# SIGNAL PROCESSING Through GATE

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## Introduction

This book provides solutions to signal processing problems in GATE.

Harmonics

Filters

**Z**-transform

### Sequences

4.1 Consider the discrete time signal  $x\left[n\right]=u\left[-n+5\right]-u\left[n+3\right],$  where

$$u[n] = \begin{cases} 1; n \ge 0 \\ 0; n < 0 \end{cases}$$

The smallest n for which x[n] = 0 is?

Solution: From Fig. 1, the minimum value of n is given as

$$n = -3 \tag{4.1}$$

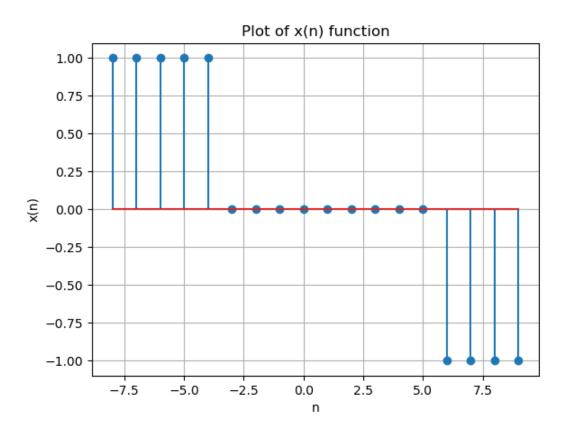


Figure 1: Plot of function x(n) taken from python3

**Contour Integration** 

## Laplace Transform

6.1 The number of zeroes of the polynomial  $P(s) = s^3 + 2s^2 + 5s + 80$  in the right side of the plane? (GATE IN 2023)

**Solution:** The table below shows the Routh array of the  $n^{th}$ - order characteristic polynomial:

$$a_0 s^n + a_1 s^{n-1} \dots + a_{n-1} s^1 + a_n s^0 (6.1)$$

$s^n$	$a_0$	$a_2$	$a_4$	
$s^{n-1}$	$a_1$	$a_3$	$a_5$	
$s^{n-2}$	$b_1 = \frac{a_1 a_2 - a_3 a_0}{a_1}$	$b_2 = \frac{a_1 a_4 - a_5 a_0}{a_1}$		
$s^{n-3}$	$c_1 = \frac{b_1 a_3 - b_2 a_1}{b_1}$	:		
÷	:	i:		
$s^1$	:	:		
$s^0$	$a_n$			

Table 6.1: Routh Array

Characteristic Equation:

$$s^3 + 2s^2 + 5s + 80 = 0 (6.2)$$

From Table 6.1:

$s^3$	1	5
$s^2$	2	80
$s^1$	$\frac{2\times5-80\times1}{2}=-35$	
$s^0$	$\frac{-35 \times 80}{-35} = 80$	

#### Table 6.2:

#### From Table 6.2:

Since there are 2 sign changes in the first column of the Routh tabulation. So, the number of zeros in the right half of the s-plane will be 2.



Figure 6.1: