

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> netstat -aon
```

Active Connections

Proto	Local Address	Foreign Address	State	PID
TCP	0.0.0.0:135	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	1180
TCP	0.0.0.0:445	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	4
TCP	0.0.0.0:1521	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	4140
TCP	0.0.0.0:3306	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	5368
TCP	0.0.0.0:5040	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	7732
TCP	0.0.0.0:6465	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	6532
TCP	0.0.0.0:6466	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	6532
TCP	0.0.0.0:27036	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	8892
TCP	0.0.0.0:33060	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	5368
TCP	0.0.0.0:49664	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	352
TCP	0.0.0.0:49665	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	936
TCP	0.0.0.0:49666	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	1788
TCP	0.0.0.0:49667	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	2524
TCP	0.0.0.0:49668	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	3576
TCP	0.0.0.0:49674	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	1008
TCP	10.1.0.16:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	4
TCP	10.1.0.16:54867	104.17.51.86:443	ESTABLISHED	2648
TCP	10.1.0.16:54906	20.198.162.78:443	ESTABLISHED	25292
TCP	10.1.0.16:54948	142.250.194.74:443	ESTABLISHED	20148
TCP	10.1.0.16:54979	107.167.110.223:443	CLOSE_WAIT	2904
TCP	10.1.0.16:54980	107.167.110.223:443	CLOSE_WAIT	2904
TCP	10.1.0.16:55113	13.35.238.152:443	ESTABLISHED	15936
TCP	10.1.0.16:55178	204.79.197.219:443	ESTABLISHED	25292
TCP	10.1.0.16:55200	34.107.221.82:80	ESTABLISHED	14688
TCP	10.1.0.16:55201	34.107.221.82:80	ESTABLISHED	14688
TCP	10.1.0.16:56828	142.250.193.10:443	ESTABLISHED	20148
TCP	10.1.0.16:56833	54.191.251.76:443	ESTABLISHED	14688
TCP	10.1.0.16:56838	20.198.162.78:443	ESTABLISHED	4316
TCP	10.1.0.16:56856	142.251.10.188:5228	ESTABLISHED	15936
TCP	10.1.0.16:56897	157.240.1.60:443	ESTABLISHED	2904
TCP	10.1.0.16:57756	18.211.92.227:443	ESTABLISHED	6532
TCP	10.1.0.16:60532	103.10.124.162:27023	ESTABLISHED	8892
TCP	10.1.0.16:64292	35.186.224.47:443	ESTABLISHED	7728
TCP	10.1.0.16:64293	162.159.136.234:443	ESTABLISHED	7728
TCP	10.1.0.16:64538	74.125.200.188:5228	ESTABLISHED	2904

As you can see we have 5 columns.

Proto: This is the base protocol being used (TCP/UDP)

Local address: This is the IP address and Port number (separated by a colon) of your computer being used to communicate.

Now you can see that in the screenshot, we have various IP addresses: 0.0.0.0 , 10.0.75.1 , 127.0.0.1

This IP address tells you which network is this entry for. For example, if you are connected via LAN cable and get the IP 192.168.12.123, then all communications via the LAN cable will have this IP.

Parallely, if you also have WiFi connected with the IP address 10.0.0.145 then for WiFi connections, this IP will be shown.

Also, 0.0.0.0 simply means all interfaces, be it Local, LAN, WiFi etc. And 127.0.0.1 means communication is happening locally within your own computer between different applications.

Foreign Address: This is the address of the device your system is communicating with. So let's say you visit Google.com on port 443 and Google's IP address is 1.2.3.4 then in the foreign address, you will see 1.2.3.4:443 and in the local address, you will see the IP address of the network interface being used to connect to Google (Like your LAN IP or your WiFi IP etc)

State: This is a very important column as it tells you the state of the connection. In the above screenshot, you can see 'Listening', which means your system is waiting for a connection on the given port. Similarly, 'Established' means a connection has already been made and communication is probably happening.

PID: This is the process ID of the software handling the communication. You can use 'tasklist' command to see all running programs and their respective process ID.

Now let us break down the 1st entry in the output

Here the Protocol is TCP

As the state is listening, and the local address is 0.0.0.0:135 it means that our computer is waiting for

connections on port 135 and 0.0.0.0 means from anywhere, so anyone in your network whether WiFi, LAN or from your own computer, can connect to your IP on port 135.

In listening, the foreign address doesn't matter too much.

The PID here is 1080.

Below is the output of tasklist command showing what exactly is 1080.

So this means that svchost.exe is listening on port 135 for incoming connections from anywhere (0.0.0.0)

Now your task was to find open ports on your computer which are waiting for connections i.e.state is Listening.

From the 1st screenshot, we can see that our system is listening for connections on the following ports:

135, 445, 903, 913, 1536, 1537 and many more (you might have more or less ports)

You can search about these ports on Google to see what they are used for and why your system is waiting for the connection.

For example, the port 135 is used by an internal Windows Service responsible for your system to communicate with other Windows machines in the network for file sharing, authentication, etc.

Same is for 445.