Natural Language Processing and Categorizing Arabic Articles (MVP)

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Introduction

The goal of this project is to use Natural Language Processing and Unsupervised Learning models to categorize them into sections. After refining the approach. In this project, we will analyze the articles and categorize them into groups such as political, economic, medical, technological, scientific, sports and geographic articles.

Baseline

Latent Semantic Analysis Model (LSA)

In baseline we choose 1050 articles randomly to apply LSA, after vectorizing the data there are 16,575 word, in figure below The 8 topics, some of them are repeated.

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Topic 1

Topic 2

Topic 2

الشعر, يمكن, خلال, بشكل, الجسم, الوزن, الحمل, العديد, يجب, يتم

Topic 3

الشعر, لشعر, صحه, فروه, الراس, الطبيعيه, زيت, البيض, استخدام, الزيوت

Topic 4

الحمل, الوزن, خلال, الولاده, المراه, سلم, يمكن, الجسم, صلى, زياده

Topic 5

السلام, الصلاه, تعالى, الانبياء, القران, قال, النبي, الكريم, السنه, النبويه

Topic 6

الحمل, الوزن, خلال, مدينه, الولاده, المراه, الصلاه, اسابيع, بدايه

Topic 7

الصلاه, صلى, سلم, السلام, النبي, خمسا, الدم, وسيدنا, ركعه, صلاه

Topic 7
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Figure 1: the 8 categories of articles

EDA phase

- normalize arabic △ → ڬ
- remove arabic numbers (*,*),**....)
- remove diacritics (...)
- remove punctuations (....?)
- remove repeating char
- remove arabic stopword
- remove non-arabic char
- remove unnecessary spaces

Models

• Latent Semantic Analysis Model (LSA)
we used this model to categorize articles to many categories this model

creates 4 categories that are beauty, religion, medicine and health and geography

Non-Negative Matrix Factorization (NMF)

we used this model to categorize articles to many categories this model creates 5 categories that are beauty, religion, medicine and health, geography and woman and child