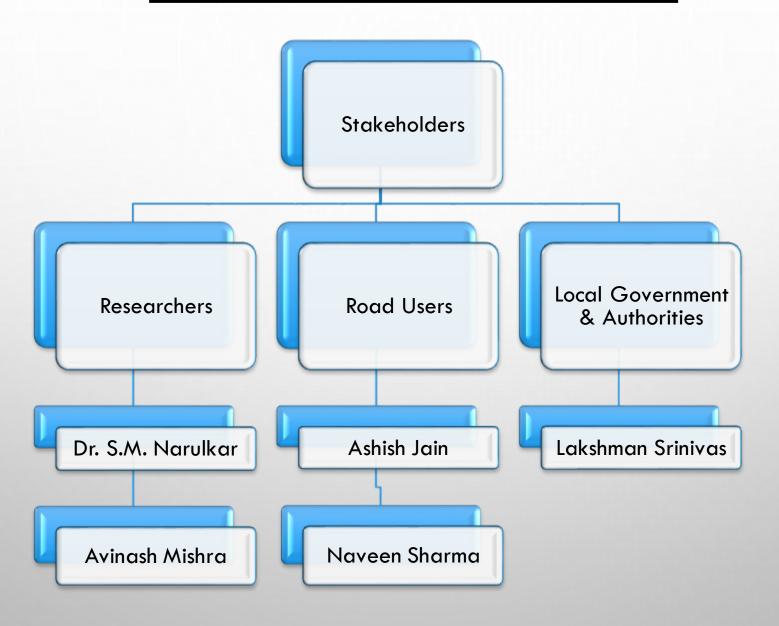
## ACCIDENT PREVENTION SYSTEM AT BLIND TURNS

#### Presented by -

Aakash Chouhan – 0801CS221001 Abhay Bamboriya – 0801CS221002 Abhinav Dave – 0801CS221004 Arin Jain – 0801CS221034 Bhagyadeep Mahawar – 0801CS221041

#### LIST OF STAKEHOLDERS



#### **USER PERSONA OF RESEARCHERS**



Dr. S. M. Narulkar 60, Male Professor & Head SGSITS Indore

#### **About**

He is HOD of civil engineering in SGSITS Indore.

#### Goals

 He wants to incorporate sustainable and environmental friendly materials and practices into the construction of road safety infrastructures, such as accident control systems at sharp turns.

#### Challenges

 Often encounters difficulties sourcing high-quality, sustainable materials at competitive prices.

#### **USER PERSONA OF RESEARCHERS**



Avinash Mishra
31, Male
Assistant Professor
SGSITS Indore

#### **About**

Currently he is an assistant professor in Civil Department, SGSITS, Indore.

#### Goals

 Wants to develop and implement smart transportation systems that enhance road safety and efficiency. His research focuses on technology to prevent traffic accidents, particularly in areas like sharp turns.

#### Challenges

• The primary challenge is the technical complexity of deploying smart systems in existing infrastructure, which involves overcoming significant engineering hurdles.

#### **USER PERSONA OF ROAD USER**



Ashish Jain 25, Male Road Safety Engineer.

#### **About**

Ashish Jain is a Mold Design Engineer at ASB International PVT LTD, Mumbai.

#### **Challenges**

 His major challenge is whenever he met with blind turns, it feels risky and challenging.

#### **Needs**

 A proper system is required which will assure the safety of road users.

#### **USER PERSONA OF ROAD USER**



Naveen Sharma 40, Male

Indore

#### **About**

He is a frequent driver with an experience of 20 years.

#### **Challenges**

 Unable to predict the coming vehicle at blind and sharp turns.

#### Needs

• A proper system on the turns where I am able to know that a vehicle or something else is coming from front.

#### **USER PERSONA OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT & AUTHORITIES**



Lakshman Srinivas
54, Male
Govt. Officer
Municipal
Corporation, Dewas

#### **About**

He is a government officer working at Nagar Nigam, Dewas.

#### Goals

- Primary goal is to provide safety to the road users.
- Aim is to improve visibility around the blind turns so that drivers can see oncoming vehicles and obstacles more easily.

#### Challenges

- Maintenance of roads at sharp turns is very challenging.
- Blind turns are tricky because drivers can't see well around the curve. This makes accidents more likely.

THINKS

Empathy Map

#### Empathy Map of Dr. S.M Narulkar

#### Says

 Considering human factors in the design, such as driver behavior, reaction times to develop systems that are effective and user-friendly.

#### Does

 Designing and carrying out real-world studies, experiments, and computer simulations to collect actual evidence on why accidents happen and how we can stop them.

#### **Thinks**

 Techniques used in foreign countries to prevent accidents can be implemented.



 Fines or penalties for individuals who violate the established rules.

#### **Empathy Map of Avinash Mishra**

#### Says

 Examination of historical accident data at sharp turns to identify patterns and common causes.

#### Does

 Analysis of existing road design standards and their effectiveness in preventing accidents at sharp turns.



#### **Thinks**

 Evaluate the risk associated with specific sharp turns, considering factors such as road conditions, visibility, traffic volume etc.

#### **Feels**

 Collaborating with engineers to implement these technologies into real-world applications.

#### **Empathy Map of Ashish Jain**

#### Says

- Limited visibility due to the curvature of road at the blind spot.
- Sharp edges in road's direction increases the risk of accidents.

#### Does

- Always slows down the vehicle at these sharp turns.
- Blows horn and always keep an eye on the traffic.

#### **Thinks**

• There should be a proper system which will indicate that a vehicle is coming from the other side.

#### **Feels**

- Always worry about the oncoming vehicles.
- Becomes more alert and it feels very risky.

#### **Empathy Map of Naveen Sharma**

#### Says

- Safety precautions should be taken to prevent any accident.
- Expressing the need for real-time victim data to enhance initial assistance efforts.

#### Does

- Drives slowly on these type of turns.
- Proper usage of horns and headlight flasher.



#### **Thinks**

 Proper warning signs with additional information about blind turns should be implemented.

#### **Feels**

- It's challenging to drive on these type of roads.
- On these blind turns, it is difficult to predict whether a light vehicle is approaching or a heavy vehicle.

#### **Empathy Map of Lakshman Srinivas**

#### Says

- Banking of road should be appropriate.
- Install markings on the sharp turns to alert drivers.



#### Does

- Full utilization of land that is provided.
- Add proper lighting at sharp turns, to improve visibility for drivers during nighttime.

#### **Thinks**

- Safety of users should be our first priority.
- Support from the higher authorities is needed.

#### **Feels**

 Change in the infrastructure of the road is very challenging and long process.

#### **Overall Empathy Map**

#### Says

- Always consider human factors such as driver's behavior, his reaction time, etc.
- Examination of historical accident data at sharp turns to identify patterns and common causes.

#### Researchers

#### **Thinks**

- Techniques used in foreign countries to prevent accidents can be implemented.
- Evaluate the risk associated with specific sharp turns.

#### Does

- Analysis of existing road design standards.
- Effectiveness of roads in preventing accidents at sharp turns.

#### **Feels**

- Collaborating with engineers to implement these technologies into real-world applications.
- Fines or penalties for individuals who violate the established rules.

#### **Overall Empathy Map**

#### Says

- Limited visibility due to the curvature of road at the blind spot.
- Expressing the need for real-time victim data to enhance initial assistance efforts.

#### **Road Users**

#### **Does**

- Always slows down the vehicle at these sharp turns.
- Proper usage of horns and headlight flasher.

#### **Thinks**

- There should be a proper system which will indicate that a vehicle is coming from the other side.
- Proper warning signs with additional information should be implemented.

#### **Feels**

- Always worry about the oncoming vehicles.
- On these blind turns, it is difficult to predict whether a light vehicle is approaching or a heavy vehicle.

#### **Overall Empathy Map**

#### Says

- Banking of road should be appropriate.
- Install markings on the sharp turns to alert drivers.

#### Does

- Full utilization of land that is provided.
- Add proper lighting at sharp turns, to improve visibility for drivers during nighttime.

## <u>Local</u> <u>Government &</u> <u>Authorities</u>

#### **Thinks**

- Safety of users should be our first priority.
- Support from the higher authorities is needed.

#### **Feels**

 Change in the infrastructure of the road is very challenging and long process.



# CUSTOMER JOURNEY MAP

#### **JOURNEY MAP OF RESEARCHER**

	Main Main Main Main Main Main Main Main			
	Data Collection and Analysis	Gathering and Sharing Information	Feedback and Reflection Stage	Continuous Learning and Improvement
<u>Touchpoint</u>	Access to the data of previous accidents and gather the government database.	Getting the data through research journals, websites and networking.	Peer reviews, audience feedback, research evaluation, etc.	Continuing education programs, professional development opportunities and research collaboration.
<u>Action</u>	Researchers gather and analyze data on accidents, identify patterns and factors to inform prevention strategies.	Researchers share what they have found. This helps people learn from the research and use it to make decisions.	Responding to peer feedback, including suggestions for improvement, reflecting on research outcomes.	Participating in workshops, collaborating with other researchers on new projects, staying updated on the advancements.

#### **JOURNEY MAP OF ROAD USER**

	Response to Road Conditions	Departure	Preparation	Awareness	Experience During The Journey
<u>Touchpoint</u>	Reacting to changes in road conditions such as traffic congestion or incremented weather.	<ul> <li>Starting the journey from the origin point.</li> <li>Entering the vehicle and adjusting settings.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Planning the journey, including the route and estimating travel time.</li> <li>Gathering items such as maps, GPS devices.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Need to travel arises.</li> <li>Access to information sources such as maps, GPS devices.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Emotional response to the driving experience, frustrations, etc.</li> </ul>
<u>Action</u>	<ul> <li>Slow down and maintain the distance in adverse weather conditions.</li> <li>Stay alert for unexpected obstacles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Start the vehicle and adjust mirrors and seat position for comfort visibility.</li> <li>Buckle seat belts and ensure the safety.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Plan the route using navigation aids and road maps.</li> <li>Ensure the vehicle is in proper working condition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Access travel requirements.</li> <li>Determine preferred mode of transportation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monitor personal comfort and well being during journey.</li> <li>Provide feedback on road conditions, traffic, etc.</li> </ul>

#### **JOURNEY MAP OF GOVERNMENT**

	Identification	Planning and implementation	Public Awareness Campaign
<u>Touchpoint</u>	<ul> <li>Data analytics tools, accident reports, road inspection team.</li> <li>Concern about public safety.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Engineering and infrastructure department.</li> <li>Sense of responsibility.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Public relation teams.</li> <li>Concern for public education, community engagement.</li> </ul>
<u>Action</u>	Analyzing data to identifying the sharp turns prone to accident.	Planning strategies for implementing accident control turns.	Launching campaigns to educate driver about danger of sharp turn and the presence of such system.

### **ANALYSIS**

So from the previous data we have analyzed and figure out some of the following points:-

- The infrastructure should be well designed.
- There should be proper visibility around the blind turns.
- Safety of user is the primary concern.
- Difficult to make changes in the already existing road design
- Collaboration with the engineers is needed to implement latest technologies in affordable price.
- Projects should be cost efficient.

#### **DEFINE PHASE**

The second stage in the process is about clarity, focus and definition. In this phase, we analyze the data which we gathered during the previous stage to identify and define the issue with a clear and short problem statement.



#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

How might we develop an accident prevention system that effectively anticipates and mitigates potential hazards that helps drivers and pedestrians stay safe at blind turns which reduces the occurrence of accidents and enhancing the road safety for all users?



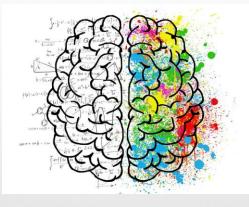


## IDEATION STAGE

#### **Aakash**

- Sensor-Based Accident Prevention System
- Thermal Imaging Cameras
- Automated Traffic Enforcement

#### Brainstorming



#### **Bhagyadeep**

- Variable Speed Limits
- Driver Assistance Systems
- Dynamic Lane Marking

#### **Abhinav**

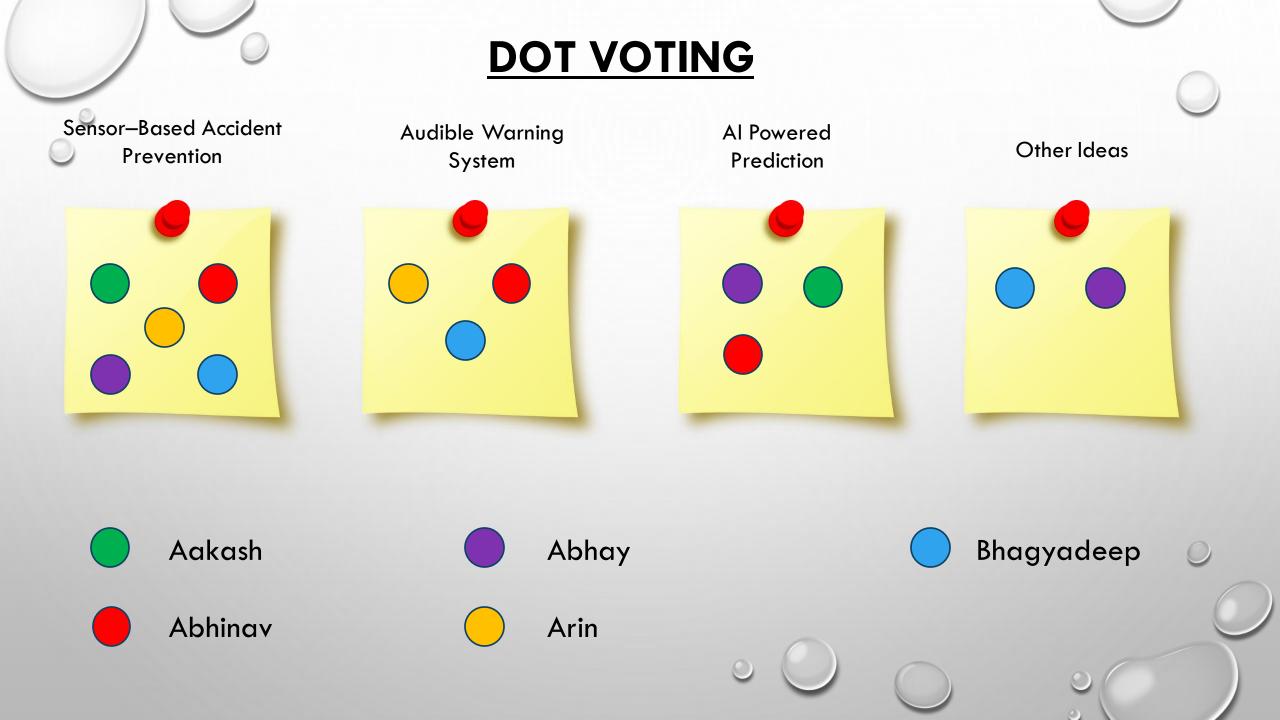
- Al-Powered Prediction
- Continuous Monitoring
- Smart Signage

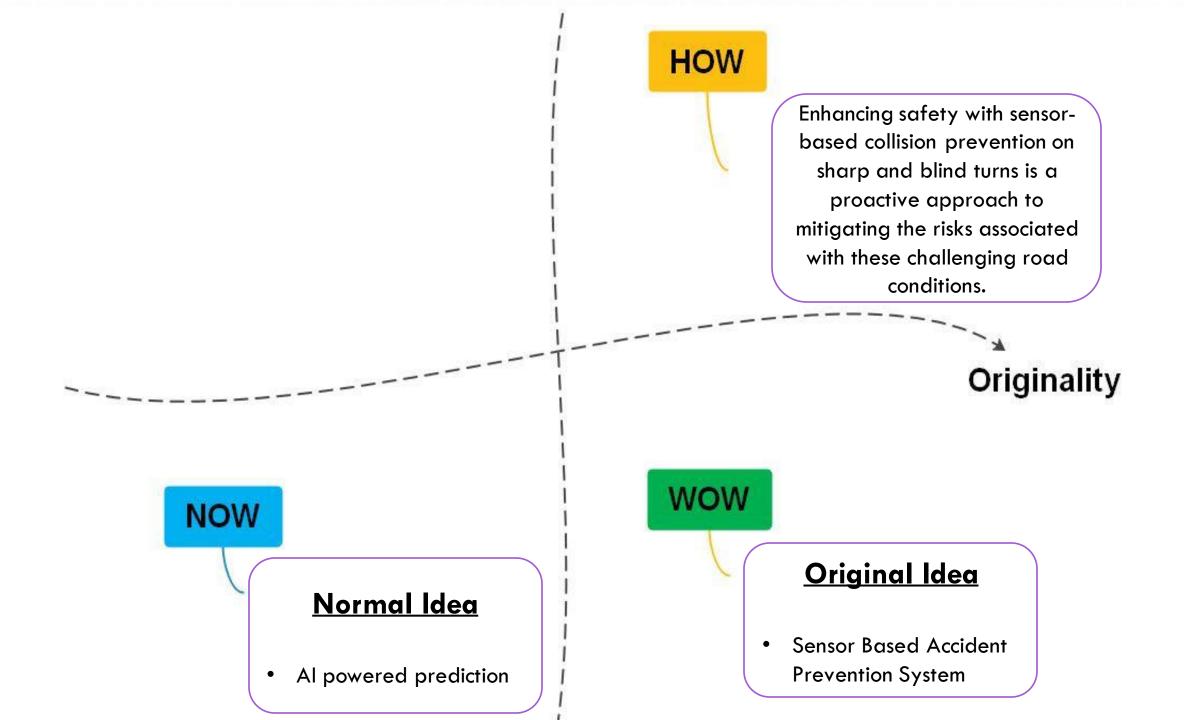
#### **Abhay**

- 360-Degree Camera System
- Vehicle-to-Infrastructure
   Communication
- Educational Campaigns

#### **Arin**

- Audible Warning System
- Wireless Communication
- Geofencing





## PROTOTYPE







