

SAP HANA

Lesson Name: Core Data Services

Lesson Objectives



After completing this lesson, participants will be able to -

- Basics of Core Data Services (CDS)
- Demo on CDS
- CDS view Definition Features

Contents



Introduction to CDS

CDS in ABAP

Demo on CDS

CDS View Definition Features

Introduction to Core Data Services (CDS) View



CDS stands for Core Data Services.

A view is an entity that is not persistent; it is defined as the projection of other entities.

CDS View is reusable data models on the database.

It is a **data** model that represents framework of what relationships are in a database.

To take advantage of SAP HANA for application development, SAP introduced a new data modeling infrastructure known as core data services.

With CDS, data models are defined and consumed on the database rather than on the application server.

The rule-of-thumb is simple:

Do as much as you can in the database to get the best performance.

Introduction to Core Data Services (CDS) View



A **CDS view** is defined for existing database tables and any other **views** or **CDS views** in ABAP Dictionary .

CDS is a data modeling infrastructure for defining and consuming semantic and reusable data models on the database, rather than on the ABAP server, regardless of the database system used

Technically, it is an enhancement of SQL which provides you with a data definition language (DDL) for defining semantically rich database tables/views (CDS entities) and user-defined types in the database.

CDS entities and their metadata are extensible into the ABAP Data Dictionary and the ABAP language.

Features of Core Data Services (CDS) View



Code-to-Data paradigm

 Supported through extended view functionality

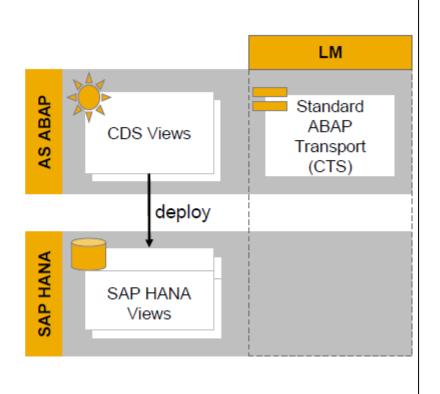
Definition of semantically rich data models in the ABAP Dictionary

 ABAP 'view entities' in DDL source objects (R3TR DDLS)

Fully integrated into the ABAP infrastructure

 Consistent lifecycle management with all other ABAP artifacts

Consumption via Open SQL on view entities



Advantages of CDS



Semantically rich data models

CDS builds on the well-known entity relationship model and is declarative in nature, very close to conceptual thinking.

Compatibility across any database platform

CDS is generated into managed Open SQL views and is natively integrated into the SAP HANA layer.

Efficiency

CDS offers a variety of highly efficient built-in functions — such as SQL operators, aggregations, and expressions — for creating views.

Extensibility

Customers can extend SAP-defined CDS views with fields that can be automatically added to the CDS view

Definition of CDS VIEW



The statement **DEFINE VIEW** is used to create the CDS DDL in ABAP.

This is done in the CDS source code of a CDS data definition in the ABAP Development Tools (ADT)

Definition is only possible with ABAP Development Tools in Eclipse/HANA Studio .

CDS view cannot be created via transaction SE11.

CDS views can be developed and maintained in SAP HANA studio and in ABAP in Eclipse

CDS View Definition



Definition of the CDS consists of

- View name
- Semantic information (key field)
- Projection List
- Aliases

Projection List:

- Client Dependency
- Semantic Information (Key)
- Aliases
- Aggregation
- Literals
- Arithmetic Expressions
- Conditional Expressions

Simple CDS View



```
ZCDS_VIEW 🛭
D
                  DDL source name
  10 @AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZcdsView' SQL view name
  2 @AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
  3 @AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
    @EndUserText.label: 'Define View CDS ENTITY'
    define view zcds_View CDS Entity name
       as select from spfli
                              Data source (DDIC table)
  8
       key spfli.carrid,
      key spfli.connid,
           spfli.countryfr,
 10
 11
          spfli.countryto
 12
       Example of Define View
```

CDS View with Join



```
ZCDS_VIEW ⋈
 19 @AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZcdsView'
 2 @AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
 3 @AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
   @EndUserText.label: 'Define View CDS ENTITY'
   define view zcds View
     as select from spfli
                     scarr on spfli.carrid = scarr.carrid
 8
 9
     key spfli.carrid,
10
11
     key scarr.carrname,
     key spfli.connid,
12
         spfli.countryfr,
13
         spfli.countryto
14
15
                        Example of Define View with Join
```

Demo



Create Simple CDS View, Preview it and consume it via Open SQL



CDS View Definition



Literal values:

- C-sequence literals (Max length: 1333)
- Signed integer literals (4-Byte)

Aggregation functions:

- •MIN, MAX, COUNT, AVG, SUM
- Alias required for function results

String functions:

- LPAD,SCORE,LEFT,LTRIM,SUBSTRING
- Alias required for function results

Type of CDS Views



CDS View with Input Parameters

CDS View Extensions

View-on-View

CDS View without Input Parameters

Type of CDS Views



CDS View with input parameters

- To create Views with parameters key word used is With PARAMETER.
- Comma-separated list of scalar input parameters and their corresponding type is to be mentioned.
- Supported parameter types are as follows:
 - Predefined data type like abap.char(char_len)
 - Name of a data element

```
ZCDS VIEW 🟻
 1@@AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZcdsView'
   @AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
    @AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
    @EndUserText.label: 'Define View CDS ENTITY'
   define view zcds View
     with parameters

    ABAP Data type as inline declaration

        carid : abap.char( 3 )
9
       conid : s conn id .
                                   Data element can also be used
     as select from spfli
10
11
12
     spfli.carrid,
13
     spfli.connid
14
15
   where
          spfli.carrid = Sparameters.carid
16
     and spfli.connid = $parameters.conid
17
                      Example of Define View with Parameters
```

Demo



CDS View with Input Parameter



Type of CDS Views



CDS View Extensions

- A CDS view can be extended by adding new fields.
- To extend a CDS Base view, the key word used is EXTEND VIEW.
- In the extended view, mention the new fields to be added separated by comma.

```
ZCDS_VIEW

| Comparison | Compa
```

Demo



Create Base CDS View Extend the above CDS View



Type of CDS Views



View-on-View

- Another important type of CDS view is View on View.
- You can create CDS view on another CDS View(called as the Base View).
- There is no restriction on the number of layers.

```
@AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZDDLS_CDS_13A'
define view zcdsv_base as select
from snwd_so as so
{
   key so.so_id as order_id,
   so.buyer_guid,
   so.currency_code,
   so.gross_amount
}
```

```
@AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZDDLS_CDS_13B'
define view zcdsv_view_on_view as select
from zcdsv_base
inner join snwd_bpa as bpa
  on bpa.node_key = zcdsv_base.buyer_guid
{
  key bpa.bp_id,
  bpa.company_name,
  zcdsv_base.currency_code,
  zcdsv_base.gross_amount
}
```

Demo



Create Base CDS View
Create View on the above Base View



Consumption of CDS View



Consumption of CDS can be done in the following ways:

- In a CDS View
- By Open SQL
- Data Preview (context menu in ADT)
- SAP List Viewer
- SAP NetWeaver Gateway (OData Model)

Consumption of CDS View



Consumption of CDS View in CDS View:

- You can create CDS view on another CDS View(called as the Base View)
- View on View is nothing but the consumption of CDS View in another View

Consumption of CDS View



CDS View is consumed via OpenSQL using below 4 steps

- Check if the feature is supported :abap_true
- Provide (mandatory) input parameter(s) : Customer_name
- Suppress syntax warning using the pragma ##
- Provide a "fallback" implementation / some error handling : ELSE

REPORT zr cds 01 consumption vwp. DATA lv_cust_name TYPE c LENGTH 80 VALUE 'SAP'. "awesome application logic DATA(1v feature supported) = cl_abap_dbfeatures=>use_features(EXPORTING requested_features VALUE #((cl_abap_dbfeatures=>views_with_parameters))) -IF lv_feature_supported = abap_true. FROM zcdsv_with_input_parameters(customer_name = INTO TABLE @DATA(lt result) ##DB FEATURE MODE[VIEWS WITH PARAMETERS]. "do some alternative coding here ENDIF. "even more awesome application logic cl demo output=>display data(lt result).

Summary



In this lesson, you have learnt:

- Basic Concepts of Open SQL
- Features of Open SQL
- Open SQL Syntaxes and Statements
- Performance Rules and Limitations of Open SQL
- About Core Data Services
- CDS in ABAP
- Demos on CDS
- CDS View Definition Features

Review Questions



OPEN SQL Statements are those statements which are used to ----- or ----- database table data.

For OPEN SQL statements insertion in database table is possible in ------ way/ways.

Open SQL in ABAP application server is the ------ -----layer calling an SQL like syntax.