## ASSIGNMENT 1 : QUESTION 11 (A)

Substituting the value of k, we get 2k - 9 = -135k + 24 = 14

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Therefore, the remainders are:

$$f(x) \mod (x+1) = -13$$
  
 $f(x) \mod (x-2) = 14$ 

Given:

• 
$$f(x) = x^3 + (kx + 8)x + k$$

• Sum of remainders of f(x) after dividing by (x + 1) and (x - 2) is 1

Find:

- Remainders of f(x) after dividing by (x+1) and (x-2)
- $\bullet$  The value of k

## Solution:

By the remainder theorem, The remainder after dividing a polynomial p(x) by (x-r) is equal to p(r).

Therefore,

$$f(x) \mod (x+1) = f(-1)$$
  
 $f(x) \mod (x-2) = f(2)$ 

$$f(-1) = (-1)^3 + (k(-1) + 8) * (-1) + k$$
  
i.e. = -1 + k - 8 + k  
i.e. = 2k - 9

$$f(2) = 2^3 + (2k+8) * 2 + k$$
  
i.e.  $= 8 + 4k + 16 + k$   
i.e.  $= 5k + 24$ 

Given that (2k-9) + (5k+24) = 1Rearranging, we get 7k = -14

Therefore  $\underline{\mathbf{k}} = -2$