

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [26]: df=pd.read_csv("Sleep_health_and_lifestyle_dataset.csv")
df.head()
```

Out[26]:

	Person ID	Gender	Age	Occupation	Sleep Duration	Quality of Sleep	Physical Activity Level	Stress Level	BMI Category	Blood Pressure	Heart Rate	Daily Steps	Sleep Disorder
0	1	Male	27	Software Engineer	6.1	6	42	6	Overweight	126/83	77	4200	NaN
1	2	Male	28	Doctor	6.2	6	60	8	Normal	125/80	75	10000	NaN
2	3	Male	28	Doctor	6.2	6	60	8	Normal	125/80	75	10000	NaN
3	4	Male	28	Sales Representative	5.9	4	30	8	Obese	140/90	85	3000	Sleep Apnea
4	5	Male	28	Sales Representative	5.9	4	30	8	Obese	140/90	85	3000	Sleep Apnea

```
In [27]: df.info
```

```
Out[27]: <bound method DataFrame.info of
0      1  Male  27  Software Engineer  6.1
1      2  Male  28      Doctor  6.2
2      3  Male  28      Doctor  6.2
3      4  Male  28  Sales Representative  5.9
4      5  Male  28  Sales Representative  5.9
..      ...  ...  ...      ...  ...
369    370  Female  59      Nurse  8.1
370    371  Female  59      Nurse  8.0
371    372  Female  59      Nurse  8.1
372    373  Female  59      Nurse  8.1
373    374  Female  59      Nurse  8.1

      Quality of Sleep  Physical Activity Level  Stress Level BMI Category \
0      6      42      6  Overweight
1      6      60      8    Normal
2      6      60      8    Normal
3      4      30      8     Obese
4      4      30      8     Obese
..      ...      ...      ...      ...
369      9      75      3  Overweight
370      9      75      3  Overweight
371      9      75      3  Overweight
372      9      75      3  Overweight
373      9      75      3  Overweight

      Blood Pressure  Heart Rate  Daily Steps  Sleep Disorder
0      126/83      77      4200      NaN
1      125/80      75     10000      NaN
2      125/80      75     10000      NaN
3      140/90      85      3000  Sleep Apnea
4      140/90      85      3000  Sleep Apnea
..      ...      ...      ...      ...
369    140/95      68      7000  Sleep Apnea
370    140/95      68      7000  Sleep Apnea
371    140/95      68      7000  Sleep Apnea
372    140/95      68      7000  Sleep Apnea
373    140/95      68      7000  Sleep Apnea

[374 rows x 13 columns]>
```

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

- mean,median,mode,standard deviation,variance,skewness,kurtosis

```
In [38]: print('\nMean of Physical Activity Level:',df['Physical Activity Level'].mean())
print('\nMedian of Stress Level:',df['Stress Level'].median())
print('\nMode of Quality of Sleep:',df['Quality of Sleep'].mode())
print('\nStandard deviation of Heart Rate:',df['Heart Rate'].std())
print('\nVariance of Daily Steps:',df['Daily Steps'].var())
print('\nSkewness of Sleep Duration:',df['Sleep Duration'].skew())
print('\nKurtosis of Age:',df['Age'].kurt())
```

Mean of Physical Activity Level: 59.17112299465241

Median of Stress Level: 5.0

Mode of Quality of Sleep: 0 8
Name: Quality of Sleep, dtype: int64

Standard deviation of Heart Rate: 4.135675535112214

Variance of Daily Steps: 2617651.144786458

Skewness of Sleep Duration: 0.037554389846484834

Kurtosis of Age: -0.9097795476259583

INTERPRETATION OF SKEWNESS AND KURTOSIS

Kurtosis value is almost zero:Data points follow normal distribution in Age

Skewness value is slightly positive i.e datapoints have heavy tailed normal distribution

INFERENCEAL STATISTICS

```
In [44]: from scipy import stats
Physical_Activity=df['Physical Activity Level']
Physical_Activity_assumed=60.074745432
t_stat,p_value=stats.ttest_1samp(Physical_Activity,Physical_Activity_assumed)
print('t_statistic:',t_stat)
print('\np_value:',p_value)
```

t_statistic: -0.8389127244590534

p_value: 0.40205559391040013

INTERPRETATION

t_statistic represents that sample mean is 0.83 standard errors below the population mean

p_value is larger than 0.05,so we fail to reject the null hypothesis:Physical_Activity_assumed=60.074745432

CONFIDENCE INTERVAL

```
In [42]: import numpy as np
from scipy import stats
sample_mean = np.mean(df['Physical Activity Level'])
standard_error = stats.sem(df['Physical Activity Level'])

# Compute 95% confidence interval for Physical Activity Level
confidence_interval = stats.norm.interval(0.95, loc=sample_mean, scale=standard_error)
print('95% confidence interval for Physical Activity Level:',confidence_interval)
```

95% confidence interval for Physical Activity Level: (57.059976767891335, 61.28226922141348)

Regression Analysis

```
In [46]: import statsmodels.api as sm

# Define independent variable (add constant for intercept)
X = sm.add_constant(df['Physical Activity Level'])

# Define dependent variable
y = df['Quality of Sleep']

# Fit linear regression model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Print model summary
print(model.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:    Quality of Sleep    R-squared:        0.037
Model:            OLS                 Adj. R-squared:    0.035
Method:           Least Squares       F-statistic:       14.38
Date:             Sun, 08 Sep 2024    Prob (F-statistic): 0.000175
Time:             23:34:50            Log-Likelihood:    -590.33
No. Observations: 374                AIC:               1185.
Df Residuals:     372                BIC:               1193.
Df Model:         1
Covariance Type:  nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	6.6570	0.183	36.307	0.000	6.296	7.018
Physical Activity Level	0.0111	0.003	3.792	0.000	0.005	0.017

```

=====
Omnibus:            19.171    Durbin-Watson:      0.435
Prob(Omnibus):      0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):    8.103
Skew:               -0.044    Prob(JB):            0.0174
Kurtosis:           2.284    Cond. No.            189.
=====

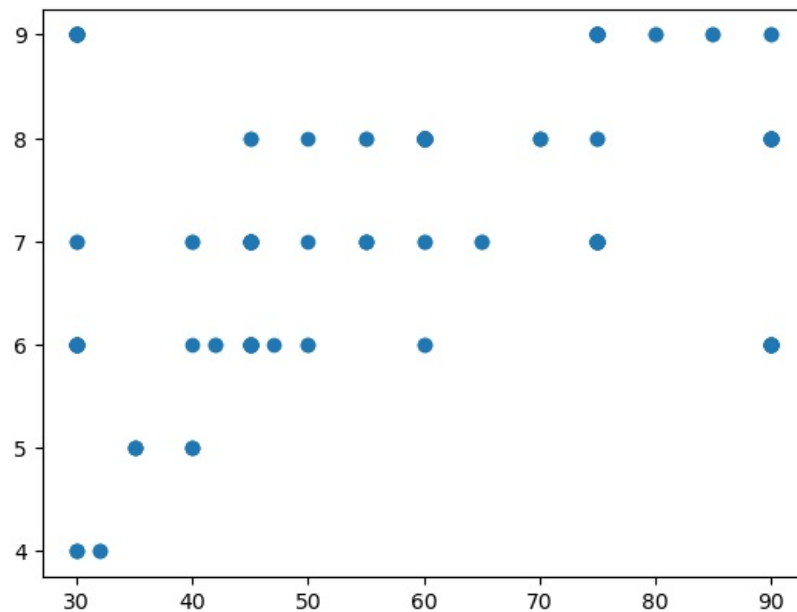
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
In [48]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [51]: plt.scatter(df['Physical Activity Level'],y)
plt.show()
```



CONCLUSION

- we have R-squared=0.037
- it means that 3.7% of the variance in quality of sleep is defined Physical Activity Level rate

```
In [ ]:
```

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