

Determining What Applications Should and Shouldn't Log



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Module Overview



The Dangers of Logging Too Much

The Purposes of Logging

Events to Log and Monitor

Who Decides, and When to Decide

The Dangers of Logging Too Much

Why Not Log and Monitor Everything?

Legislation

Confidentiality

Information Overload

**Cost of Processing
Information**

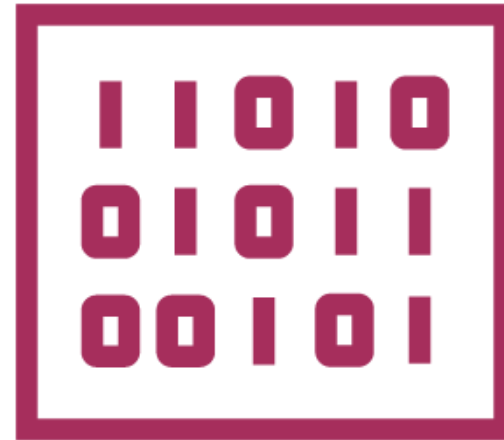
Why Not Log and Monitor Everything?



Legislation



Confidentiality



Information
Overload



Cost of
Processing
Information

Legislation



EU: General Data Protection Regulation

US: Federal Trade Commission Act

Confidentiality



Credentials

Payment details

Detailed (system) information

Sensitive information

CWE-209: Information exposure through an error message

The dangers of showing users, or non privileged accounts error messages

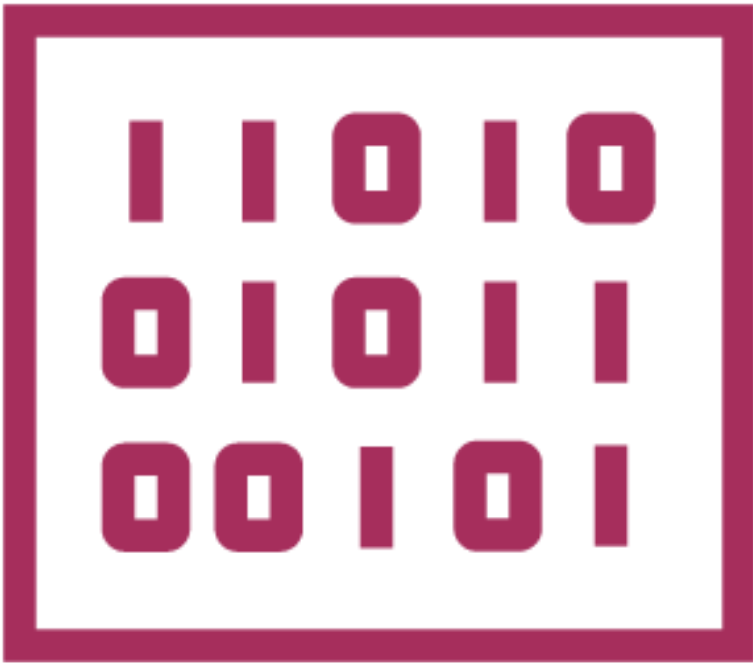
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Security Misconfiguration

CWE-779: Logging of excessive data

Software logs too much information, making log files hard to process and possibly hindering recovery efforts, or forensic analysis after an attack.

Information Overload



Too much can hinder detection

Right balance

Cost of Processing Information



More (human) resources necessary to

- configure logging
- determine baselines
- tweak monitoring

How to Decide What Not to Log



Consult your legal team before logging



Check whether the data needs to be kept confidential



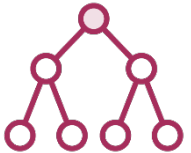
Make sure the log data is proportionate to its value

The Purposes of Logging

Logging and Monitoring Is Necessary For



Situational awareness and timely discovery

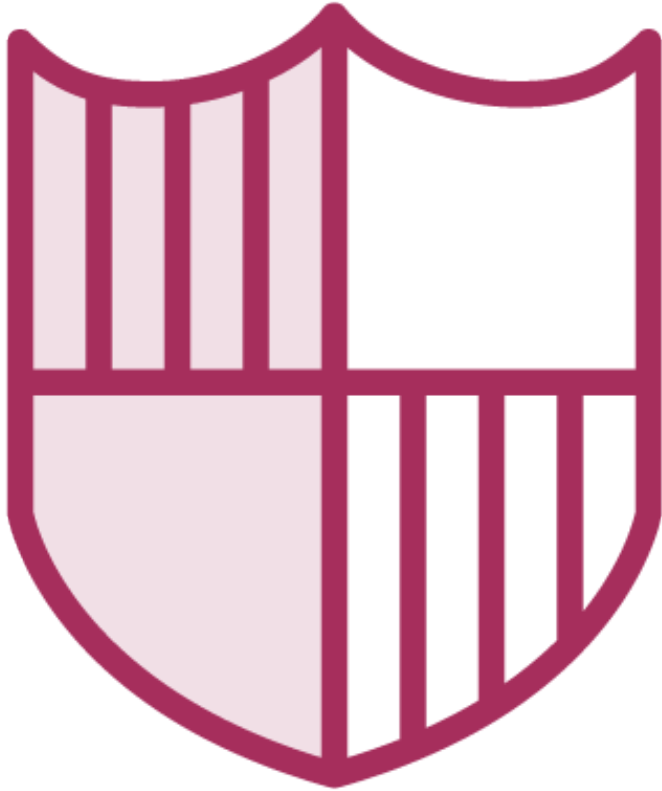


Escalation prevention



Forensics

Detective Controls



Security incidents

- Access control violations
 - Incorrect logins

Compliance purposes

- Policy violations
 - Off-business hours
 - Excessive use of service

Auditing purposes



Compliance
Auditing

Security policy should
be leading





Logging and monitoring for security purposes

Events to Log and Monitor

Access Control Events



Authentication events

- Success
- Failure

Authorization events

- Success
- Failure

Use of Privileges

- Success
- Failure

Application Specific Events



Application errors

Startup and shutdown

Configuration changes

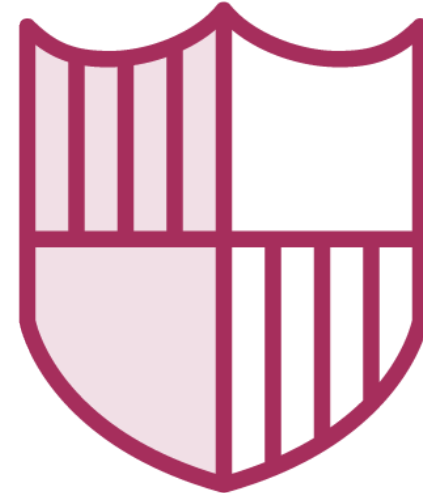
Application state information

Input and output validation

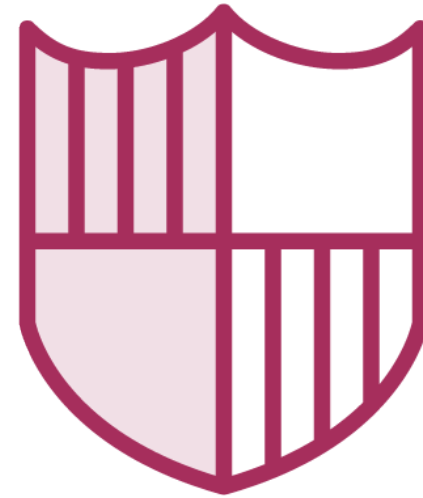
- Application is expected to handle errors

Log all security related
events

Security Is a Trade Off



Security Is a Trade Off



Who Decides, and When to Decide

Who Decides What to Log and Monitor?



Software Developers



Legal Department



Security Professionals



Team

Shared Responsibility



The whole team

Software Development Life Cycle

Planning

**Defining
Requirements**

Designing

Building

Testing

Deployment

Important Phases

Requirements and Design

Specify log as well as monitoring parameters

Define sensors

Deployment and Operation

Enable monitoring

Configure logging based on environment

Determine baselines

Tweak monitoring

Add or remove sensors

Summary



Don't log everything:

- Legislation
- Confidentiality
- Information overload
- Cost of processing information

Use common sense

- Balanced and proportionate

Start with a minimal set

Shared responsibility

Decide early on

- Don't forget operational phase

Next Up



**Ensuring and
Improving the
Quality of Log
Files**