

## REPORT FILE

8 PUZZEL SOLVER

### INFORMATION

NAME ABHAY SHARMA

ROLL NO. 202401100400006

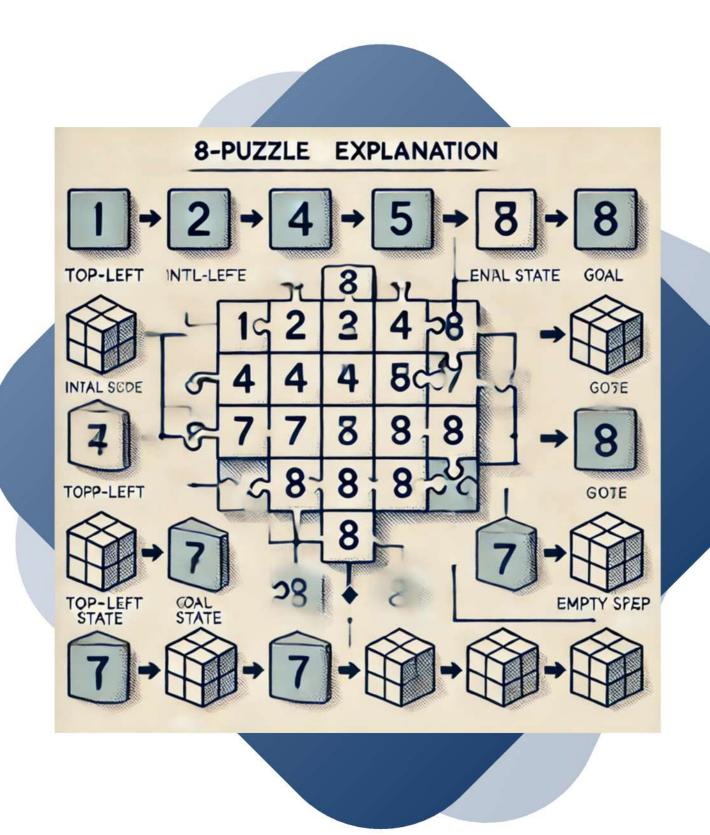
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#### INTRODUCTION

The 8-puzzle is a sliding puzzle where tiles are arranged in order by moving them into an empty space. Al techniques like A\* efficiently solve it by finding the shortest solution.



### Approach to Solve

The 8-puzzle is solved using search algorithms.

Uninformed methods like BFS and DFS explore blindly, while informed methods like A\* use heuristics (misplaced tiles, Manhattan distance) to find efficient solutions. Other approaches include Greedy Best-First Search, IDA\*, and AI techniques like genetic algorithms or reinforcement learning for optimization.

```
import heapq
```

```
# Define the goal state of the puzzle
goal_state = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 0)
# Possible moves (up, down, left, right) as (row_offset, col_offset)
MOVES = [(-1, 0), (1, 0), (0, -1), (0, 1)]
# Heuristic function: Manhattan Distance
def manhattan_distance(state):
 distance = 0
 for i in range(9):
  if state[i] != 0:
    goal_pos = goal_state.index(state[i])
   current_pos = i
   # Calculate the Manhattan distance for each tile
    distance += abs(goal_pos // 3 - current_pos // 3, -/ abs(goal_pos % 3 -
current_pos % 3)
 return distance
```

```
# A* algorithm to solve the 8-puzzle
def solve_puzzle(start_state):
# Priority Queue (min-heap) to store the states
open_list = []
heapq.heappush(open_list, (0 + manhattan_distance(start_state), 0, start_state, []))
# Set to keep track of visited states
visited = set()
visited.add(start_state)
while open_list:
  _, g, current_state, path = heapq.heappop(open_list)
  # If we reached the goal state
  if current_state == goal_state:
  return path
  # Find the position of 0 (empty space)
 zero_pos = current_state.index(0)
  # Generate possible moves
 for move in MOVES:
  new_zero_pos = zero_pos + move[0] * 3 + move[1]
  if 0 <= new_zero_pos < 9:
   new_state = list(current_state)
   new_state[zero_pos], new_state[new_zero_pos] = new_state[new_zero_pos], new_state[zero_pos]
    new_state_tuple = tuple(new_state)
    if new_state_tuple not in visited:
    visited.add(new_state_tuple)
    new_g = g + 1
     heapq.heappush(open_list, (new_g + manhattan_distance(new_state), new_g, new_state_tuple, path + [new_state]))
return None
```

```
# Function to print the puzzle state
def print_puzzle(state):
for i in range(0, 9, 3):
  print(state[i:i+3])
 print()
# Function to get user input for the start state
def get_user_input():
 print("Enter the initial state of the puzzle (9 numbers from 0 to 8, where 0 represents the empty
space):")
 input_state = input("Enter the state as a single line, space-separated (e.g., '1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 0'): ")
 state_list = list(map(int, input_state.split()))
 if len(state_list) != 9 or any(x not in range(9) for x in state_list):
  print("Invalid input! Please ensure you enter exactly 9 numbers between 0 and 8.")
  return get_user_input() # Prompt again if the input is invalid
 return tuple(state_list)
```

```
# Main function to run the solver
if __name__ == "__main__":
# Get user input for the start state
 start_state = get_user_input()
 print("\nStart state:")
 print_puzzle(start_state)
# Solve the puzzle
 solution = solve_puzzle(start_state)
 if solution:
  print("\nSolution path:")
  for step in solution:
   print_puzzle(step)
 else:
  print("\nNo solution found.")
```



```
Enter the initial state of the puzzle (9 numbers from 0 to 8, where 0 represents the empty space):
Enter the state as a single line, space-separated (e.g., '1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 0'): 1 2 3 4 0 5 7 8 6

Start state:
(1, 2, 3)
(4, 0, 5)
(7, 8, 6)

Solution path:
[1, 2, 3]
[4, 5, 0]
[7, 8, 6]
[1, 2, 3]
[4, 5, 6]
[7, 8, 0]
```

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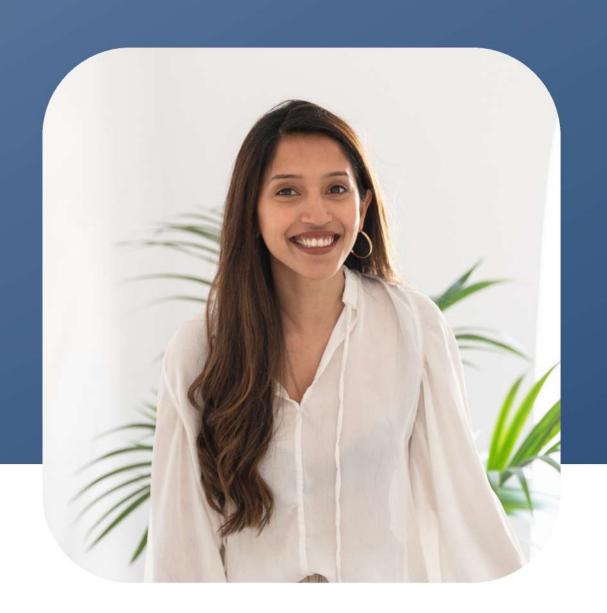
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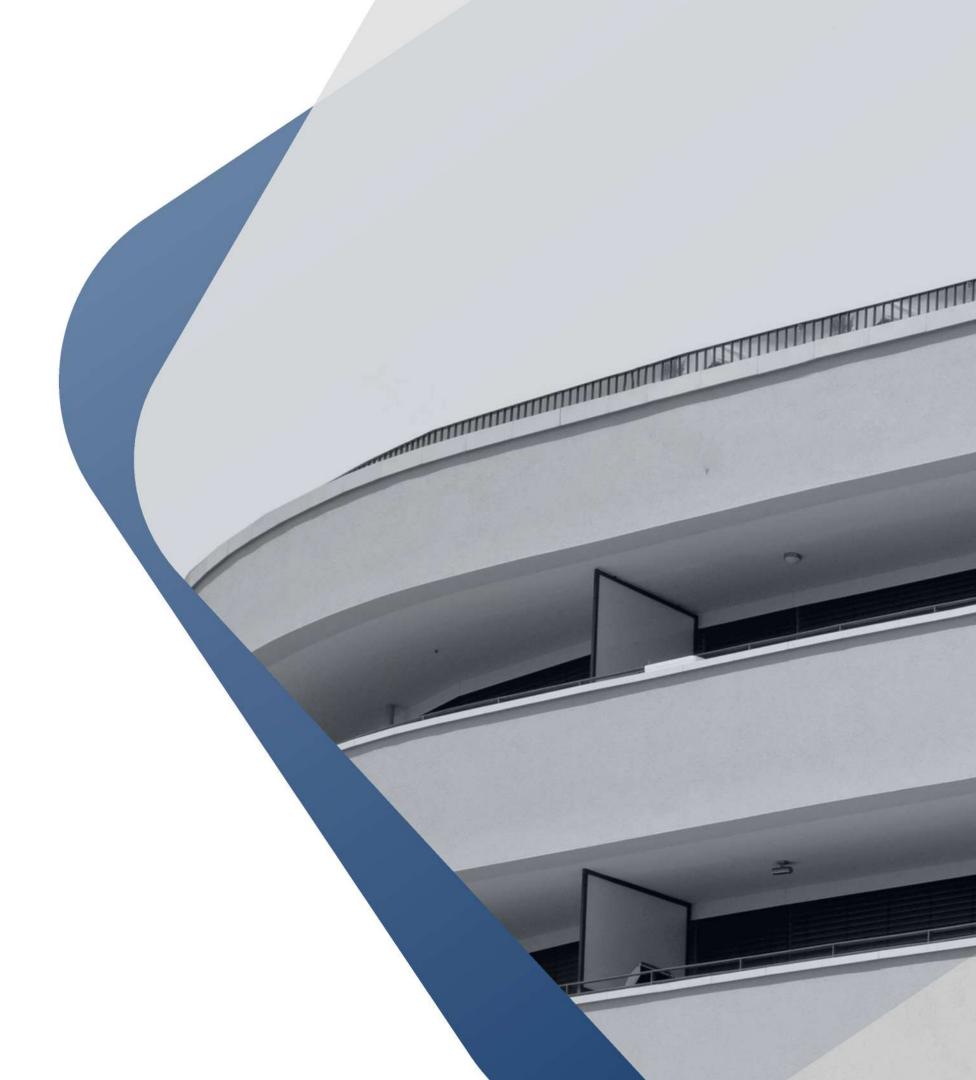
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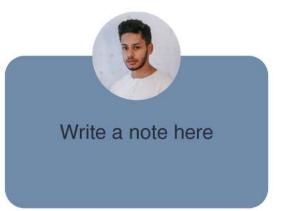


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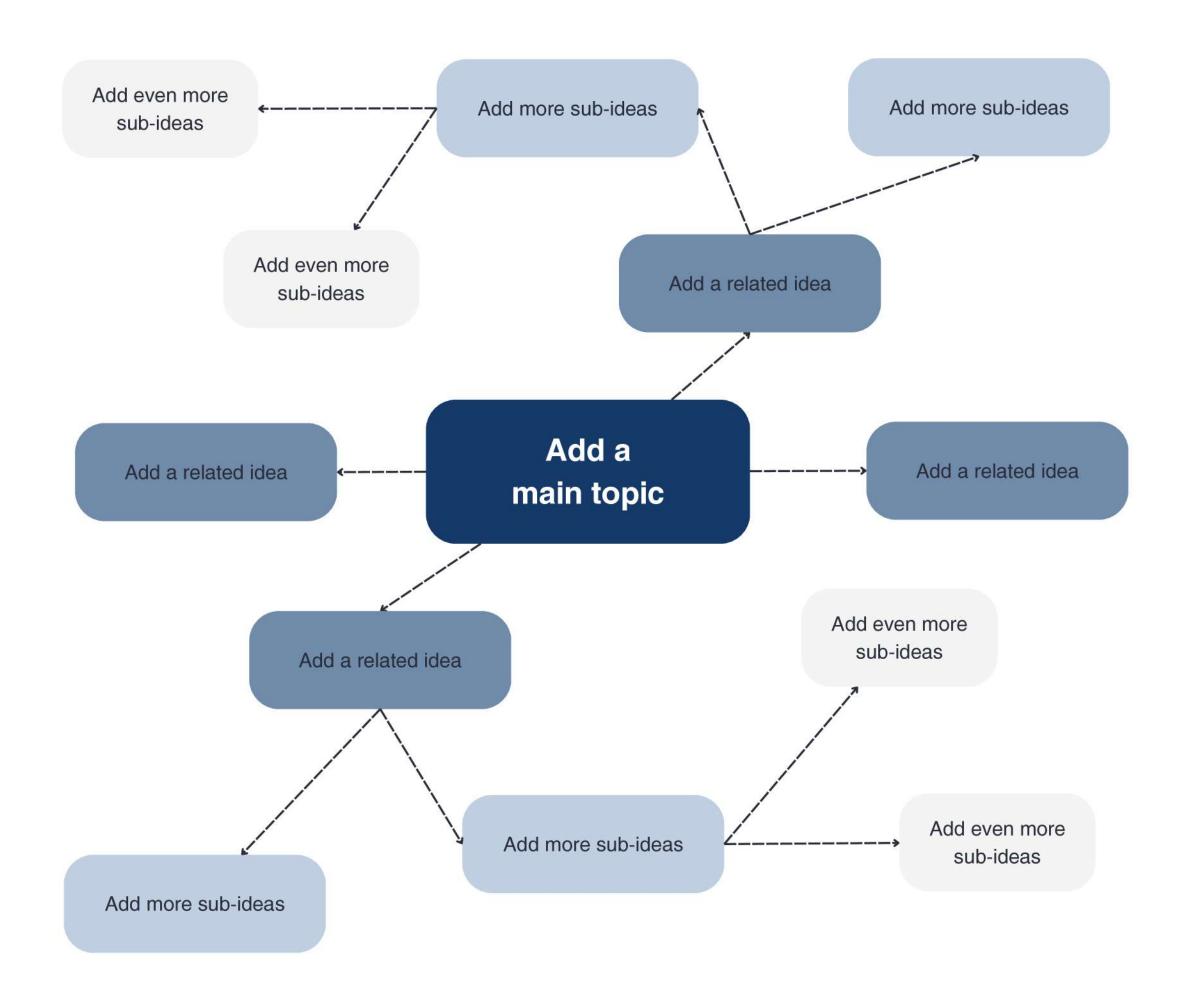
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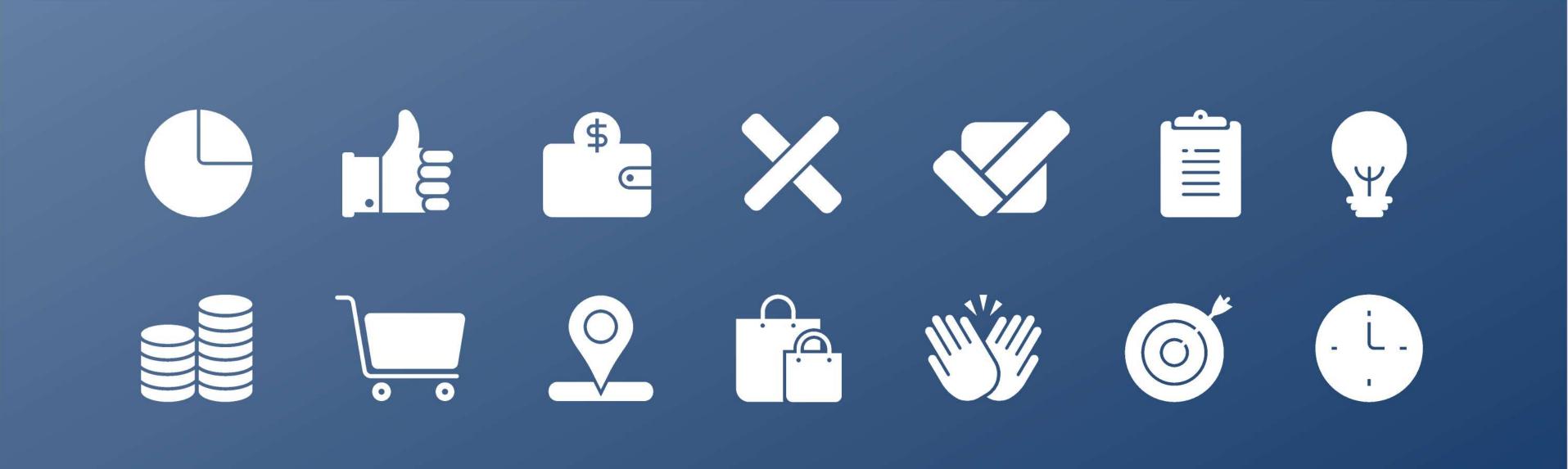
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