

Issues

August 9, 2023

1 ALD

Is it on purpose that there is a term missing ($\frac{aq}{K_a K_{iq}}$)?
vALD: F16BP \rightarrow GLYCERAL3P + DHAP

$$v_{\text{ALD}} = p.\text{FBA_ExprsCor} \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{p.\text{FBA1_kcat} \cdot f.\text{FBA1}}{p.\text{FBA1_Kf16bp}} \cdot \frac{F16BP - (\text{GLYCERAL3P} \cdot \text{DHAP})}{p.\text{FBA1_Keq}} \right)}{\left(1 + \frac{F16BP}{p.\text{FBA1_Kf16bp}} + \left(1 + \frac{\text{GLYCERAL3P}}{p.\text{FBA1_Kgylceral3p}} \right) \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\text{DHAP}}{p.\text{FBA1_Kdhap}} \right) - 1 \right)}$$

Aldolase: ALD

Aldolase is generally assumed to follow an ordered uni-bi mechanism, with GraP binding after glycerone phosphate [27,74]. The equation is:

$$v_{\text{ALD}} = V^+ \frac{\frac{a}{K_a} \left(1 - \frac{\Gamma}{K_{\text{eq}}} \right)}{1 + \frac{a}{K_a} + \frac{p}{K_p} + \frac{q}{K_q} + \frac{aq}{K_a K_{iq}} + \frac{pq}{K_p K_q}} \quad (\text{A4})$$

where a represents [F1,6bP₂], p represents [glycerone phosphate] and q represents [GraP]. The kinetic parameters are scarce, but all agree on the K_m for F1,6bP₂: around 0.3 mM [47–49]. Not many studies have been performed on the

Source: Tesuink et al., 2000

2 PGM, ENO (corrected)

Michaelis-Menten uni-uni, but incorrect denominator!

APPENDIX 1: ENZYME KINETICS

In this Appendix the rate equations, experimental kinetic data and an overview of the biochemical knowledge concerning the glycolytic enzymes are given. Derivations follow established practice [32,59]. One substrate, one product reversible Michaelis–Menten kinetics was used to describe the enzymes PGI, PGM and ENO:

$$v = V + \frac{\frac{a}{K_a} \left(1 - \frac{\Gamma}{K_{eq}} \right)}{1 + \frac{a}{K_a} + \frac{p}{K_p}} \quad (A1)$$

Source: Tesuink et al., 2000

3 PFK (corrected)

Addition instead of multiplication! $PFK_{nom} = (p.PFK_{kcat}.*f.PFK.*p.PFK_gR.*(F6P./p.PFK_Kf6p).*(ATP./p.PFK_Katp).*(1+(F6P./p.PFK_Kf6p) + (ATP./p.PFK_Katp)+p.PFK_gR.*(F6P./p.PFK_Kf6p).*(ATP./p.PFK_Katp)))));$
 $PFK_{denom} = (1+F6P./p.PFK_Kf6p + ATP./p.PFK_Katp+(p.PFK_gR.*(F6P./p.PFK_Kf6p).*(ATP./p.PFK_Katp))).^2+...p.PFK_L.*...((1+p.PFK_Ciatp.*(ATP./p.PFK_Kiatp))./(1+ATP./p.PFK_Kiatp)).^2.*...((1+p.PFK_Camp.*(AMP./p.PFK_Kamp))./(1+AMP./p.PFK_Kamp)).^2.*...((1+((p.PFK_Cf26bp*F26BP)./(p.PFK_Kf26bp))+((p.PFK_Cf16bp.*F16BP)./(p.PFK_Kf16bp)))./(1+(F26BP./p.PFK_Kf26bp)+(F16BP./p.PFK_Kf16bp))).^2.*...((1+p.PFK_Catp.*(ATP./p.PFK_Katp)).^2; $v_{PFK} = p.PFK_{ExprsCor}.*(PFK_{nom}./PFK_{denom});$$

$$v_{PFK} = V^+ \frac{g_R \lambda_1 \lambda_2 R}{R^2 + LT^2}$$

$$\lambda_1 = [F6P]/K_{R, F6P}$$

$$\lambda_2 = [ATP]/K_{R, ATP}$$

$$R = 1 + \lambda_1 \lambda_2 + g_R \lambda_1 \lambda_2$$

$$T = 1 + c_{ATP} \lambda_2$$

Source: Tesuink et al., 2000

4 PYK (corrected)

Incorrect power? h instead of h-1!!

$$v_{PYK} = p.PYK_{ExprsCor} * (((p.PYK1_{kcat} * (f.PYK1 + f.PYK2)) / (p.PYK1_{Kadp} * p.PYK1_{Kpep}) * ADP * PEP) / ... ((1 + ADP / p.PYK1_{Kadp}) * (1 + PEP / p.PYK1_{Kpep})) * ... ((PEP / p.PYK1_{Kpep} + 1)^{p.PYK1_{hill}} / (p.PYK1_L * ((ATP / p.PYK1_{Katp} + 1) / (F16BP / p.PYK1_{Kf16bp} + 1))^{p.PYK1_{hill}} + (PEP / p.PYK1_{Kpep} + 1)^{p.PYK1_{hill}}));$$

$$v_{PYK} = p_{PYK_ExprsCor} \cdot \frac{p_{PYK1_kcat} \cdot (f_{PYK1} + f_{PYK2})}{p_{PYK1_Kadp} \cdot p_{PYK1_Kpep}}$$

$$\frac{ADP \cdot PEP}{(1 + \frac{ADP}{p_{PYK1_Kadp}}) \cdot (1 + \frac{PEP}{p_{PYK1_Kpep}})}$$

$$\cdot \frac{(PEP / p_{PYK1_Kpep} + 1)^{p_{PYK1_hill}}}{p_{PYK1_L} \cdot \left(\frac{ATP}{p_{PYK1_Katp}} + 1 \right) \cdot \left(\frac{F16BP}{p_{PYK1_Kf16bp} + 1} \right)^{p_{PYK1_hill}} + \left(\frac{PEP}{p_{PYK1_Kpep}} + 1 \right)^{p_{PYK1_hill}}}$$

$$v_{pyk} = \frac{v_{\max, pyk} \cdot \frac{PEP}{k_{PEP}} \left(\frac{PEP}{k_{PEP}} + 1 \right)^{n-1}}{k_{PEP} \left(L_{0, PYK} \left(\frac{\frac{ATP}{k_{ATP}} + 1}{\frac{FBP}{k_{FBP}} + 1} \right)^n + \left(\frac{PEP}{k_{PEP}} + 1 \right)^n \right)} \frac{ADP}{(ADP + k_{ADP})}$$

Source: van Heerden et al., 2014

5 Pnp1 (not corrected)

Missing Pi?