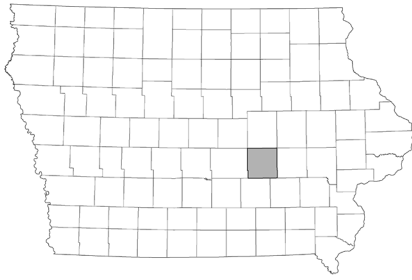


Data for Decision Makers



Deep River, Iowa City Profile

report created: 12/17/2024

Population profile

The 2020 population for Deep River is 249. Between 2010 and 2020 the population decreased by 10.8%. The City of Deep River is in Poweshiek County. Poweshiek County saw a 1.3% population decrease between 2010 and 2020. Deep River's population is predominantly White.

Total Population¹

City	2000	2010	2020
Deep River[†]	288	279	249
Male Total	134	141	121
Female Total	154	138	128
Poweshiek County Total	18,815	18,914	18,662
State of Iowa Total	2,926,324	3,046,355	3,190,369

[†]City is located in multiple counties, total population is provided.

Percentage of Population by Race/Hispanic Origin¹

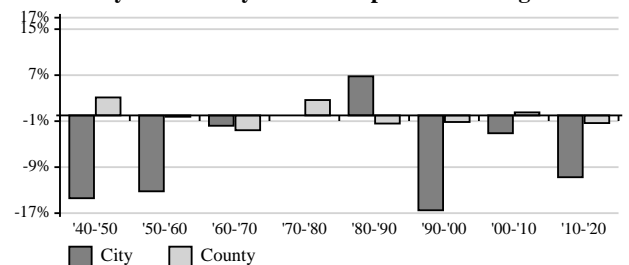
Race Groups	City		County	
	2010	2020	2010	2020
One race only	100.0%	100.0%	98.6%	96.5%
White	100.0%	99.6%	94.9%	92.2%
White alone, not Hispanic	100.0%	98.0%	93.6%	91.1%
Black or African American	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.8%
Asian	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	1.2%
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%
Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Other	0.0%	0.4%	0.8%	0.9%
Two or more races	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	3.5%
Hispanic origin ^a	0.0%	2.0%	2.4%	2.8%

^a Hispanics can be of any race.

Neighboring Cities - Percent Population Change

	'90-'00	'00-'10	'10-'20
Barnes City	-9.0%	-12.4%	-11.4%
Gibson	46.0%	-33.7%	3.3%
Guernsey	0.0%	-10.0%	0.0%
Montezuma	-12.8%	1.5%	-1.4%
Thornburg	-7.7%	-20.2%	-32.8%
Deep River	-16.5%	-3.1%	-10.8%
Poweshiek County	-1.1%	0.5%	-1.3%
State of Iowa	5.4%	4.1%	4.7%

City and County Percent Population Change¹



Regional Director

Tanya Michener
550 N. 2nd Ave. W
Newton, IA 50208
michener@iastate.edu
641-792-6433

County Office

Catherine Lents
114 S 3rd St.
Montezuma, IA 50171
clents@iastate.edu
641-623-5188

<https://indicators.extension.iastate.edu>

Socioeconomic Profile

Deep River, Iowa

The City of Deep River, compared to Poweshiek County, had a higher percentage of young people (17 or younger) and a lower percentage of older people (65 and older) in 2020. New household relationship categories were reported for 2020 that are not comparable with 2010.³

Households by Family or Nonfamily Type^{1,3}

	City		County	
	2010	2020	2010	2020
Total Households	119	103	7,555	7,536
Family Households ^{a,b}	63.0%	73.3%	64.0%	61.7%
Married couple family ^b	47.9%	60.0%	52.1%	48.9%
With own children	20.2%	22.3%	18.2%	15.8%
Other family ^c	15.1%	22.3%	11.9%	12.8%
Male householder ^c	8.4%	7.8%	3.4%	4.4%
With own children	5.0%	3.9%	2.2%	2.5%
Female householder ^c	6.7%	14.6%	8.5%	8.4%
With own children	5.0%	4.9%	5.9%	4.6%
Nonfamily households ^d	37.0%	26.7%	36.0%	38.3%
Male living alone	11.8%	8.7%	13.4%	14.1%
Female living alone	18.5%	14.6%	17.0%	18.2%

^aHouseholder and at least one other person related to the householder. ^bFor 2020 includes same-sex couples. ^cNo spouse present, but at least one relative present. ^dIn 2010 included same-sex couples whether married or not (if no relatives present).

Housing Characteristics¹

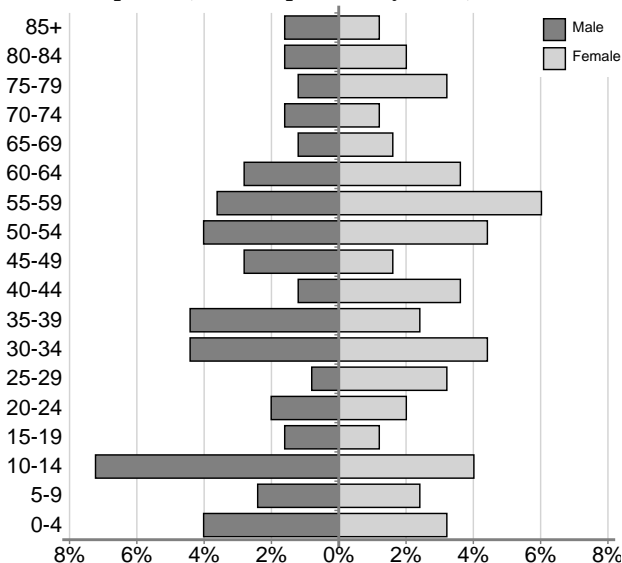
	City		County	
	2010	2020	2010	2020
Total Units	130	122	8,949	8,906
Vacant	8.5%	15.6%	15.6%	15.4%
Occupied	91.5%	84.4%	84.4%	84.6%
Occupied Units	119	103	7,555	7,536
Owner Occupied	81.5%	81.6%	72.2%	71.7%
Renter Occupied	18.5%	18.4%	27.8%	28.3%

Percentage of Population by Age¹

Age Groups	City		County	
	2010	2020	2010	2020
17 or younger	24.7%	25.3%	20.9%	19.4%
18 - 44	32.6%	29.1%	33.7%	34.9%
45 - 64	24.0%	28.8%	27.0%	24.1%
65 or older	18.6%	16.5%	18.4%	21.6%
Median ⁴ Age (years)	37.7	40.3	41.0	40.7
Age Dependency ^{a, 5}	76.5	72.2	64.7	69.5
Old-Age	32.9	28.5	30.3	36.6
Child	43.6	43.7	34.4	32.9

^aAge Dependency Ratio

Deep River, Iowa Population Pyramid,^a 2020¹



^aEach bar represents the percentage that each age-sex group comprises of the total population.

Notes and Source Information:

¹ U.S. Census Bureau; Decennial Censuses 1940 - 2020

² U.S. Census Bureau; American Community Survey 2018-2022

³ For the 2020 Decennial Census, households are divided into subcategories by two different methods. One method (family or nonfamily) is based on the presence or absence of family relationships among the household members and the householder. Using family relationships (birth, marriage, or adoption) has been the usual way to classify households, and the data using this method has good comparability between 2010 and 2020. In 2020, the Census Bureau introduced an additional method to divide households into subcategories. This second method (couple or noncouple) is based on the presence or absence of a couple relationship for the householder. The relationship can be as a married spouse or as an unmarried partner and can be of the opposite or same sex. The 2020 data reported for the second method (except for married couples) does not have good comparability with data from 2010. For smaller towns, the couple or noncouple data are omitted in this profile.

⁴ Median is the middle value of a distribution.

⁵ The age dependency ratio compares, by age, those typically not in the labor force with those who typically are in the labor force. Old Age dependency is persons 65+ per 100 persons age 18-64. Child dependency is persons under age 18 per 100 persons age 18-64. The total age dependency ratio is persons under age 18 plus persons 65 or older per 100 persons age 18-64.

This series was prepared by:

Christopher J. Seeger, Professor & Extension Specialist
Bailey Hanson, Data Analyst III & Extension Specialist
Sandra Burke, Research Scientist III & Extension Specialist
Jay Maxwell, Data Analyst I & Extension Specialist

For more information on these and other topics, please call the Extension and Outreach specialists listed on the cover page or visit the ISU Extension and Outreach Indicators website at <https://indicators.extension.iastate.edu>

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. For the full non-discrimination statement or accommodation inquiries, go to www.extension.iastate.edu/diversity/ext.