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DSBDA Practical A-6: Implement Simple Naïve Bayes classification algorithm using Python/R on iris

Compute Confusion matrix to find TP, FP, TN, FN, Accuracy, Error rate, Precision, Recall on the given dataset.

```
In [1]: # https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/uciml/iris
```

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [8]: df = pd.read_excel(r"C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\TEB56\Iris.xlsx")
```

```
In [9]: df.head()
```

```
Out[9]:
```

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa

```
In [11]: df.tail()
```

```
Out[11]:
```

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
145	146	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	Iris-virginica
146	147	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Iris-virginica
147	148	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	Iris-virginica
148	149	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Iris-virginica
149	150	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Iris-virginica

```
In [12]: df.shape
```

```
Out[12]: (150, 6)
```

```
In [13]: df.describe()
```

Out[13]:

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	75.500000	5.843333	3.054000	3.758667	1.198667
std	43.445368	0.828066	0.433594	1.764420	0.763161
min	1.000000	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000
25%	38.250000	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000
50%	75.500000	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	1.300000
75%	112.750000	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000
max	150.000000	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000

In [14]: `x=df.drop(['Id', 'Species'], axis=1)`In [15]: `x.head()`

Out[15]:

	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2

In [16]: `x.shape`

Out[16]: (150, 4)

In [17]: `from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label=LabelEncoder()
df['Species']=label.fit_transform(df['Species'])`In [18]: `y=df['Species']
y.head()`Out[18]:

```
0    0
1    0
2    0
3    0
4    0
Name: Species, dtype: int32
```

In [19]: `print(y.shape)`

(150,)

In [20]: `from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2, random_state=0)`In [21]: `xtrain.shape`

Out[21]: (120, 4)

```
In [22]: xtest.shape
```

```
Out[22]: (30, 4)
```

```
In [23]: ytrain.shape
```

```
Out[23]: (120,)
```

```
In [24]: ytest.shape
```

```
Out[24]: (30,)
```

```
In [26]: from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
```

```
In [27]: model=GaussianNB()
```

```
In [28]: model.fit(xtrain, ytrain) # Train the model
```

```
Out[28]: GaussianNB
GaussianNB()
```

```
In [29]: ypred=model.predict(xtest) # Predict on test data
```

```
In [30]: model.score(xtest, ytest)
```

```
Out[30]: 0.9666666666666667
```

```
In [31]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
```

```
In [32]: accuracy_score(ytest, ypred)
```

```
Out[32]: 0.9666666666666667
```

```
In [33]: cm=confusion_matrix(ytest, ypred)
print(cm)
```

```
[[11  0  0]
 [ 0 13  0]
 [ 0  1  5]]
```

```
In [35]: print(classification_report(ytest, ypred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	11
1	0.93	1.00	0.96	13
2	1.00	0.83	0.91	6
accuracy			0.97	30
macro avg	0.98	0.94	0.96	30
weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	30

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```