

GATE: BM - 36.2022

EE22BTECH11219 - Rada Sai Sujan

QUESTION

In the complex z -domain, the value of integral $\oint_C \frac{z^3-9}{3z-i} dz$ is

- (a) $\frac{2\pi}{81} - 6i\pi$
- (b) $\frac{2\pi}{81} + 6i\pi$
- (c) $-\frac{2\pi}{81} + 6i\pi$
- (d) $-\frac{2\pi}{81} - 6i\pi$

(GATE 2022 BM)

Solution:

Simplyfying the Contour Integral to the standard form we get,

$$\oint_C \frac{z^3-9}{3z-i} dz = \frac{1}{3} \oint_C \frac{z^3-9}{z-\frac{i}{3}} dz \quad (1)$$

From Cauchy's residue theorem,

$$\oint_C f(z) dz = 2\pi i \sum R_j \quad (2)$$

We can observe a non-repeated pole at $z = \frac{i}{3}$ and thus $a = \frac{i}{3}$,

$$R = \lim_{z \rightarrow a} (z-a) f(z) \quad (3)$$

$$\Rightarrow R = \frac{1}{3} \lim_{z \rightarrow \frac{i}{3}} \left(z - \frac{i}{3} \right) \frac{z^3-9}{z-\frac{i}{3}} \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{-i}{81} - 3 \quad (5)$$

Therefore, from (2) and (5)

$$\oint_C \frac{z^3-9}{3z-i} dz = \frac{2\pi}{81} - 6i\pi \quad (6)$$