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# Assignment 6: Exercise 13.3 Question 2

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## **Question:**

A bag contains 4 red and 4 black balls, and another bag contains 2 red and 6 black balls. One of the bags is chosen at random and a ball is drawn from it which is found to be red. Find the probability that the ball is drawn from the first bag.

### **Solution:**

Let the random variable X represent the bag chosen.

$$X = 0 \leftarrow \text{First bag}$$
  
 $X = 1 \leftarrow \text{Second bag}$  (1)

Let the random variable Y represent the colour of the ball chosen.

$$Y = 0 \leftarrow \text{Red ball}$$
  
 $Y = 1 \leftarrow \text{Black ball}$  (2)

## Required:

$$P$$
 (First Bag | Red ball) =  $P(X = 0 | Y = 0)$ 

Bayes' theorem states:

$$\frac{P(A \mid B)}{P(B \mid A)} = \frac{P(A)}{P(B)} \tag{3}$$

The various probabilities required for the computation are tabularized below:

TABLE I PROBABILITIES

| Event  | Formula                            | Probability |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------|
| First bag $(P_X(0))$                             | None                               | 0.5         |
| Second bag $(P_X(1))$                            | None                               | 0.5         |
| Red ball from First bag $(P(Y = 0 \mid X = 0))$  | $\frac{4}{4+4}$                    | 0.5         |
| Red ball from Second bag $(P(Y = 0 \mid X = 1))$ | $\frac{2}{2+6}$                    | 0.25        |
| Red ball from either bag $(P_Y(0))$              | $0.5 \times 0.5 + 0.5 \times 0.25$ | 0.375       |

Using the formula

$$P_Y(0) = P_X(0) \times P(Y = 0 \mid X = 0) + P_X(1) \times P(Y = 0 \mid X = 1)$$
 (4)

Substituting the operational variables and subsequently rearranging,

$$\frac{P(X=0 \mid Y=0)}{P(Y=0 \mid X=0)} = \frac{P_X(0)}{P_Y(0)}$$
 (5)

$$\implies \frac{P(X=0 \mid Y=0)}{0.5} = \frac{0.5}{0.375} \tag{6}$$

$$\implies P(X = 0 \mid Y = 0) = \frac{2}{3}$$
 (7)

Therefore, the probability that the ball is drawn from the first bag is  $\frac{2}{3}$ .