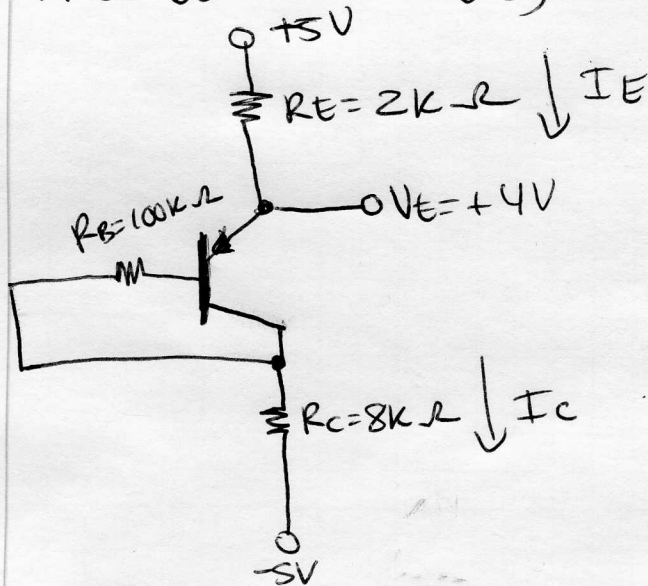


PROBLEM 5.23 (b)



$$- V = I R$$

$$I_E = \frac{5 - 4}{2k} = \boxed{0.5 \text{ mA}}$$

$$- \text{Then } I_C = I_E - I_B$$

$$= 0.5 \text{ mA} - 0.47 \text{ mA}$$

$$\boxed{I_C = 0.453 \text{ mA}}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } \beta = \frac{I_C}{I_B} = \frac{0.453 \text{ mA}}{0.47 \text{ mA}} = 9.69 \approx \boxed{9.7 = \beta}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{9.7}{10.7} = \boxed{0.9065 = \alpha}$$

as you all will see solution writes the following:

THAT'S where the MISTAKE WAS MADE in solution !!

$$V = 0.7 + I_B R_B + (I_B + I_C) R_C - 5$$

wrong here
Because should be

$$I_C = I_E - I_B$$

$$- I_C = I_E - I_B$$

eqn to use:

$$V = I_B(100k) + 0.7 + (0.5 \text{ mA} - I_B)8k$$

which can be written as

$$V = I_B(100k) + 0.7 + 4 - I_B(8k)$$

$$9 - 4.7 = I_B(100k) - I_B(8k)$$

solve for I_B

gives

$$\boxed{I_B = 47 \mu\text{A}}$$