {
        ready_queue.push(index);
        index++;
     }
     if (!ready_queue.empty()) {
        int i = ready_queue.front();
        ready_queue.pop();
       تحديد وقت التنفيذ //
        int exec_time = min(quantum, proc[i].remaining_time);
       // تحدیث // Gantt Chart
        if (last_pid != proc[i].pid) {
          gantt_chart.emplace_back(proc[i].pid, current_time, current_time + exec_time);
          last_pid = proc[i].pid;
       else {
          gantt_chart.back().end_time += exec_time;
       تحديث الوقت الحالي //
        current_time += exec_time;
        proc[i].remaining_time -= exec_time;
       إضافة العمليات التي وصلت خلال فترة التنفيذ //
        while (index < n && proc[index].arrival_time <= current_time) {
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ready_queue.push(index);
          index++;
        }
        if (proc[i].remaining_time > 0) {
          ready_queue.push(i);
        else {
          proc[i].finish_time = current_time;
          proc[i].turnaround_time = proc[i].finish_time - proc[i].arrival_time;
          proc[i].waiting_time = proc[i].turnaround_time - proc[i].burst_time;
          completed++;
     else {
        إذا لم يكن هناك عمليات جاهزة، تخطى الزمن إلى وقت وصول العملية التالية //
        if (index < n) {
          واحدة تغطى الفارق الزمني Idle إضافة فترة //
          if (last_pid != "ldle") {
             gantt_chart.emplace_back("Idle", current_time, proc[index].arrival_time);
             last_pid = "Idle";
          else {
             gantt_chart.back().end_time = proc[index].arrival_time;
          current_time = proc[index].arrival_time;
       }
     }
  }
  PID إعادة ترتيب العمليات حسب //
  sort(proc.begin(), proc.end(), [&](Process a, Process b) {
     return a.pid < b.pid;
     });
  return { gantt_chart, proc };
كنص Gantt Chart دالة لعرض //
void print_gantt_chart(vector<GanttChart> gantt_chart, string title) {
  cout << "\n=== " << title << " Gantt Chart ===\n";
  PID عرض //
  for (auto& segment : gantt_chart) {
     cout << "| " << segment.pid << " ";
  cout << "|\n";
  عرض الخط الزمني //
  if (gantt_chart.empty()) {
     cout << "0\n";
     return;
  }
  cout << gantt_chart[0].start_time;</pre>
  for (auto& segment : gantt_chart) {
     cout << "
                 " << segment.end_time;
  cout << "\n";
}
```

```
بشكل صحيح CPU Utilization دالة لعرض المؤشرات مع حساب //
void print metrics(vector<Process> processes, string algorithm name, int total time,
vector<GanttChart> gantt_chart) {
  cout << "\n=== " << algorithm_name << " Scheduling ===\n";
  cout << left << setw(10) << "Process"
     << setw(12) << "Arrival"
     << setw(10) << "Burst"
     << setw(12) << "Finish"
     << setw(12) << "Waiting"
     << setw(15) << "Turnaround" << "\n";
  for (auto& process : processes) {
     cout << left << setw(10) << process.pid
       << setw(12) << process.arrival time
       << setw(10) << process.burst_time
       << setw(12) << process.finish_time
       << setw(12) << process.waiting_time
       << setw(15) << process.turnaround time << "\n";
  حساب المتوسطات //
  double total waiting = 0;
  double total turnaround = 0;
  for (auto& p : processes) {
     total_waiting += p.waiting_time;
     total turnaround += p.turnaround time;
  double avg_waiting = total_waiting / processes.size();
  double avg_turnaround = total_turnaround / processes.size();
  بشكل صحيح CPU Utilization حساب //
  double cpu_busy_time = 0;
  for (auto& segment : gantt chart) {
     if (segment.pid != "Idle") {
       cpu_busy_time += (segment.end_time - segment.start_time);
    }
  double cpu_util = (cpu_busy_time / total_time) * 100.0;
  cout << fixed << setprecision(2);
  cout << "avg of waiting time: " << avg_waiting << "\n";
  cout << "avg of turnaround time: " << avg_turnaround << "\n";
  cout << "CPU utilization: " << cpu_util << "%\n";
}
int main() {
  // Specify the file path
  // Use absolute path for Windows
  string file_path = "C:\\Users\\abed alrehman\\Desktop\\processes.txt";
  // Alternatively, use a relative path if the file is in the same directory
  // string file_path = "processes.txt";
  // Read processes and quantum from the file
  pair<vector<Process>, int> input = read_processes(file_path);
  vector<Process> processes = input.first;
  int quantum = input.second;
  // FCFS Scheduling
  pair<vector<GanttChart>, vector<Process>> fcfs = fcfs_scheduling(processes);
  // Calculate total time
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int total time fcfs = 0;
if (!fcfs.first.empty())
  total time fcfs = fcfs.first.back().end time;
print_gantt_chart(fcfs.first, "FCFS");
print_metrics(fcfs.second, "FCFS", total_time_fcfs, fcfs.first);
// SRT Scheduling
pair<vector<GanttChart>, vector<Process>> srt = srt_scheduling(processes);
int total_time_srt = 0;
if (!srt.first.empty())
  total time srt = srt.first.back().end time;
print_gantt_chart(srt.first, "SRT");
print_metrics(srt.second, "SRT", total_time_srt, srt.first);
// Round-Robin Scheduling
pair<vector<GanttChart>, vector<Process>> rr = rr_scheduling(processes, quantum);
int total_time_rr = 0;
if (!rr.first.empty())
  total_time_rr = rr.first.back().end_time;
print_gantt_chart(rr.first, "Round-Robin");
print_metrics(rr.second, "Round-Robin", total_time_rr, rr.first);
return 0;
```

}