

## In-Class Activities

### Experiment Analysis

Helia Abedini

#### 1. Introduction

This documentation outlines the process of analyzing user performance data collected from a study comparing the use of a mouse versus a trackpad. The analysis includes descriptive statistics and a paired t-test to determine whether there is a significant difference in performance times.

#### 2. Dataset Acquisition

##### Source of Dataset

The dataset used for this analysis was obtained from Mockaroo website. The data includes two performance metrics for each participant: the time taken to complete a task using a mouse and the time taken using a trackpad.

##### Dataset Structure

The dataset consists of the following columns:

- **User Name:** Identifier for each participant.
- **Mouse Time:** Time taken (in seconds) to complete the task using a mouse.
- **Trackpad Time:** Time taken (in seconds) to complete the task using a trackpad.

##### Example Data

User Name	Mouse Time	Trackpad Time
User 1	2.5	3.0
User 2	1.8	2.5
...	...	...

#### 3. Data Preparation

##### Data Entry

The data was entered into a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet, organized into three columns: User Name, Mouse Time, and Trackpad Time.

##### Cleaning the Data

- **Checking for Missing Values:** Ensured there were no missing values in the Mouse Time and Trackpad Time columns.
- **Ensuring Consistency:** Verified that all time measurements were in seconds and formatted correctly.

## 4. Data Analysis

### 4.1 Descriptive Statistics

Descriptive statistics were calculated for both Mouse Time and Trackpad Time to summarize the data.

#### Calculations Performed

1. **Mean:** The average time taken for each input device.
  - Formula used: =AVERAGE(range)
2. **Standard Deviation:** Measures the variability of the time taken.
  - Formula used: =STDEV(range)
3. **Standard Error:** Provides an estimate of the uncertainty of the mean.
  - Formula used: =Standard Deviation / SQRT(n), where n is the number of participants.

#### Results of Descriptive Statistics

Statistic	Mouse Time	Trackpad Time
Mean	3.426666667	2.966666667
Standard Deviation	1.183196528	1.214945247
Standard Error	0.216021143	0.221817639

### 4.2 Paired t-Test

A paired t-test was conducted to compare the means of Mouse Time and Trackpad Time.

#### Steps for Conducting the t-Test

1. **Formula Used:**
  - The paired t-test was calculated using the formula:  
=T.TEST(B2:B31, C2:C31, 2, 1)
  - Where:
    - B2:B31 is the range for Mouse Time.
    - C2:C31 is the range for Trackpad Time.
    - 2 indicates a two-tailed test.
    - 1 indicates a paired test.
2. **Result of the t-Test:**
  - The p-value obtained was **0.1791**.

## 5. Results Interpretation

## 5.1 Descriptive Statistics

- **Mean Times:** The means of Mouse Time and Trackpad Time provide a basic understanding of average performance.
- **Standard Deviation and Standard Error:** These values indicate the variability and reliability of the mean.

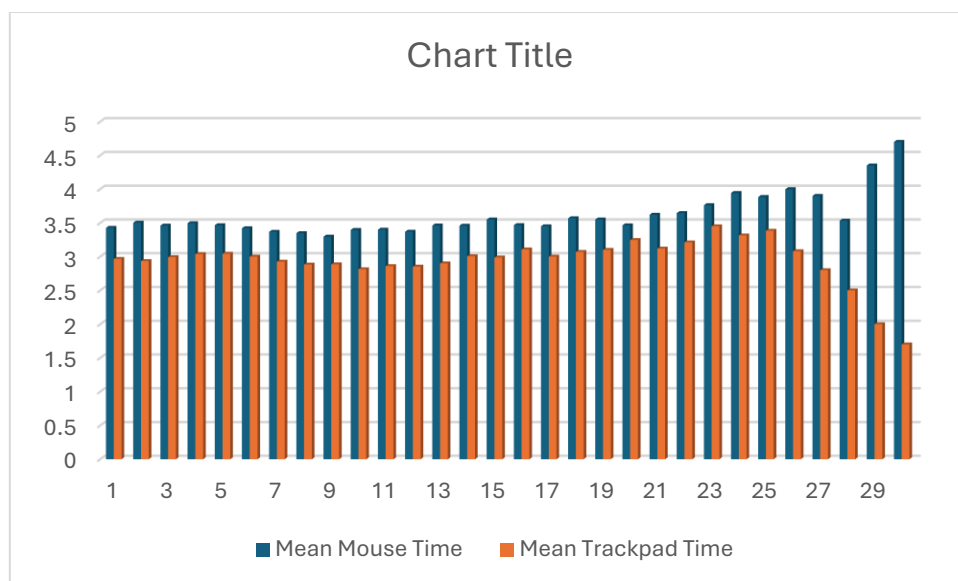
## 5.2 Paired t-Test Interpretation

- **P-Value:** The obtained p-value of **0.1791** is greater than the common significance level of 0.05.
- **Conclusion:**
  - Since the p-value is greater than 0.05, we do not reject the null hypothesis. This indicates that there is no statistically significant difference in performance times between using a mouse and a trackpad.

## 6. Visualizations

### 6.1 Bar Graph

A bar graph was created to visually compare the mean times for Mouse and Trackpad usage. Error bars representing standard error were also added to illustrate variability.



## 7. Conclusion

The analysis revealed that there is no significant difference in task completion times between a mouse and a trackpad, as indicated by the p-value from the paired t-test. This suggests that either input device can be used interchangeably for the tasks tested.

### 7.1 Limitations

- **Sample Size:** The size of the dataset could affect the statistical power of the analysis.
- **Variability:** Individual differences in user performance may not be fully captured.