

Formula for chemical systems

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2.9 Chemical Reaction System

- Collection of chemical species, each composed of a number of elements

ex. For chemical system w/ species $\text{CH}_4, \text{S}_2, \text{CS}_2, \text{H}_2\text{S}$,

For elements C, H, S, formula vectors are:

$$\text{CH}_4: \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{S}_2: \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \text{CS}_2: \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \text{H}_2\text{S}: \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{IC}$$

$$\text{Formula matrix: } A = \begin{matrix} & \text{CH}_4 & \text{S}_2 & \text{CS}_2 & \text{H}_2\text{S} \\ \begin{matrix} \text{C} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{S} \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

For n_1 moles of CH_4 , n_2 moles of S_2 , n_3 moles of CS_2 , n_4 moles of H_2S

$$\vec{b} = n_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + n_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + n_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + n_4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow b_1, b_2, b_3 = \text{molar amounts of species}$$

$$\vec{b} = A\vec{n} \rightarrow \vec{n} = [n_1, n_2, n_3, n_4] \text{ (species abundance vector)}$$

ex. Chemical Reaction: $\text{CH}_4 + 2\text{S}_2 = \text{CS}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{S}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- every possible chemical reaction in the system corresponds to a vector in $N(A)$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ref}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore N(A) = \text{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -1/2 \\ -1 \\ 1/2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

Finding corresponding chemical reaction

① Use basis vectors \rightarrow integer multiples of $N(A)$

$$N(A) = \text{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -1/2 \\ -1 \\ 1/2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\} = \text{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

② $A \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = A \left(\begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) = 0 \rightarrow A \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = A \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{Reaction structure}$

$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{reaction coeff.}}$

③ $1\text{CS}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{S} = 1\text{CH}_4 + 2\text{S}_2$

$$\rightarrow 1 \times \text{col \#3} + 2 \times \text{col \#4} = 1 \times \text{col \#1} + 2 \times \text{col \#2}$$

ex. Chemical System w/ $\text{CH}_4, \text{S}_2, \text{CS}_2, \text{H}_2\text{S}, \text{H}_2$

$$B = \begin{matrix} & \text{CH}_4 & \text{S}_2 & \text{CS}_2 & \text{H}_2\text{S} & \text{H}_2 \\ \begin{matrix} \text{C} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{S} \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \rightarrow \text{ref}(B) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/2 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N(B) = \text{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + s + t &= 0 \rightarrow x_1 = -1/2 s - 1/2 t \\ 2x_2 + 2s + t &= 0 \rightarrow x_2 = -s - 1/2 t \\ 2x_3 - s - t &= 0 \rightarrow x_3 = 1/2 s + 1/2 t \end{aligned}$$

$$x_4 = s \quad x_5 = t$$

$$\rightarrow s \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

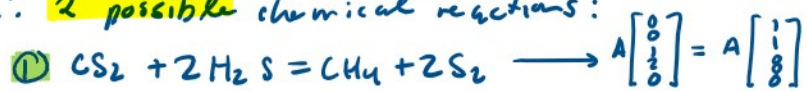
\therefore 2 possible chemical reactions: $r_{01} \quad r_{11}$

$$\left[\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right]$$

$$2x_3 - s - t = 0 \rightarrow x_3 = \frac{1}{2}s + \frac{1}{2}t$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- \therefore 2 possible chemical reactions:



- All other chem reactions are l.h. combs of $\textcircled{1}$ & $\textcircled{2}$

