Experiment 1

Aim: Design and implement a lexical analyzer for given language using C. The lexical analyzer should ignore redundant spaces, tabs and newlines.

Algorithm

- 1. Start
- 2. Read file name of the program: filename.
- 3. Open the file in read mode.
- 4. If the file does not exist or user do not have the permission to open it, goto step 16.
- 5. Read a character from the file into ch.
- 6. While ch is not EOF (end of file) do
- 7. If ch is '/' and next character is '/' then skip the line as single line comment.
- 8. If ch is '/' and next character is '*' keep skipping characters till '*' and '/' occuring together is encountered: multiline comments.
- 9. If ch is '#' skip the line as pre-processor directive.
- 10. If ch is '"' keep printing the ch till the next '"' is encountered. The strings are printed as it is.
- 11. If ch is alphanumeric append ch into token.
- 12. Else do
- 13. If token is a keyword print kwd.
 - Else if token is an identifier print id.
 - Else if token is a number print the number.
 - Else if ch is an operator, print operator token.
 - Else if ch is ', 'or '; 'print ch.
- 14. Read next character into ch
- 15. Goto step 6.
- 16. Close file
- 17. Stop

Input file

program.c

```
// Program to calculate the sum of two numbers

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

void main() {
    /* This is a
```

```
multiline comment */
int num1, num2, sum;

num1 = 10;
num2 = 20;

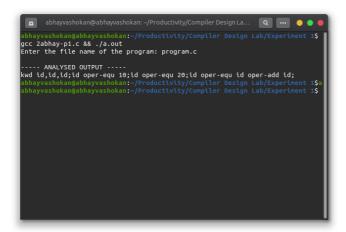
sum = num1 + num2;
}
```

Output

```
Enter the file name of the program: program.c

---- ANALYSED OUTPUT ----
kwd id,id,id;id oper-equ 10;id oper-equ 20;id oper-equ id oper-add id;
```

Screenshot



Readme

- 1. Compile and run the program using the command gcc 2abhay-p1.c && a.out
- 2. Input the correct path of the file to be analysed.
- 3. The stream of tokens obtained is displayed in the terminal.