Comcast Telecom Consumer Complaints

Comcast is an American global telecommunication company. The firm has been providing terrible customer service. They continue to fall short despite repeated promises to improve. Only last month (October 2016) the authority fined them a \$2.3 million, after receiving over 1000 consumer complaints.

The existing database will serve as a repository of public customer complaints filed against Comcast.

It will help to pin down what is wrong with Comcast's customer service.

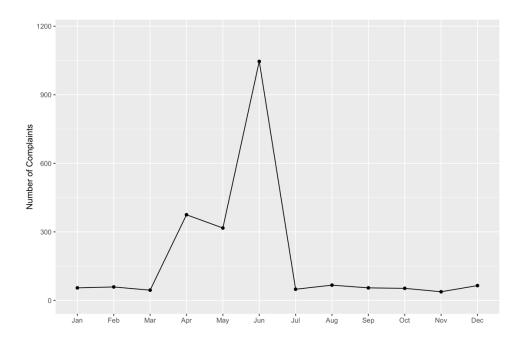
Analysis Task

- Import data into R environment.

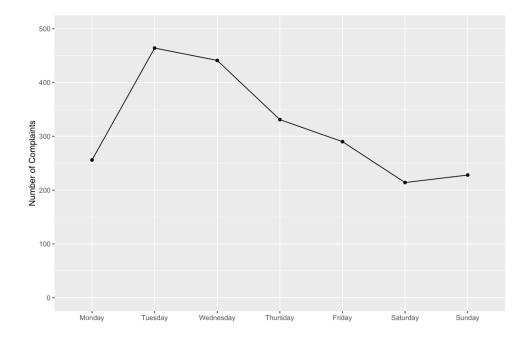
```
1. library(ggplot2)
2. library(lubridate)
3. library(dplyr)
4. library(stringi)
5. library(ggpubr)
6. library(stringr)
7.
8. #Import data into R environment
9. ctcd <- read.csv(file.choose())
10. View(ctcd)
11. head(ctcd)
12. sum(is.na(ctcd))
13. summary(ctcd)</pre>
```

- Provide the trend chart for the number of complaints at monthly and daily granularity levels.

```
1. #1.Provide the trend chart for the number of complaints at monthly and daily granularity
2. class(ctcd$Date)
4. #Convert from character to date
5. ctcd$Date <- dmy(ctcd$Date)</li>6. class(ctcd$Date)
7.
8. #Monthly Complaints
9. monthly <- summarise(group by(ctcd,Month =as.integer(month(Date))),Count = n())</pre>
10. View(monthly)
11.
12. monthly_plot <- ggplot(monthly,aes(Month,Count)) + geom_line(aes(group=1)) + geom_point() +
    scale_y_continuous(name = "Number of Complaints", limits = c(0,1170)) +
    scale_x_discrete(name="",limits=c("Jan","Feb","Mar","Apr","May","Jun",
                                                        "Jul", "Aug", "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"))
13.
14. monthly_plot
15. ggsave("monthly_plot.png")
```



```
1. #daily Complaints
2. daily <- summarise(group_by(ctcd,day=weekdays(as.Date(Date))),Count = n())
3. View(daily)
4.
5. daily_plot <- ggplot(daily, aes(day, Count)) + geom_line(aes(group=1)) + geom_point() + scale_y_continuous(name = "Number of Complaints",limits = c(0,500)) + scale_x_discrete(name="",limits=c("Monday","Tuesday","Wednesday","Thursday","Friday","Saturd ay","Sunday"))
6.
7. daily_plot
8. ggsave("daily_plot.png")</pre>
```



- Provide a table with the frequency of complaint types.

```
1. #2.Provide a table with the frequency of complaint types
2. network <- contains(ctcd$Customer, match = "network", ignore.case = TRUE)
3. internet <- contains(ctcd$Customer, match = "internet", ignore.case = TRUE)
4. bills <- contains(ctcd$Customer, match = "billing", ignore.case = TRUE)
5. charges <- contains(ctcd$Customer, match = "charge", ignore.case = TRUE)
6. email <- contains(ctcd$Customer, match = "email", ignore.case = TRUE)
7. data_capacity <- contains(ctcd$Customer, match = "data cap", ignore.case = TRUE)
8.
9. ctcd$Complaint.Type[network] <- "network"
10. ctcd$Complaint.Type[internet] <- "internet"
11. ctcd$Complaint.Type[internet] <- "internet"
12. ctcd$Complaint.Type[bills] <- "billing"
12. ctcd$Complaint.Type[charges] <- "charges"
13. ctcd$Complaint.Type[email] <- "email"
14. ctcd$Complaint.Type[data_capacity] <- "data capacity"
15. ctcd$Complaint.Type[-c(network,internet,bills,charges,email,data_capacity)] <- "others"
16.
17. table(ctcd$Complaint.Type)</pre>
```

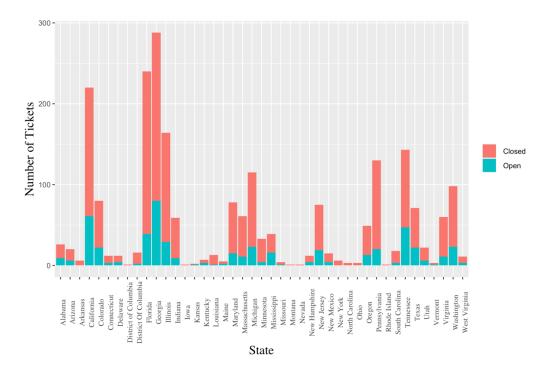
```
1. > table(ctcd$Complaint.Type)
2.
          billing
                                                                   internet
3.
                        charges data capacity
                                                       email
                                                                        472
4.
              288
                             139
                                           150
5.
           others
             1158
6.
```

- Create a new categorical variable with value as Open and Closed.

```
1. #3.Create a new categorical variable with value as Open and Closed
2. open <- (ctcd$Status=="Open"|ctcd$Status=="Pending")
3. closed <- (ctcd$Status=="Closed"|ctcd$Status=="Solved")
4.
5. ctcd$Status.Category[open] <- "Open"
6. ctcd$Status.Category[closed] <- "Closed"
7.</pre>
```

- Provide state wise status of complaints in a stacked bar chart. Use the categorized variable from Q3.

```
1. #4.Provide state wise status of complaints in a stacked bar chart. Use the categorized
   variable from Q3
2. ctcd <- group_by(ctcd,State,Status.Category)</pre>
3. chart <- summarise(ctcd,Count = n())</pre>
4. ggplot(as.data.frame(chart) ,mapping = aes(State,Count))+
     geom_col(aes(fill = Status.Category), width = 0.90)+
5.
     theme(axis.text.x = element_text(family="serif",angle = 90),
6.
7.
            axis.title.y = element_text(family="serif", size = 15),
8.
            axis.title.x = element_text(family="serif", size = 15),
           title = element_text(family="serif",size = 16,colour = "black"))+
9.
    labs(x = "State", y = "Number of Tickets", fill= "")
10.
11. ggsave("soc stacked chart.png")
12.
13. #Which state has the highest percentage of unresolved complaints
14. chart%>% filter(Status.Category=="Open")-> Open complaints
15. Open complaints[Open complaints$Count == max(Open complaints$Count),c(1,3)]
```



```
1. > chart%>% filter(Status.Category=="Open")-> Open_complaints
2. > Open_complaints[Open_complaints$Count == max(Open_complaints$Count),c(1,3)]
3. # A tibble: 1 x 2
4. # Groups: State [1]
5. State Count
6. <chr> <int> <int> 
7. 1 Georgia 80
```

- Provide the percentage of complaints resolved till date, which were received through the Internet and customer care calls.

```
    #5.Provide the percentage of complaints resolved till date,
    #which were received through the Internet and customer care calls.
    total_complaints<- summarise(group_by(ctcd,Status.Category) ,percentage =(n()/nrow(resolved_data)*100))</li>
    total_complaints
    resolved <- group_by(ctcd,Received.Via,Status.Category)</li>
    summarise(resolved ,percentage =(n()/nrow(resolved)*100))
```

```
> total_complaints
    # A tibble: 2 x 2
2.
3.
      Status.Category percentage
4.
      <chr>>
5. 1 Closed
                             76.8
                             23.2
6. 2 Open
7. > resolved <- group_by(ctcd, Received. Via, Status. Category)</p>
8. > summarise(resolved ,percentage =(n()/nrow(resolved)*100))
9. # A tibble: 4 x 3
10. # Groups: Received.Via [2]
11.
     Received.Via
                         Status.Category percentage
12.
      <chr>>
                          <chr>>
                                               <dbl>
13. 1 Customer Care Call Closed
                                                38.8
14. 2 Customer Care Call Open
                                                11.5
15. 3 Internet
                         Closed
                                                37.9
16. 4 Internet
                                                11.8
                         0pen
```

Insights:

- June has the largest number of complaints.
- Number of complaints is significantly larger on Tuesdays and Wednesdays.
- Most of the complaints are related to Internet issues.
- Georgia has the maximum complaints. Also the highest percentage of unresolved complaints.
- 76.8% of the complaints are resolved in which 38.8% were received through the customer care call and 37.9% were received through the internet.