Graph Traversal

A graph traversal algorithm inspects all vertices and all edges of the graph

Depth First Search (DFS)

searches deeper in the graph whenever possible

Breadth First Search (BFS)

 explores the edges of a vertex s to discover every vertex that is reachable from s

Assume a graph has *n* vertices and *e* edges

DFS Algorithm

```
DFS Driver ()
  for each vertex V in the graph
    if V is not visited
        DFS(V)
    endif
endfor
```

The driver is needed in case the graph is unconnected

```
DFS (V)
  visit V and mark V as visited
  for each neighbor W of V
    if W is not visited
        DFS(W)
    endif
endfor
```

DFS Running Time

```
DFS Driver ()
    for each vertex V in the graph
                                                    Executed once for
        if V is not visited
                                                   every vertex: n times
           DFS(V)
        endif
    endfor
                                                   Executed once for
                                                  every vertex: n times
DFS (V)
                                                    Executed for every
   visit V and mark V as visited
                                                      edge: e times
   for each neighbor W of V
       if W is not visited
                                             Undirected:
           DFS(W)
                                               n + n + 2e = 2n + 2e = O(n+e)
       endif
                                             Directed:
   endfor
                                               n + n + e = 2n + 2e = O(n+e)
```

BFS Algorithm

```
BFS Driver ()

for each vertex V in the graph

if V is not visited

DFS(V)

endif

endfor
```

The driver is needed in case the graph is unconnected

```
BFS (V)
  visit V and mark V as visited
  enqueue V
  while the queue is not empty
    W = dequeue
    for each neighbor P of W
        if P is not visited
            visit P and mark P as visited
            enqueue P
        endif
    endfor
  endwhile
```

BFS Running Time

```
BFS Driver ()
     for each vertex V in the graph
                                                         Executed once for
          if V is not visited -
                                                        every vertex: n times
              DFS(V)
         endif
     endfor
 BFS (V)
                                                     A vertex is marked as visited
     visit V and mark V as visited
                                                          only once: n times
     enqueue V
     while the queue is not empty
                                                            Executed for every
         W = dequeue
                                                              edge: e times
         for each neighbor P of W
              if P is not visited-
                  visit P and mark P as visited
                  enqueue P
                                                  Undirected:
             endif
                                                     n + n + 2e = 2n + 2e = O(n+e)
         endfor
                                                  Directed:
     endwhile
                                                     n + n + e = 2n + 2e = O(n+e)
Rutgers - Data Structures
                                Ana Paula Centeno
```