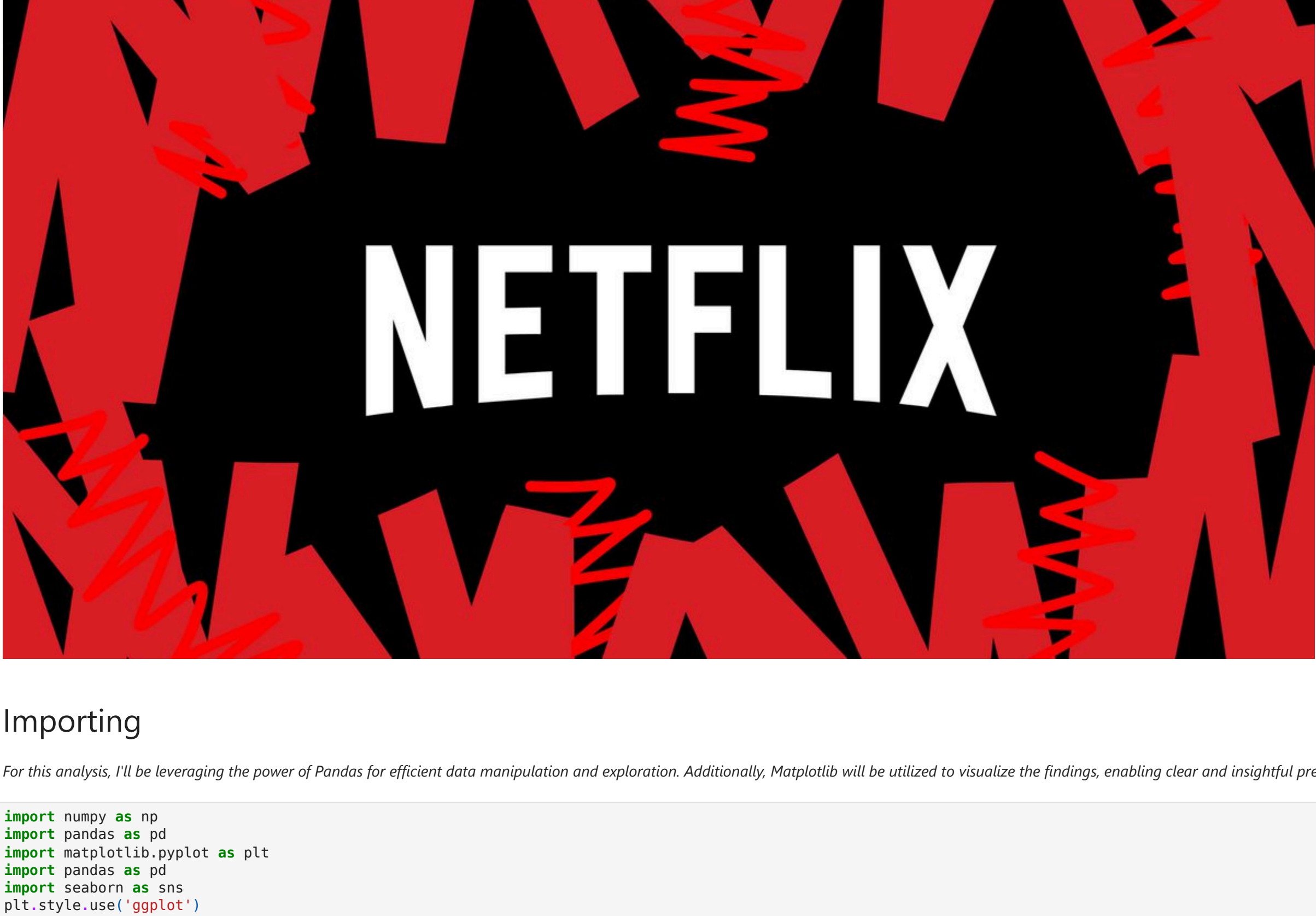


Welcome to the analysis of the Netflix user database. In this analysis, we'll delve into a dataset comprising User ID, Subscription Type, Monthly Revenue, Join Date, Last Payment Date, Country, Age, Gender, Device, and Plan Duration. Through comprehensive examination, we aim to derive valuable insights into user behaviours, preferences, and trends within the Netflix ecosystem.

%html



Importing

For this analysis, I'll be leveraging the power of Pandas for efficient data manipulation and exploration. Additionally, Matplotlib will be utilized to visualize the findings, enabling clear and insightful presentations of the Netflix user data.

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
plt.style.use('ggplot')
import plotly.express as px
import os
```

Cleaning

```
In [2]: data_set = pd.read_csv('Netflix Userbase.csv')
```

```
In [3]: data_set
```

```
Out[3]:
```

| User ID | Subscription Type | Monthly Revenue | Join Date | Last Payment Date | Country | Age | Gender | Device | Plan Duration | |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------|---------------|---------|
| 0 | 1 | Basic | 10 | 15-01-22 | 10-06-23 | United States | 28 | Male | Smartphone | 1 Month |
| 1 | 2 | Premium | 15 | 09-09-21 | 23-06-23 | Canada | 35 | Female | Tablet | 1 Month |
| 2 | 3 | Standard | 12 | 28-02-23 | 27-06-23 | United Kingdom | 42 | Male | Smart TV | 1 Month |
| 3 | 4 | Standard | 12 | 10-07-22 | 26-06-23 | Australia | 51 | Female | Laptop | 1 Month |
| 4 | 5 | Basic | 10 | 01-05-23 | 28-06-23 | Germany | 33 | Male | Smartphone | 1 Month |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 2495 | 2496 | Premium | 14 | 25-07-22 | 12-07-23 | Spain | 28 | Female | Smart TV | 1 Month |
| 2496 | 2497 | Basic | 15 | 04-08-22 | 14-07-23 | Spain | 33 | Female | Smart TV | 1 Month |
| 2497 | 2498 | Standard | 12 | 09-08-22 | 15-07-23 | United States | 38 | Male | Laptop | 1 Month |
| 2498 | 2499 | Standard | 13 | 12-08-22 | 12-07-23 | Canada | 48 | Female | Tablet | 1 Month |
| 2499 | 2500 | Basic | 15 | 13-08-22 | 12-07-23 | United States | 35 | Female | Smart TV | 1 Month |

2500 rows x 10 columns

```
In [4]: data_set.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2500 entries, 0 to 2499
Data columns (total 10 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  --
 0   User ID               2500 non-null   int64  
 1   Subscription Type     2500 non-null   object  
 2   Monthly Revenue      2500 non-null   int64  
 3   Join Date            2500 non-null   object  
 4   Last Payment Date    2500 non-null   object  
 5   Country              2500 non-null   object  
 6   Age                  2500 non-null   int64  
 7   Gender               2500 non-null   object  
 8   Device               2500 non-null   object  
 9   Plan Duration        2500 non-null   object  
dtypes: int64(1), object(17)
memory usage: 195.4+ KB
```

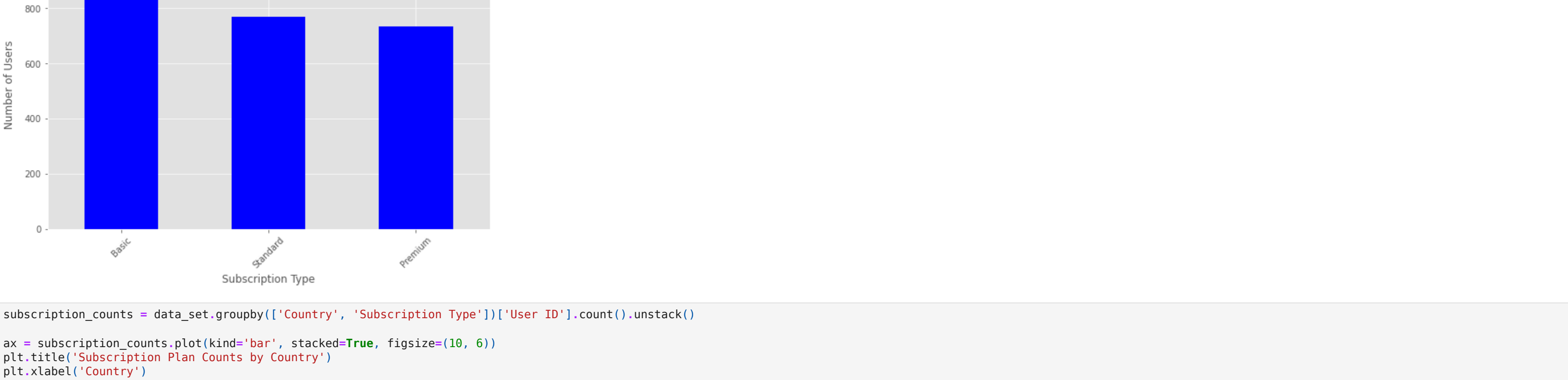
```
In [5]: data_set.describe()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

| | User ID | Monthly Revenue | Age |
|-------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| count | 2500.00000 | 2500.000000 | 2500.000000 |
| mean | 1250.00000 | 12.508400 | 38.795600 |
| std | 721.821716 | 1.688851 | 7.171778 |
| min | 1.00000 | 10.000000 | 26.000000 |
| 25% | 625.75000 | 11.000000 | 32.000000 |
| 50% | 1250.50000 | 12.000000 | 39.000000 |
| 75% | 1875.25000 | 14.000000 | 45.000000 |
| max | 2500.00000 | 15.000000 | 51.000000 |

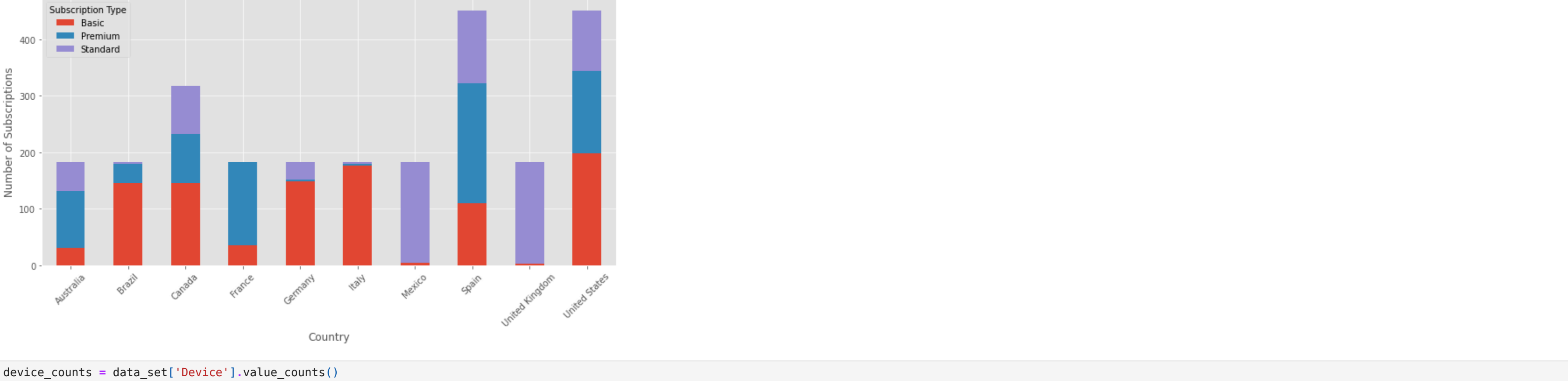
```
In [6]: user_counts = data_set['Subscription Type'].value_counts()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
user_counts.plot(kind='bar', color='blue')
plt.title('Distribution of Netflix Subscribers')
plt.xlabel('Subscription Type')
plt.ylabel('Number of Users')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



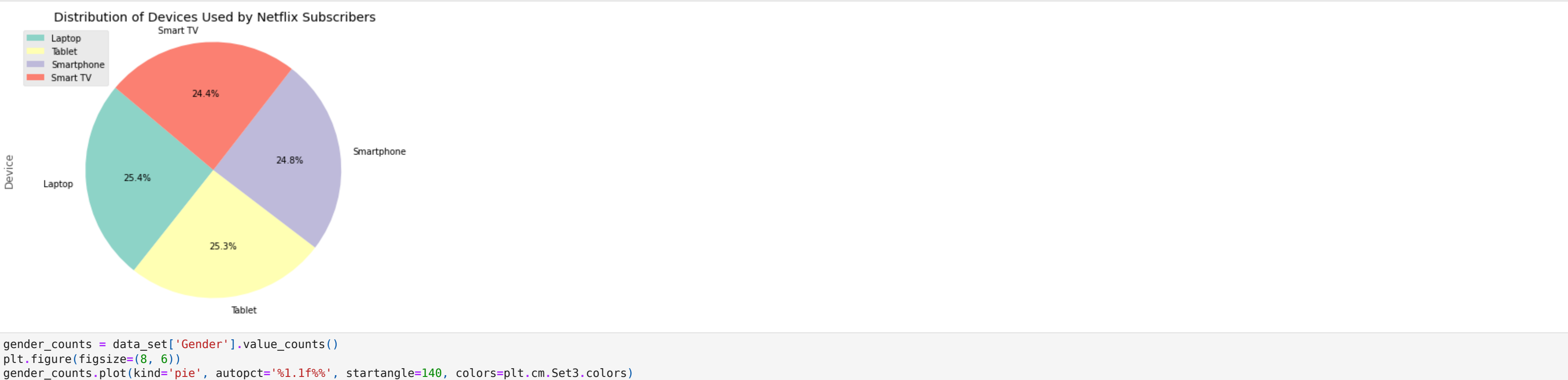
```
In [7]: subscription_counts = data_set.groupby(['Country', 'Subscription Type'])['User ID'].count().unstack()
```

```
ax = subscription_counts.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, figsize=(10, 6))
plt.title('Subscription Plan Counts by Country')
plt.xlabel('Country')
plt.ylabel('Number of Subscriptions')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.legend(title='Subscription Type')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [8]: device_counts = data_set['Device'].value_counts()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
device_counts.plot(kind='pie', autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140, colors=plt.cm.Set3.colors)
plt.title('Distribution of Devices Used by Netflix Subscribers')
plt.axis('equal')
plt.legend(device_counts.index, loc='best')
plt.show()
```



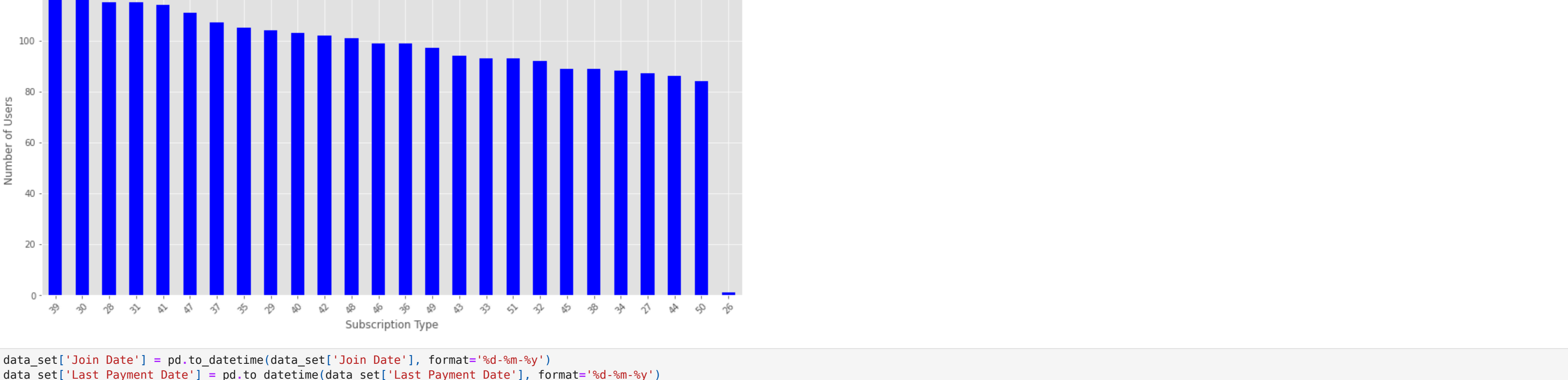
```
In [9]: gender_counts = data_set['Gender'].value_counts()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
gender_counts.plot(kind='pie', autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140, colors=plt.cm.Set3.colors)
plt.title('Distribution of Gender Used by Netflix Subscribers')
plt.axis('equal')
plt.legend(gender_counts.index, loc='best')
plt.show()
```



```
In [10]: user_counts_age = data_set['Age'].value_counts()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
user_counts_age.plot(kind='bar', color='blue')
plt.title('Distribution of Netflix Subscribers')
plt.xlabel('Subscription Type')
plt.ylabel('Number of Users')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



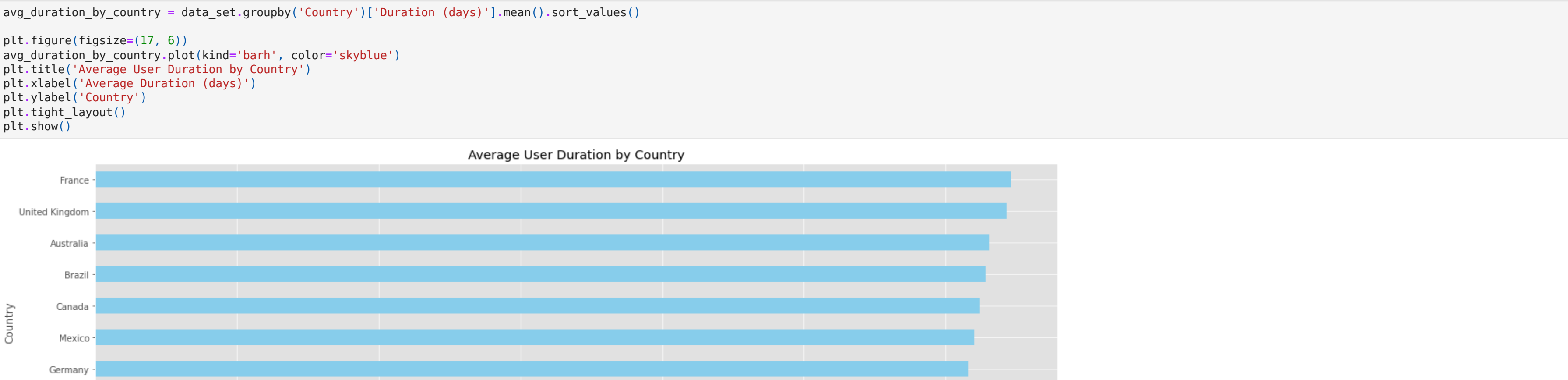
```
In [11]: data_set['Join Date'] = pd.to_datetime(data_set['Join Date'], format='%d-%m-%y')
data_set['Last Payment Date'] = pd.to_datetime(data_set['Last Payment Date'], format='%d-%m-%y')
data_set['Duration (days)'] = (data_set['Last Payment Date'] - data_set['Join Date']).dt.days
data_set.head()
```

```
Out[11]:
```

| User ID | Subscription Type | Monthly Revenue | Join Date | Last Payment Date | Country | Age | Gender | Device | Plan Duration | Duration (days) | |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|----------------|--------|--------|---------------|-----------------|-----|
| 0 | 1 | Basic | 10 | 2022-01-15 | 2023-06-10 | United States | 28 | Male | Smartphone | 1 Month | 511 |
| 1 | 2 | Premium | 15 | 2021-09-05 | 2023-06-22 | Canada | 35 | Female | Tablet | 1 Month | 655 |
| 2 | 3 | Standard | 12 | 2023-03-28 | 2023-06-27 | United Kingdom | 42 | Male | Smart TV | 1 Month | 119 |
| 3 | 4 | Standard | 12 | 2022-07-10 | 2023-06-26 | Australia | 51 | Female | Laptop | 1 Month | 351 |
| 4 | 5 | Basic | 10 | 2023-05-01 | 2023-06-28 | Germany | 33 | Male | Smartphone | 1 Month | 58 |

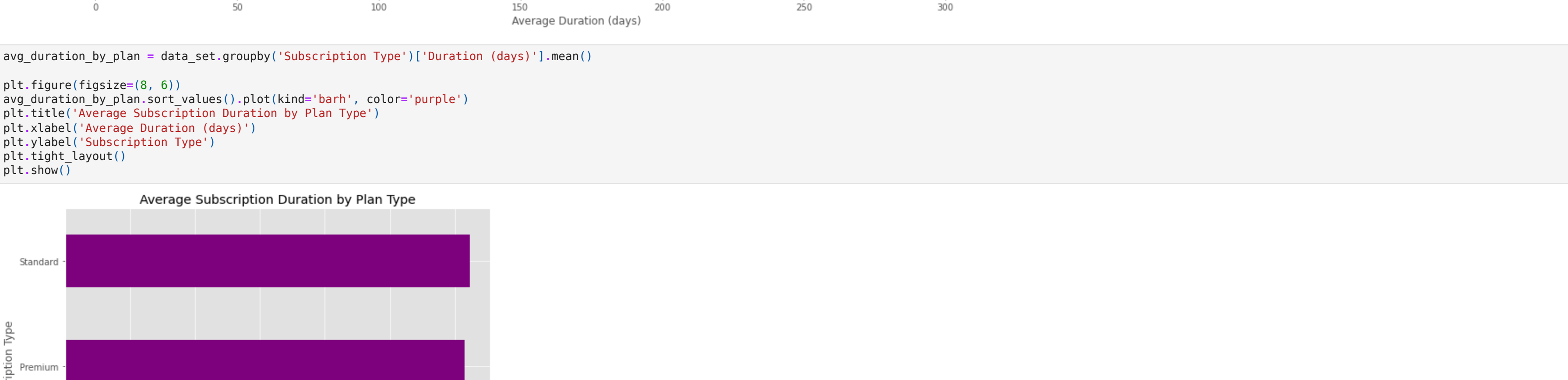
```
In [12]: avg_duration_by_country = data_set.groupby('Country')['Duration (days)'].mean().sort_values()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
avg_duration_by_country.plot(kind='barh', color='skyblue')
plt.title('Average User Duration by Country')
plt.xlabel('Average Duration (days)')
plt.ylabel('Country')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [13]: avg_duration_by_plan = data_set.groupby('Subscription Type')['Duration (days)'].mean()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
avg_duration_by_plan.sort_values().plot(kind='barh', color='purple')
plt.title('Average Subscription Duration by Plan Type')
plt.xlabel('Average Duration (days)')
plt.ylabel('Subscription Type')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [14]: data_set['Duration (months)'] = data_set['Duration (days)'] / 30
```

```
data_set['Generated Revenue ($)'] = data_set['Monthly Revenue'] * data_set['Duration (months)']
data_set.head()
```

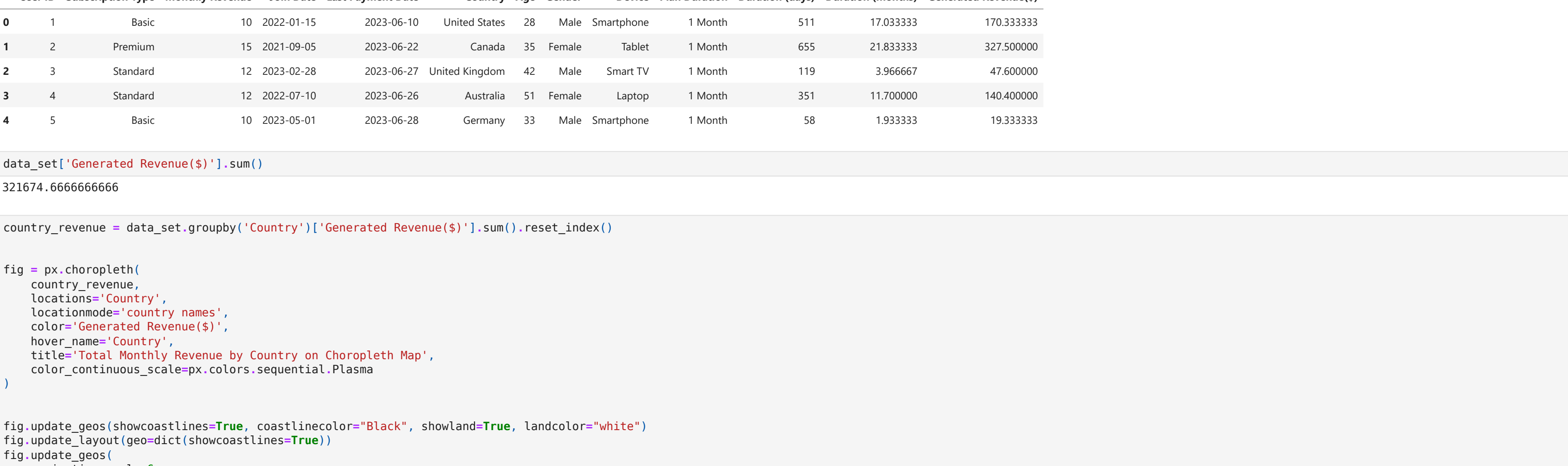
```
Out[14]:
```

| User ID | Subscription Type | Monthly Revenue | Join Date | Last Payment Date | Country | Age | Gender | Device | Plan Duration | Duration (days) | Duration (months) | Generated Revenue (\$) | |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|----------------|--------|--------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------|
| 0 | 1 | Basic | 10 | 2022-01-15 | 2023-06-10 | United States | 28 | Male | Smartphone | 1 Month | 511 | 17.033333 | 170.333333 |
| 1 | 2 | Premium | 15 | 2021-09-05 | 2023-06-22 | Canada | 35 | Female | Tablet | 1 Month | 655 | 21.833333 | 327.500000 |
| 2 | 3 | Standard | 12 | 2023-03-28 | 2023-06-27 | United Kingdom | 42 | Male | Smart TV | 1 Month | 119 | 3.966667 | 47.600000 |
| 3 | 4 | Standard | 12 | 2022-07-10 | 2023-06-26 | Australia | 51 | Female | Laptop | 1 Month | 351 | 11.700000 | 140.400000 |
| 4 | 5 | Basic | 10 | 2023-05-01 | 2023-06-28 | Germany | 33 | Male | Smartphone | 1 Month | 58 | 1.933333 | 19.333333 |

```
In [15]: data_set['Generated Revenue ($)'].sum()
```

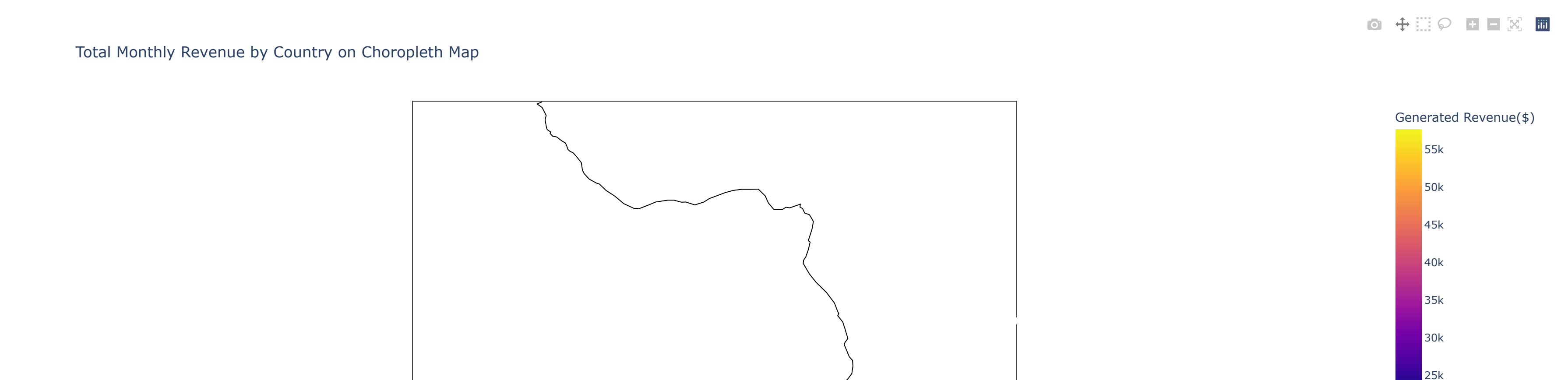
```
Out[15]: 321674.66666666666
```

```
In [16]: country_revenue = data_set.groupby('Country')['Generated Revenue ($)'].sum().reset_index()
```



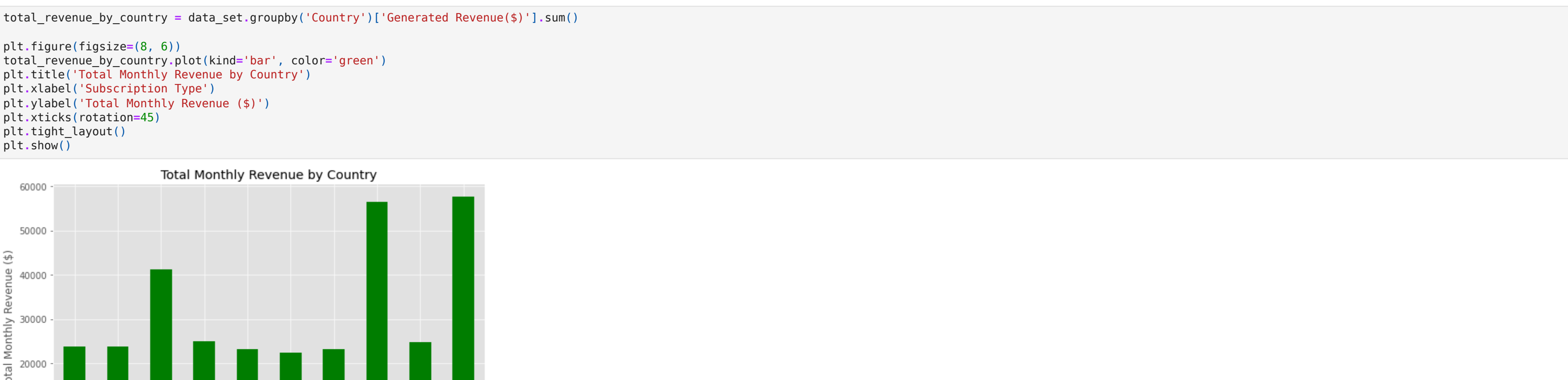
```
In [47]: total_revenue_by_country = data_set.groupby('Country')['Generated Revenue ($)'].sum()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
total_revenue_by_country.plot(kind='bar', color='green')
plt.title('Total Monthly Revenue by Country')
plt.xlabel('Subscription Type')
plt.ylabel('Total Monthly Revenue ($)')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



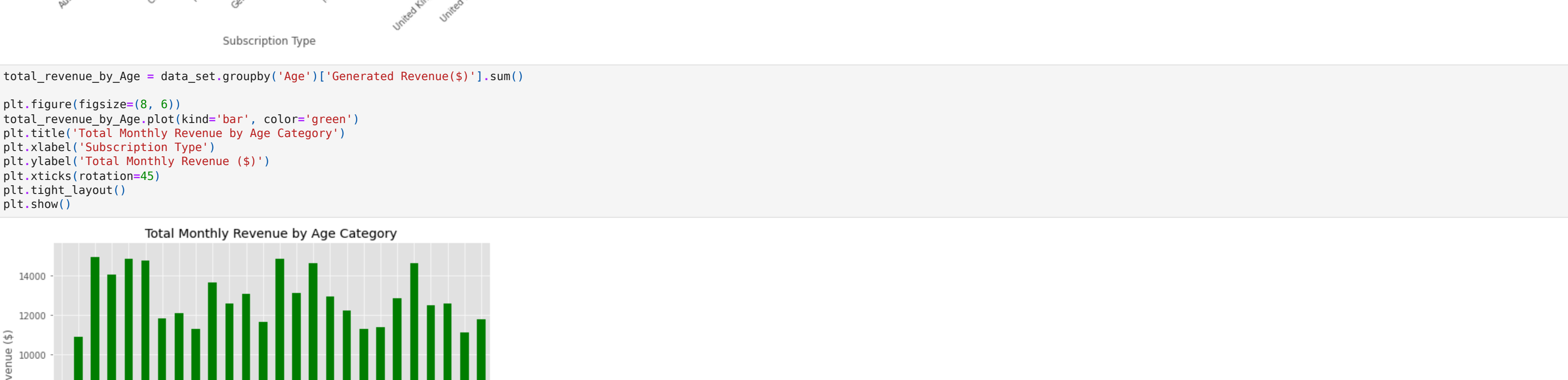
```
In [48]: total_revenue_by_age = data_set.groupby('Age')['Generated Revenue ($)'].sum()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
total_revenue_by_age.plot(kind='bar', color='green')
plt.title('Total Monthly Revenue by Age Category')
plt.xlabel('Subscription Type')
plt.ylabel('Total Monthly Revenue ($)')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [49]: total_revenue_by_plan = data_set.groupby('Subscription Type')['Generated Revenue ($)'].sum()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
total_revenue_by_plan.plot(kind='bar', color='green')
plt.title('Total Monthly Revenue by Netflix Subscription Category')
plt.xlabel('Subscription Type')
plt.ylabel('Total Monthly Revenue ($)')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```