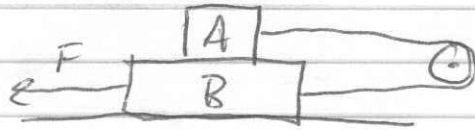
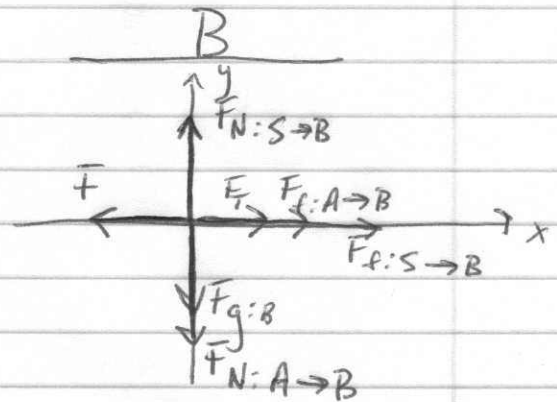
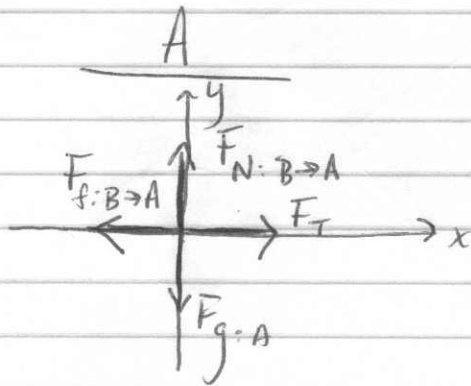


# Solutions

1)



A: Block A    B: Block B  
S: Surface - The table



a)

$$\begin{aligned}\sum F_x^A &= F_T - \bar{F}_{f:B \rightarrow A} = 0 \\ \sum F_y^A &= \bar{F}_{N:B \rightarrow A} - F_{g:A} = 0 \\ \sum F_x^B &= F_T + \bar{F}_{f:A \rightarrow B} + \bar{F}_{f:S \rightarrow B} - F = 0 \\ \sum F_y^B &= \bar{F}_{N:S \rightarrow B} - \bar{F}_{g:B} - \bar{F}_{N:A \rightarrow B} = 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_T = \bar{F}_{f:B \rightarrow A}, \quad \bar{F}_{N:B \rightarrow A} = \bar{F}_{g:A}$$

and using Newton's 3rd Law, where  $|\bar{F}_{f:B \rightarrow A}| = |\bar{F}_{f:A \rightarrow B}|$   
and  $|\bar{F}_{N:B \rightarrow A}| = |\bar{F}_{N:A \rightarrow B}|$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{F}_{N:S \rightarrow B} = \bar{F}_{g:B} + \bar{F}_{g:A}$$

which finally brings us to

$$\begin{aligned}F &= F_T + \bar{F}_{f:A \rightarrow B} + \bar{F}_{f:S \rightarrow B} \\ F &= \bar{F}_{f:B \rightarrow A} + \bar{F}_{f:A \rightarrow B} + \bar{F}_{f:S \rightarrow B} \\ F &= 2\bar{F}_{f:A \rightarrow B} + \bar{F}_{f:S \rightarrow B} \\ F &= 2\mu_s \bar{F}_{N:A \rightarrow B} + \mu_s \bar{F}_{N:S \rightarrow B} \\ F &= 2\mu_s m_A g + \mu_s (m_A g + m_B g)\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{F = 100 \text{ N}}$$

# Solutions

- b) Increasing  $F$  to  $103 \text{ N}$ , and using kinetic friction instead of static (same free body diagrams)

$$\begin{aligned}\sum F_x^A &= F_T - F_{f:B \rightarrow A} = m_A a \leftarrow \text{opposite directions!} \\ \sum F_y^A &= F_{N:B \rightarrow A} - F_{g:A} = 0 \\ \sum F_x^B &= F_T + F_{f:A \rightarrow B} + F_{f:S \rightarrow B} - F = -m_B a \\ \sum F_y^B &= F_{N:S \rightarrow B} - F_{g:B} - F_{N:A \rightarrow B} = 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_T = m_A a + F_{f:B \rightarrow A}, \quad F_{N:B \rightarrow A} = F_{g:A}$$

$$F_{N:S \rightarrow B} = F_{g:A} + F_{g:B}$$

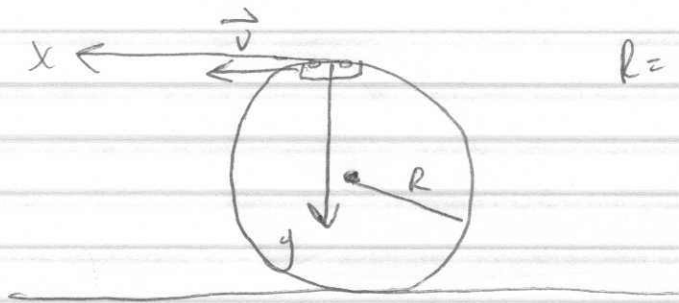
Again, notice Newton's 3<sup>rd</sup> Law pairs

$$\begin{aligned}F_T + F_{f:A \rightarrow B} + F_{f:S \rightarrow B} - F &= -m_B a \\ m_A a + F_{f:B \rightarrow A} + F_{f:A \rightarrow B} + F_{f:S \rightarrow B} - F &= -m_B a \\ 2F_{f:A \rightarrow B} + F_{f:S \rightarrow B} - F &= -m_B a - m_A a \\ 2\mu_k F_{N:A \rightarrow B} + \mu_k (m_A g + m_B g) - F &= -(m_B + m_A) a \\ 2\mu_k m_A g + \mu_k (m_A g + m_B g) - F &= -(m_B + m_A) a \\ -a &= \frac{2\mu_k m_A g + \mu_k (m_A g + m_B g) - F}{(m_A + m_B)} \\ a &= \frac{F - 2\mu_k m_A g - \mu_k (m_A g + m_B g)}{(m_A + m_B)}\end{aligned}$$

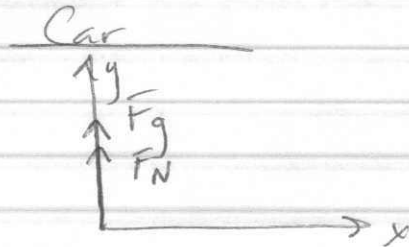
$$\boxed{a = 3.3 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

# Solutions

2)



$$R = .08 \text{ m} \quad m_c = .15 \text{ kg}$$



$$\sum F_y = F_N + F_g = m_c a_{\text{rad}}$$

If the car just barely stays on the track (minimum speed) then the normal force is 0.

$$\begin{aligned} F_g &= m_c a_{\text{rad}} \\ m_c g &= m_c a_{\text{rad}} \\ g &= v^2 / R \\ \sqrt{Rg} &= v \end{aligned}$$

$$v = .89 \text{ m/s}$$