Latest Java Best Practices

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Streams, lambdas, method references, LVTI, JPMS, ...

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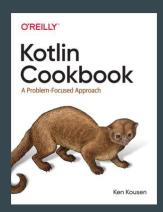
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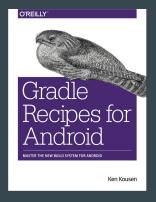
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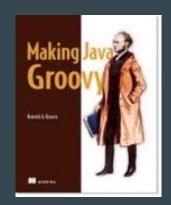
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Videos (available on the O'Reilly Learning Platform)

O'Reilly video courses: See http://shop.oreilly.com for details

Groovy Programming Fundamentals

Practical Groovy Programming

Mastering Groovy Programming

Learning Android

Practical Android

Gradle Fundamentals

Gradle for Android

Spring Framework Essentials

Advanced Java Development

GitHub Repository

Java Latest

https://github.com/kousen/java_latest

Documentation pages

https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/11/

- Tools Reference
- JShell User Guide
- <u>Javadoc Guide</u>

Note: Actual API Javadocs are at:

https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/11/docs/api/index.html

Java Licensing Is a Mess, But...

Java is Still Free 2.0.3 - Java Champions

Java 8

End of life without commercial support (ended Jan 2019) Open JDK (and others) still provide updates

Java 11

Oracle JDK requires license for production use Open JDK (and others) are free

Features You Need To Know

Java Functional Features

Streams, lambdas, method references

Lambda Expressions

Java lambda expressions

Assigned to Single Abstract Method interfaces

Parameter types inferred from context

Functional Interface

Interface with a Single Abstract Method

Lambdas can only be assigned to

functional interfaces

Functional Interface

See java.util.function package

@FunctionalInterface

Not required, but used in library

Functional Interfaces

```
Consumer \rightarrow single arg, no result
    void accept(T t)
Predicate \rightarrow returns boolean
    boolean test(T t)
Supplier \rightarrow no arg, returns single result
    T get()
Function \rightarrow single arg, returns result
    R apply(T t)
```

Functional Interfaces

Primitive variations

Consumer

IntConsumer, LongConsumer,

DoubleConsumer,

BiConsumer<T,U>

Functional Interfaces

 $BiFunction \rightarrow binary function from T and U to R$

R apply(T, U)

UnaryOperator extends Function (T and R same type)

BinaryOperator extends BiFunction (T, U, and R same type)

Method References

Method references use :: notation

```
System.out::println
    x → System.out.println(x)
Math::max
    (x,y) → Math.max(x,y)
String::length
    x → x.length()
String::compareToIgnoreCase
    (x,y) → x.compareToIgnoreCase(y)
```

Streams

A sequence of elements

Does not store the elements

Does not change the source

Operations are lazy when possible

Closed when terminal expression reached

Streams

A stream carries values

from a source

through a pipeline

Pipelines

Okay, so what's a pipeline?

A source

Zero or more **intermediate** operations

A **terminal** operation

Reduction Operations

Reduction operations

Terminal operations that produce

one value from a stream

average, sum, max, min, count, ...

Creating Streams

Creating streams

```
Collection.stream()
Stream.of(T... values)
Stream.generate(Supplier<T> s)
Stream.iterate(T seed, UnaryOperator<T> f)
Stream.empty()
```

Transforming Streams

Process data from one stream into another

```
filter(Predicate<T> p)
```

```
map(Function<T,R> mapper)
```

Transforming Streams

There's also flatMap:

Stream<R> flatMap(Function<T, Stream<R>> mapper)

Map from single element to multiple elements

Remove internal structure

Using Collectors

```
Stream.of( ... )
    .collect( Collectors.toList() ) → creates an ArrayList
    .collect( Collectors.toSet() ) → creates a HashSet
    .collect( Collectors.toCollection( Supplier ))
        \rightarrow creates the supplier (LinkedList::new, TreeSet::new, etc)
    .collect( Collectors.toMap( Function, Function ))
        \rightarrow creates a map; first function is keys, second is values
```

Static And Default Methods in Interfaces

Default methods

Default methods in interfaces

Use keyword default

Default methods

What if there is a conflict?

Class vs Interface → Class always wins

Interface vs Interface \rightarrow

Child overrides parent

Otherwise compiler error

Static methods in interfaces

Can add static methods to interfaces

See Comparator.comparing

Optional Type

Optional

Alternative to returning object or null

```
Optional<T> value

isPresent() \rightarrow boolean

get() \rightarrow return the value
```

Goal is to return a default if value is null

Optional

```
ifPresent() accepts a consumer
    optional.ifPresent( ... do something ...)
orElse() provides an alternative
    optional.orElse(... default ...)
    optional.orElseGet(Supplier<? extends T> other)
    optional.orElseThrow(Supplier<? extends X> exSupplier)
```

The java.time Package

LocalDate, LocalTime, ZonedDateTime, and more

LocalDate

A date without time zone info

contains year, month, day of month

LocalDate.of(2017, Month.FEBRUARY, 2)

months actually count from 1 now

Date and Time API

```
java.util.Date is a disaster
```

java.util.Calendar isn't much better

Now we have java.time

LocalTime

LocalTime is just LocalDate for times

hh:mm:ss

LocalDateTime is both, but then you

might need time zones

ZonedDateTime

Database of timezones from IANA

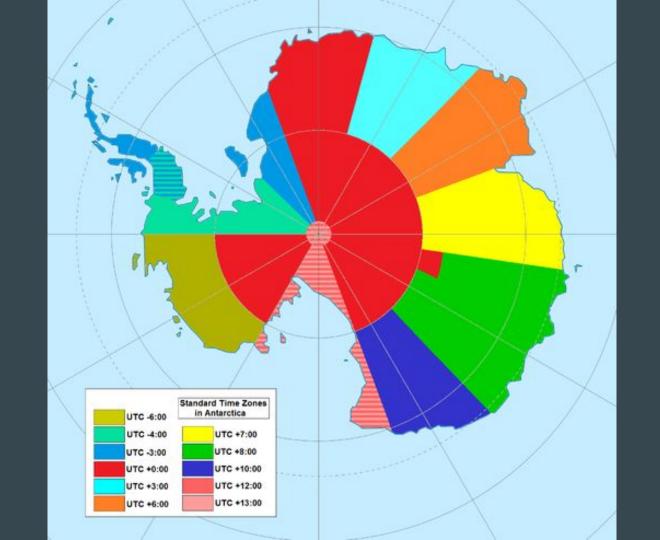
https://www.iana.org/time-zones

```
Set<String> ZoneId.getAvailableZoneIds()
ZoneId.of("... tz name ...")
```

ZonedDateTime

```
LocalDateTime → ZonedDateTime
    local.atZone(zoneId)

Instant → ZonedDateTime
    instant.atZone(ZoneId.of("UTC"))
```



Dates and Times

Java 8 Date-Time: java.time package

AntarcticaTimeZones.java

Collection Factory Methods

List.of, Set.of, Map.of, Map.ofEntries

Collection Factory Methods

```
List.of(a, b, b, c, ...)
Set.of(a, b, b, c, ...)
Map.of(k1, v1, k2, v2, k3, v3, ...)
Map.ofEntries(
   Map.entry(k1, v1),
   Map.entry(k2, v2),
   Map.entry(k3, v3), ...)
```

Local Variable Type Inference

The var reserved type name

var Data Type

Local variables only

- No fields
- No method parameters
- No method return types

var is a "reserved type name", not a keyword (can still have variable called "var")

Can also use on

- for loops
- try-with-resources blocks

var Data Type

Stuart Marks: Style Guidelines for Local Variable Type Inference in Java

http://openjdk.java.net/projects/amber/LVTIstyle.html

Local variables only

Features You Should Probably Know

HTTP Client

Built-in synch and asynch networking

HTTP 2 Client

New HTTP Client API

Supports HTTP/2 and websockets

Replaces HTTPURLConnection

Both synchronous and asynchronous modes

JShell

The Java REPL

JShell

```
Java interpreter
     https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/11/jshell/introduction-jshell.html
> jshell (or add -v for verbose)
jshell>
     /exit to leave
No semicolons needed
```

Enhanced Switch Statement

Makes switch useable

Enhanced Switch

- Expressions \rightarrow return a value
- Arrow rather than colon \rightarrow no fall through
- Multiple case labels
- Statement blocks \rightarrow yield
- Exhaustive

Text Blocks

Multiline Strings

Text Blocks

- Use "triple double" quotes (""") and a newline
- Indentation based on closing """
- stripIndent, indent, translateEscapes

Records

Preview feature of Java 14

Records

- Like a data class \rightarrow intended to hold data
- Add attributes using constructor syntax
- generates getter methods
- final
- extends java.lang.Record
- generates toString, equals, and hashCode
- can add static fields

Pattern Matching

Preview feature of Java 14

Pattern matching

- Enhances the **instanceof** operator
- if (shape instanceof Square s) \rightarrow use square methods on s
- Like a "smart cast"

Miscellaneous Features

Private Methods in Interfaces

Both default and static methods in interfaces

can call private methods

Try-With-Resources

Always had to declare variable inside the try block parentheses

Can now declare try-block variable outside

```
public void loadDataFromDB() throws SQLException {
    Connection dbCon = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);
    try (dbCon; ResultSet rs = dbCon.createStatement().executeQuery("select * from emp")) {
```

dbCon variable will automatically be closed (no finally needed)

Deprecated Annotation

@Deprecated now has fields:

- forRemoval
- since

Tool jdeprscan to scan a jar file for deprecated uses

SafeVarargs

Until Java 8, @SafeVarargs could only be applied to:

- static methods
- final methods
- constructors

In Java 9, can add @SafeVarargs to private methods

Features You Can Probably Skip

The Module System

The Good and Bad of JPMS

JPMS

```
Module descriptors
```

module-info.java

exports, requires, opens, ...

Quick start guide:

http://openjdk.java.net/projects/jigsaw/quick-start

State of the Module System

http://openjdk.java.net/projects/jigsaw/spec/sotms/

JPMS

```
module name \rightarrow use "reverse dns" (like packages)
    requires → add a module to the "module path"
         java.base added automatically
         transitive → any package using this module can read the arg
    exports \rightarrow list of packages exported by a module
         can export to selected modules
```

JPMS

Changes the nature of public and private

Reflection only works on opened packages

Use "opens" to expose a package to reflection

requires $static \rightarrow make$ available at compile time but not runtime (optional)

Summary

- Need to know functional features
 - Streams with map / filter / reduce
 - Lambda expressions
 - Method references
 - Concurrent, parallel streams
- Need to use Optional
- Helpful to know preview features
 - Enhanced switch
 - Text blocks
 - Records
 - Pattern matching
- Can probably ignore modules (unless you're a library developer)