## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_MCQ

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 15 Marks Obtained: 15

Section 1: MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i = 0
while i < 5:
    print(i)
    i += 1
    if i == 3:
        break
else:
    print(0)
Answer
012
Status : Correct</pre>
```

Marks: 1/1,00°5

2. When does the else statement written after the loop execute?

Answer

When loop condition becomes false

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i = 1
while True:
    if i%3 == 0:
        break
    print(i)
    i + = 1
```

**Answer** 

**Error** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i = 1
while True:
   if i%3 == 0:
        break
   print(i)
   i += 1
```

**Answer** 

12

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. What is the output of the following?

$$240i = 2$$

```
while True:
    if i%3 == 0:
      break
    print(i)
    i += 2
   Answer
   24
   Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
   6. What is the output of the following?
   i=0
while(1):
     j++
    print i
    if(i==4):
      break
   Answer
   Syntax Error
   Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
       What will be the output of the following Python code?
   i = 5
   while True:
      if i%0011 == 0:
        break
      print(i, end = " ")
      i += 1
   Answer
   5678
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
   Status: Correct
```

8. What is the output of the following program? 7.40 i=1 while(i<3): j=0 while(j<3): print(i%3,end=" ") j=j+1 i=i+1Answer 111222 Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 9. What will be the output of the following Python code? i = 1while True: if i % 2 == 0: i += 1continue if i > 10: break print(i) i += 2 Answer 13579 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 10. What will be the output of the following Python code? i = 1while False: if i%2 == 0: break print(i)

```
i += 2
Answer
    The code runs successfully but does not print anything
    Status: Correct
                                                                        Marks: 1/1
    11. How many times will the inner for loop be executed in the below code?
    i=0
    while(True):
     for j in range(4,0,-2):
       print(i*j)
       print(")
       i=i+1
      if(i\%2==0):
       break
    Answer
    02
    Status: Correct
                                                                        Marks: 1/1
    12. What is the output of the following code?
    for i in range(5):
      if i == 5:
         break
      else:
         print(i)
    else:
      print("Here")
    Answer
    0 1 2 3 4 Here
    Status: Correct
                                                                        Marks: 1/1
```

13. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
i =0
  while i < 5:
      if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
      print(i, end=" ")
      i += 1
   Answer
    13
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
14. What is the purpose of the pass statement in Python?
   Answer
   To do nothing and act as a placeholder.
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
   15. What will be the output of the following code snippet?
   balloon_inflated = False
   while not balloon_inflated:
   oif not balloon_inflated;
        balloon_inflated = True
        print("inflate-", end="")
   print("done")
   Answer
    inflate-done
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
```

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_COD\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 50 Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1: Coding

## 1. Problem Statement

John, a software developer, is analyzing a sequence of numbers within a given range to calculate their digit sum. However, to simplify his task, he excludes all numbers that are palindromes (numbers that read the same backward as forward).

Help John find the total sum of the digits of non-palindromic numbers in the range [start, end] (both inclusive).

Example:

Input:

10

20

## **Output:**

7NO 55

## **Explanation:**

Range [10, 20]: Non-palindromic numbers are 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20.

Digit sums: 1+0 + 1+2 + 1+3 + 1+4 + 1+5 + 1+6 + 1+7 + 1+8 + 1+9 + 2+0 = 55.

Output: 55

## **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line of input consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

#### **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer, representing the total sum of the digits of all non-palindromic numbers in the range.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 10 20

Output: 55

#### Answer

# You are using Python a=int(input()) b=int(input())

for num in range(a,b+1);

```
num=str(num)
if num!=num[::-1]:
    dig=0
    for digit in num:
        dig+= int(digit)
    s+=dig

print(s)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

Emma, a mathematics enthusiast, is exploring a range of numbers and wants to count how many of them are not Fibonacci numbers.

Help Emma determine the count of non-Fibonacci numbers within the given range [start, end] using the continue statement.

## **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

## **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer, representing the count of numbers in the range that are not Fibonacci numbers.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 1

```
Output: 5

Answer

start=int(input())
end=int(input())

fib=[0,1]
while fib[-1]<=end:
    fib.append(fib[-1]+fib[-2])

fibs=set(fib)

nf=0
for num in range(start,end+1):
    if num not in fibs:
        nf+=1

print(nf)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Ethan, a curious mathematician, is fascinated by perfect numbers. A perfect number is a number that equals the sum of its proper divisors (excluding itself). Ethan wants to identify all perfect numbers within a given range.

Help him write a program to list these numbers.

## **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer start, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line consists of an integer end, representing the ending number of the range.

## **Output Format**

The output prints all perfect numbers in the range, separated by a space.

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Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Input: 1
100
Output: 6 28

Answer

# You are using Python
start=int(input())
end=int(input())
for num in range(start,end+1):

sod=0

for i in range(1,num):
    if num%i==0:
        sod+=i

if(sod==num):

print(f"{num}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

You work as an instructor at a math enrichment program, and your goal is to develop a program that showcases the concept of using control statements to manipulate loops. Your task is to create a program that takes an integer 'n' as input and prints the squares of even numbers from 1 to 'n', while skipping odd numbers.

## **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, which represents the upper limit of the range.

#### **Output Format**

The output displays the square of even numbers from 1 to 'n' separated by lines.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

#### Answer

# You are using Python
a=int(input())

for i in range(2,a+1,2):
 print(i\*i)

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 5. Problem Statement

As a junior developer working on a text analysis project, your task is to create a program that displays the consonants in a sentence provided by the user, separated by spaces.

You need to implement a program that takes a sentence as input and prints the consonants while skipping vowels and non-alphabetic characters using only control statements.

## Input Format

The input consists of a string representing the sentence.

## **Output Format**

The output displays space-separated consonants present in the sentence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: Hello World! Output: HIIW rId

#### Answer

a=input()

vow="aeiouAEIOU"

cons=""

for char in a:

if char.isalpha(): cons+=char+" "

if char not in vow:

print(cons.strip())

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

## 1. Problem Statement

Students are allowed to work on our computer center machines only after entering the correct secret code. If the code is correct, the message "Logged In" is displayed. They are not allowed to log in to the machine until they enter the correct secret code.

Write a program to allow the student to work only if he/she enters the correct secret code.

Note: Here, secret code means the last three digits should be divisible by the first digit of the number.

## **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer n, which represents the secret code.

## **Output Format**

The output displays either "Logged In" or "Incorrect code" based on the given condition.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: 2345

Output: Incorrect code

#### Answer

# You are using Python
n=input()

fdig=int(n[0])
tdig=int(n[-3:])

if fdig!=0 and tdig%fdig==0:
 print("Logged In")
else:
 print("Incorrect code")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

Rohith is a data analyst who needs to categorize countries based on their population growth rates. Each country is assigned a unique code. Rohith will receive a code and corresponding data based on the code. If the data falls within specific thresholds, he needs to classify the country's priority level.

Your task is to write a program that reads a country code and its associated data, and then determines if the priority is "High" or "Low."

Thresholds:France: Priority is "High" if the percentage < 50, else

"Low".Japan: Priority is "High" if life expectancy > 80, else "Low".Brazil: Priority is "High" if the urban population > 80, else "Low".

## Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the country code (1 for France, 2 for Japan, 3 for Brazil).

If the country code is 1,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value N, representing the percentage of the English-speaking population.

If the country code is 2,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value A, representing the average life expectancy in years.

If the country code is 3,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value P, representing the percentage of the urban population.

#### **Output Format**

The first line of output displays "Priority: High" or "Priority: Low" based on the input data.

If the country code is invalid, print "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 1 30.0

Output: Priority: High

#### Answer

# You are using Python
code=int(input())

```
percentage=float(input())
elif(code==2):
life=float(
if(code==1):
elif(code==2):
  life=float(input())
elif(code==3):
  pop=float(input())
else:
  print("Invalid")
  exit()
if(code==1 and percentage<50):
  priority='High'
elif(code==1 and percentage>50):
  priority='Low'
elif(code==2 and life>80):
  priority='High'
elif(code==2 and life<80):
  priority='Low'
elif(code==3 and pop>80):
  priority='High'
elif(code==3 and pop<80):
  priority='Low'
print(f"Priority: {priority}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Taylor is tasked with a mathematical challenge that requires finding the smallest positive number divisible by all integers from 1 to n.

Help Taylor to determine the smallest positive number that is divisible by all integers from 1 to n. Make sure to employ the break statement to ensure efficiency in the program.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, n.

### **Output Format**

The output displays the smallest positive number that is divisible by all integers from 1 to n.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: 10 Output: 2520

```
Answer
# You are using Python
import math
n=int(input())
s=1
for i in range(1,n+1):
  gcd=math.gcd(s,i)
  s=(s*i)//gcd
print(s)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

John is tasked with configuring the lighting for a high-profile event, where different lighting modes affect the ambiance of the venue. He can choose from three distinct lighting modes, each requiring a specific adjustment to

Ambient Lighting (Mode 1): The intensity level is multiplied by 1.5.Stage
Lighting (Mode 2): The intensity level is multiplied by 2.0 Sections (1): 1.5.

3): The intensity level is a first level in the intensity level in the intensity level is a first level in the intensity level in the intensity

In the event that an invalid mode is provided, the program should output an error message indicating the invalid selection.

Your task is to write a program that reads the selected lighting mode and the initial intensity level, applies the appropriate adjustment, and prints the final intensity.

## **Input Format**

The first line of input is an integer n, representing the lighting mode.

The second line is a floating value m, representing the initial intensity level of the light.

#### **Output Format**

The output displays "Intensity: " followed by a float representing the adjusted intensity level, formatted to two decimal places, if the mode is valid.

If the mode is invalid, the output should display "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 1 10.0

Output: Intensity: 15.00

#### Answer

# You are using Python mode=int(input()) insty=float(input())

) if(mode==1):

insty=insty*1.5 elif(mode==2):     insty=insty*2.0 elif(mode==3):     insty=insty*1.8 else:     print("Invalid")     exit() print(f"Intensity: {in	24070100 <sup>5</sup> sty:.2f}")	240101005	240701005
Status: Correct			Marks : 10/10
240101005	240701005	240101005	240701005
240101005	240701005	240707005	240701005

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_PAH\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 60 Marks Obtained : 60

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Aarav is fascinated by the concept of summing numbers separately based on their properties. He plans to write a program that calculates the sum of even numbers and odd numbers separately from 1 to a given positive integer.

Aarav wants to input an integer value to represent the upper limit of the range. Help Aarav by developing a program that computes and displays the sum of even and odd numbers separately.

## **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer N, where N is the upper limit of the range.

**Output Format** 

The output consists of two lines:

- The first line displays the sum of even numbers from 1 to N.
- The second line displays the sum of odd numbers from 1 to N.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 10
Output: Sum of even numbers from 1 to 10 is 30
Sum of odd numbers from 1 to 10 is 25

Answer

# You are using Python
n=int(input())
eve=0
odd=0

for i in range(1,n+1):
    if(i%2==0):
        eve+=i
    else:
        odd+=i

print(f"Sum of even numbers from 1 to {n} is {eve}")
print(f"Sum of odd numbers from 1 to {n} is {odd}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

Rajesh wants to design a program that simulates a real-time scenario based on a mathematical concept known as the Collatz Conjecture. This concept involves the repeated application of rules to a given starting number until the number becomes 1. The rules are as follows:

If the number is even, divide it by 2.If the number is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1.

Your task is to write a program that takes a positive integer as input, applies the Collatz Conjecture rules to it, counts the number of steps taken to reach 1, and provides an output accordingly. If the process exceeds 100 steps, the program should print a message indicating so and use break to exit.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, n.

### **Output Format**

The output displays the total number of steps taken to reach 1 if it's under 100.

If it's more than 100, it displays "Exceeded 100 steps. Exiting...".

Refer to sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: 6
Output: Steps taken to reach 1: 8

Answer

# You are using Python
n=int(input())

step=0

while n!=1:
    if step>100:
        print("Exceeded 100 steps. Exiting...")
        break
    if n%2==0:
        n//=2
    else:
        n=3*n+1
```

step+=1

if step<=100:

print(f"Steps taken to reach 1: {step}")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Imagine being entrusted with the responsibility of creating a program that simulates a math workshop for students. Your task is to develop an interactive program that not only calculates but also showcases the charm of factorial values. Your program should efficiently compute and present the sum of digits for factorial values of only odd numbers within a designated range. This approach will ingeniously keep even factorials at bay, allowing students to delve into the intriguing world of mathematics with enthusiasm and clarity.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, n.

## **Output Format**

The output displays the factorial and sum of digits of the factorial of odd numbers within the given range.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 6

Output: 1! = 1, sum of digits = 1

3! = 6, sum of digits = 6

5! = 120, sum of digits = 3

#### **Answer**

# You are using Python

```
n=int(input())

for i in range(1,n+1):
    if i%2!=0:
        fac=1
        for j in range(1,i+1):
            fac*=j

        sum=0
        for dig in str(fac):
            sum+=int(dig)

        print(f"{i}! = {fac}, sum of digits = {sum}")

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10
```

#### 4. Problem Statement

Kamali recently received her electricity bill and wants to calculate the amount she needs to pay based on her usage. The electricity company charges different rates based on the number of units consumed.

For the first 100 units, there is no charge. For units consumed beyond 100 and up to 200, there is a charge of Rs. 5 per unit. For units consumed beyond 200, there is a charge of Rs. 10 per unit.

Write a program to help Kamali calculate the amount she needs to pay for her electricity bill based on the units consumed.

### **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer, representing the number of units.

## **Output Format**

The output prints the total amount of the electricity bill, an integer indicating the amount Kamali needs to pay in the format "Rs. amount".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: 350
```

Output: Rs. 2000

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
unit=int(input())

tot=0

if(unit<=100):
    tot=0

elif(unit<=200):
    tot=(unit-100)*5

else:
    tot=(100*5)+(unit-200)*10
print(f"Rs. {tot}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 5. Problem Statement

Sophia, a primary school teacher, wants to calculate the sum of numbers within a given range, excluding those that are multiples of 3.

Write a program to help Sophia compute the sum of all numbers between start and end (inclusive) that are not divisible by 3 using the continue statement.

#### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line of input consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

## **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer, representing the sum of numbers in the range that are not multiples of 3.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1
10
Output: 37

Answer

# You are using Python st=int(input()) end=int(input()) sum=0

for i in range(st,end+1): if(i%3!=0): sum+=i

print(sum)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

## 6. Problem Statement

As a software engineer, your goal is to develop a program that facilitates the identification of leap years in a specified range. Your task is to create a program that takes two integer inputs, representing the start and end years of the range and then prints all the leap years within that range.

## **Input Format**

The first line of the input consists of an integer, which represents the start year.

The second line consists of an integer, which represents the end year.

# Output Format

The output displays the leap years within the given range, separated by lines.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 2000
   2053
   Output: 2000
   2004
   2008
   2012
   2016
2020
   2024
   2028
   2032
   2036
   2040
   2044
   2048
   2052
   Answer
   # You are using Python
   sty=int(input())
endy=int(input())
   for yr in range(sty,endy+1):
     if(yr%4==0 and yr % 100!=0) or (yr % 400 == 0):
       print(yr)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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