

Q Implement Binomial Heap with functions insert (H, x), getMin(H),
extractMin(H)

Pseudo code:

```
struct Node
```

```
{
    ...

```

```
};
```

```
Node* mergeBinTrees mergeBinTrees (Node *b1, Node *b2)
```

```
{
    // Function to merge two binomial trees

```

```
{
```

```
list <Node*> union BinomialHeap (list <Node*> l1, list <Node*> l2)
```

```
{
```

```
    // This function performs union operation on
    // two binomial heaps

```

```
{
```

```
list <Node*> adjust (list <Node*> h)
```

```
{
```

```
    // This function rearranges the heap so that
    // heap is in increasing order of degree
    // and no two binomial trees have
    // same degree in this heap.

```

```
{
```

```
list <Node*> insert (list <Node*> h, int key)
```

```
{
```

```
    Node *temp = new Node (key);
```

```
    return InsertTreeIntoHeap (h, temp);
```

```
}
```

```

Node * getMin (list <Node * > h)
{
    list <Node * >::iterator it = h.begin();
    Node *temp = *it;
    while (it != h.end())
    {
        if ((*it) -> data < temp -> data)
            temp = *it;
        it++;
    }
    return temp;
}

```

```

list <Node * > extractMin (list <Node * > h)
{
    list <Node * > new_heap, new n;
    Node *temp;
    temp = getMin (h);
    list <Node * >::iterator it;
    it = h.begin();
    while (it != h.end())
    {
        if (*it != temp)
        {
            new_heap.push_back(*it);
            it++;
        }
    }
    n = removeMinFromTree (temp temp);
    new_heap = unionBinomialHeap (new_heap, n);
    new_heap = adjust (new_heap);
    return new_heap;
}

```

Teacher's Signature : _____