EE23BTECH11047 - Deepakreddy P

17 If a, b, c, d are in G.P, prove that $(a^n + b^n), (b^n + c^n), (c^n + d^n)$ are in G.P

Solution:

TABLE I Input Parameters

Symbol	Remarks
<i>x</i> (0)	а
<i>x</i> (1)	b
x(2)	с
x(3)	d
r	ratio of G.P a,b,c
r_1	ratio of G.P $a^n + b^n, b^n + c^n, \dots$
X(z)	z transform of G.P a,b,c
Y(z)	z transform of G.P $a^n + b^n, b^n + c^n,$

From Table I

$$r = \frac{b}{a} = \frac{c}{b} = \frac{d}{c} \tag{1}$$

(3)

(4)

(7)

From eq (1)

$$\frac{b^{n} + c^{n}}{a^{n} + b^{n}} = \frac{(ar)^{n} + (ar^{2})^{n}}{(a)^{n} + (ar)^{n}}$$
$$= \frac{a^{n}r^{n}(1 + r^{n})}{a^{n}(1 + r^{n})}$$
$$= r^{n}$$

$$\frac{c^{n} + d^{n}}{b^{n} + c^{n}} = \frac{\left(ar^{2}\right)^{n} + \left(ar^{3}\right)^{n}}{\left(ar\right)^{n} + \left(ar^{2}\right)^{n}} = \frac{a^{n}r^{2n}(1 + r^{n})}{a^{n}r^{n}(1 + r^{n})} \tag{5}$$

$$\frac{b^n + c^n}{a^n + b^n} = \frac{c^n + d^n}{b^n + c^n} \tag{8}$$

Hence proved they are in in G.P

$$x(n) = a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^n u(n) \tag{9}$$

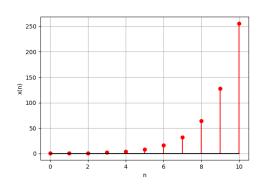
$$X(z) = \frac{a}{1 - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)z^{-1}}, \quad |z| > \left|\frac{b}{a}\right| \tag{10}$$

$$r_1 = \frac{b^n + c^n}{a^n + b^n} = \frac{c^n + d^n}{b^n + c^n}$$
 (11)

From eq (11)

$$y(n) = (a^{n} + b^{n}) \left(\frac{b^{n} + c^{n}}{a^{n} + b^{n}}\right)^{n} u(n)$$
 (12)

$$Y(z) = \frac{a^n + b^n}{1 - \left(\frac{b^n + c^n}{a^n + b^n}\right)z^{-1}}, \quad |z| > \left|\frac{b^n + c^n}{a^n + b^n}\right|$$
(13)



(2) Fig. 1. Stem Plot of $x(n) = (0.25)2^n u(n)$, a = 0.25, r = 2

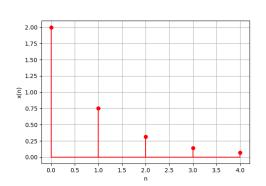


Fig. 2. Stem Plot of $x(n) = (0.25^n + 0.5^n) u(n)$, a = 0.25, b = 0.5