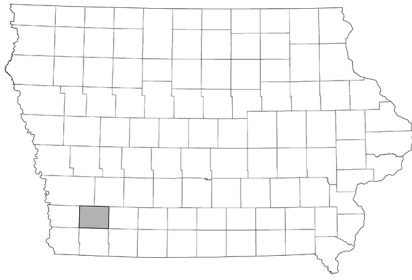


Data for Decision Makers



Coburg, Iowa City Profile

report created: 12/17/2024

Population profile

The 2020 population for Coburg is 26. Between 2010 and 2020 the population decreased by 38.1%. The City of Coburg is in Montgomery County. Montgomery County saw a 3.8% population decrease between 2010 and 2020. Coburg's population is predominantly White.

Total Population¹

City	2000	2010	2020
Coburg	31	42	26
Male Total	13	23	14
Female Total	18	19	12
Montgomery County Total	11,771	10,740	10,330
State of Iowa Total	2,926,324	3,046,355	3,190,369

[†]City is located in multiple counties, total population is provided.

Percentage of Population by Race/Hispanic Origin¹

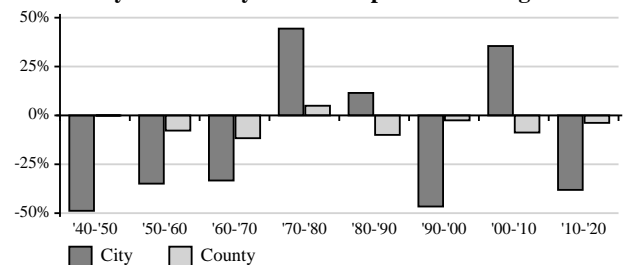
Race Groups	City		County	
	2010	2020	2010	2020
One race only	95.2%	96.2%	99.1%	96.4%
White	95.2%	96.2%	97.4%	93.9%
White alone, not Hispanic	95.2%	96.2%	95.6%	93.0%
Black or African American	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.3%
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.3%
Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	1.6%
Two or more races	4.8%	3.8%	0.9%	3.6%
Hispanic origin ^a	0.0%	0.0%	2.8%	3.6%

^a Hispanics can be of any race.

Neighboring Cities - Percent Population Change

	'90-'00	'00-'10	'10-'20
Emerson	0.8%	-8.8%	-8.0%
Essex	-3.5%	-9.7%	-9.5%
Imogene	-25.0%	9.1%	-45.8%
Red Oak	-1.1%	-7.3%	-2.5%
Stanton	3.2%	-3.5%	-1.6%
Coburg	-46.6%	35.5%	-38.1%
Montgomery County	-2.5%	8.8%	-3.8%
State of Iowa	5.4%	4.1%	4.7%

City and County Percent Population Change¹



Regional Director

Julie Hering-Kent
1901 N Broadway, Ste A
Red Oak, IA 51566
jkent@iastate.edu
712-623-2592

County Office

Sadie Lindgren
1901 N Broadway, Ste A
Red Oak, IA 51566
sadieal@iastate.edu
712-623-2592

<https://indicators.extension.iastate.edu>

Socioeconomic Profile

Coburg, Iowa

The City of Coburg, compared to Montgomery County, had a lower percentage of young people (17 or younger) and a lower percentage of older people (65 and older) in 2020. New household relationship categories were reported for 2020 that are not comparable with 2010.³

Households by Family or Nonfamily Type^{1,3}

	City		County	
	2010	2020	2010	2020
Total households	13	12	4,558	4,456
Family households ^{a,b}	92.3%	60.7%	64.3%	61.9%
Nonfamily households ^c	7.7%	39.3%	35.7%	38.1%

^aHouseholder and at least one other person related to the householder. ^bFor 2020 includes same-sex couples. ^cIn 2010 included same-sex couples whether married or not (if no relatives present).

Housing Characteristics¹

	City		County	
	2010	2020	2010	2020
Total Units	13	12	5,239	5,007
Vacant	0.0%	0.0%	13.0%	11.0%
Occupied	100.0%	100.0%	87.0%	89.0%
Occupied Units	13	12	4,558	4,456
Owner Occupied	84.6%	83.3%	72.0%	71.8%
Renter Occupied	15.4%	16.7%	28.0%	28.2%

Percentage of Population by Age¹

	City		County	
Age Groups	2010	2020	2010	2020
17 or younger	31.0%	15.4%	23.4%	22.0%
18 - 44	35.7%	46.1%	27.1%	27.9%
45 - 64	26.2%	23.0%	29.6%	26.9%
65 or older	7.1%	15.4%	19.9%	23.1%
Median ⁴ Age (years)	30.0	39.5	44.6	45.1
Age Dependency ^{a, 5}	61.6	44.6	76.4	82.3
Old-Age	11.5	22.3	35.1	42.2
Child	50.1	22.3	41.3	40.1

^aAge Dependency Ratio

For very small communities and small population subgroups, fewer data are reported in the *Data for Decision Makers* than what are included for larger cities. By law, the Census Bureau is required to protect the confidentiality of respondents' personal information. The Bureau has used various methods for Disclosure Avoidance (privacy protection) since the 1930 Census. For the 2020 Census, the Bureau implemented a different, statistically based method called Differential Privacy (DP). The DP methodology, while providing privacy protection, has resulted in more uncertainty for reported data for very small communities. Although omitted in some of the *Data for Decision Makers* profiles for very small communities, the fully reported data are available from the Census Bureau's data retrieval site data.census.gov/advanced. See [2020 Census Disclosure Avoidance Handbook](#) for more information.

Notes and Source Information:

¹ U.S. Census Bureau; Decennial Censuses 1940 - 2020

² U.S. Census Bureau; American Community Survey 2018-2022

³ For the 2020 Decennial Census, households are divided into subcategories by two different methods. One method (family or nonfamily) is based on the presence or absence of family relationships among the household members and the householder. Using family relationships (birth, marriage, or adoption) has been the usual way to classify households, and the data using this method has good comparability between 2010 and 2020. In 2020, the Census Bureau introduced an additional method to divide households into subcategories. This second method (couple or noncouple) is based on the presence or absence of a couple relationship for the householder. The relationship can be as a married spouse or as an unmarried partner and can be of the opposite or same sex. The 2020 data reported for the second method (except for married couples) does not have good comparability with data from 2010. For smaller towns, the couple or noncouple data are omitted in this profile.

⁴ Median is the middle value of a distribution.

⁵ The age dependency ratio compares, by age, those typically not in the labor force with those who typically are in the labor force. Old Age dependency is persons 65+ per 100 persons age 18-64. Child dependency is persons under age 18 per 100 persons age 18-64. The total age dependency ratio is persons under age 18 plus persons 65 or older per 100 persons age 18-64.

This series was prepared by:

Christopher J. Seeger, Professor & Extension Specialist
Bailey Hanson, Data Analyst III & Extension Specialist
Sandra Burke, Research Scientist III & Extension Specialist
Jay Maxwell, Data Analyst I & Extension Specialist

For more information on these and other topics, please call the Extension and Outreach specialists listed on the cover page or visit the ISU Extension and Outreach Indicators website at <https://indicators.extension.iastate.edu>

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.
For the full non-discrimination statement or accommodation inquiries, go to www.extension.iastate.edu/diversity/ext.