Numeric Functions

FUNCTION	Output	Example
ABS(arg)	Returns the absolute value of arg.	abs(-5) = 5
MOD(arg1, arg2)	Remainder after division	mod(10,3) = 1
DIV(arg1, arg2)	Conventional Division	div(20,6) = 3
DIVISION(arg1, arg2, dec)	Conventional Division but with an additional feature of specifying decimal places. The result is rounded to dec decimal places.	div(20,6,2) = 3.33
CEIL(arg)	Smallest integer number not less than the value of arg.	ceil(5.5) = 6 ceil(-7.5) = -7
FLOOR(arg)	Largest integer number not greater than the value of arg.	floor(3.55) = 3
ROUND(arg, pos)	Rounded value of arg.	round(3.44, 1) = 3.4