University of New Mexico

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

ECE321-Electronics I (Fall 2012)

Homework Solution # 10

Based on hint:

1. Connecting a load of 100pf to the gate

$$Iow = \frac{1}{2} \left[Ids(V_{out} = 0) + Ids(V_{out} = \frac{Vdd}{2}) \right]$$

2. Calculating the LH propagation delay

Vout =
$$\frac{\text{Vol}}{2}$$
 Ids = $\frac{\text{Kp}}{2}$ ($\frac{\text{W}}{\text{L}}$)p [$\frac{\text{Vgs-|Vtp|}^2}{2}$] ($\frac{1+\lambda \text{Vds}}{2}$) = $\frac{802\mu \text{A}}{2}$] $\Rightarrow \text{Iav} = 678.5\mu \text{A}$

Vout = $\frac{\text{Vdd}}{2}$ Ids = $\frac{\text{Kp}}{2}$ ($\frac{\text{W}}{\text{L}}$)p [$\frac{2(\text{Vgs-|Vtp|})}{2}$ $\frac{\text{Vdd}}{2}$ - $\frac{\text{Vdd}}{2}$] = $\frac{555\mu \text{A}}{2}$
 $\text{Tpd} = \frac{\text{CL} \frac{\text{Vdd}}{2}}{\text{Iav}} = \frac{(100\text{FF})(\frac{1.5}{2}\text{V})}{678.5\mu \text{A}} = 11.05 \text{ ns}$

3. Equating propagation delay to a simple RC network

$$\frac{R_{\text{OH}}}{\uparrow} = \frac{R_{\text{OH}}}{\uparrow} = \frac{R_{\text{OH}}}{\uparrow} = \frac{R_{\text{OH}}}{\uparrow} = \frac{11.05 \text{ ns}}{0.7 \text{ (100 PF)}} \rightarrow R_{\text{OH}} = \frac{1579 \text{ a}}{0.7 \text{ (100 PF)}} \rightarrow R_{\text{OH}} = \frac{1579 \text{ a}}{0.7 \text{ (100 PF)}}$$

Based on Elmore technique:

$$T = (1.579 \text{k} \Omega + 120 \Omega) 75 \text{f} F$$
+ $(1.579 \text{k} \Omega + 120 \Omega) (15 \text{f} F + 45 \text{f} F + 50 \text{f} F)$
+ $(1.579 \text{k} \Omega + 120 \Omega) (165 \Omega) 100 \text{f} F$
+ $(1.579 \text{k} \Omega + 120 \Omega) 165 \Omega (165 \Omega) 165 F$
+ $(1.579 \text{k} \Omega + 120 \Omega) 165 \Omega (165 \Omega) 165 F$
+ $(1.579 \text{k} \Omega + 120 \Omega) 165 \Omega (165 \Omega) 165 \Omega (165 \Omega) 165 \Gamma$
+ $(1.579 \text{k} \Omega + 120 \Omega) 165 \Omega (165 \Omega) 165 \Omega (1$