

## Aim: Building Express Application by Sending and Receiving Cookies

### Requirements:

1. **Software & Tools:**
  - Node.js (latest LTS version)
  - Express.js
  - Cookie-parser middleware
  - Web browser (Chrome, Firefox, or Edge)

### Theory:

Cookies are small pieces of data stored on the client's browser that help in maintaining user sessions, tracking user activity, and personalizing user experiences.

### Types of Cookies:

1. **Session Cookies:** Stored temporarily and deleted when the browser is closed.
2. **Persistent Cookies:** Stored for a specific duration even after the browser is closed.
3. **Secure Cookies:** Transmitted only over HTTPS.
4. **HttpOnly Cookies:** Cannot be accessed via JavaScript for security reasons.

### Working with Cookies in Express.js:

- **Setting a Cookie:** The server sends a cookie to the client using the `Set-Cookie` HTTP header.
- **Receiving a Cookie:** The client sends stored cookies to the server with each request.
- **Deleting a Cookie:** The server can clear a cookie by setting an expiration date in the past.

To handle cookies in Express, we use the `cookie-parser` middleware, which simplifies cookie management in request objects.

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### Code:

#### Step 1: Install Dependencies

```
Npm install express
npm install express cookie-parser
```

#### Step 2: Create `server.js` File

```
const express = require("express");
const cookieParser = require("cookie-parser");

const app = express();
const PORT = 3000;
```

```
// Middleware to parse cookies
app.use(cookieParser());

// Route to set a cookie
app.get("/set-cookie", (req, res) => {
  res.cookie("username", "student", { maxAge: 60000, httpOnly: true });
  res.send("Cookie has been set!");
});

// Route to get cookies
app.get("/get-cookie", (req, res) => {
  const cookies = req.cookies;
  res.json({ cookies });
});

// Route to delete a cookie
app.get("/delete-cookie", (req, res) => {
  res.clearCookie("username");
  res.send("Cookie has been deleted!");
});

// Start the server
app.listen(PORT, () => {
  console.log(`Server running at http://localhost:${PORT}`);
});
```

### Step 3: Running the Application

`node server.js`

Then, open a browser and test the following routes:

- `http://localhost:3000/set-cookie` → Sets a cookie
- `http://localhost:3000/get-cookie` → Retrieves the stored cookie
- `http://localhost:3000/delete-cookie` → Deletes the cookie

## Conclusion:

In this experiment, we successfully built an Express.js application that demonstrates cookie management. We used the `cookie-parser` middleware to set, retrieve, and delete cookies. This knowledge is essential for implementing user authentication, session tracking, and personalization in web applications.