

Today's Content

1. InfiniBand to Portfin
2. Evaluate Portfin

Expression Evaluation:

We write expression in infin:

infin: operator between operands

Issue is system cannot evaluate Infin, so it converts infin \rightarrow postfin
to evaluate postfin expression.

postfin: operator after operands.

Q: Given Infin expression

1. Convert to postfin

2. Evaluate postfin.

Infin Expression

$a + b$

$a - b$

a / b

$a * b$

$a + b * c$

$4 + 3 * 3 - 2$

$6 + 3 * (3 + 2) - 5$

Postfin Expression

$ab +$

$ab -$

$ab /$

$ab *$

$\underbrace{a}_{\text{ }} + \underbrace{b c *}_{\text{ }}$

$4 + \underbrace{3 3 *}_{\text{ }} - 2$

$6 + \underbrace{3 *}_{\text{ }} \underbrace{3 2 +}_{\text{ }} - 5$

$a b c * +$

$\underbrace{4}_{\text{ }} \underbrace{3 3 *}_{\text{ }} + - \underbrace{2}_{\text{ }}$

$4 3 3 * + 2 -$

$6 3 3 2 + * + 5 -$

#obs: In postfin no ()

Given an Infix, convert to Postfix expression.

#Note: Infix expression is vector of strings, where each string can be operand/operator/bracket.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

Infix: $A + B * C - D * (F + G) * K$

Postfix: $A B C * + D F G + K * * -$

#Idea: Infix \rightarrow Postfix TC: $\Theta(n)$ SC: $\Theta(n)$

Iterate on Infix:

if Infix[i] is operand: Postfix.push-back(Infix[i])

if Infix[i] is open bracket: st.push(Infix[i])

if Infix[i] is closing bracket:

while st.top() != open bracket {

Postfix.push-back(st.top());

st.pop();

st.pop();

if Infix[i] is operator,

while st.size() > 0 && st.top() != open bracket &&

pred(st.top()) >= pred(Infix[i]) {

Postfix.push-back(st.top());

st.pop();

st.push(Infix[i])

while st.size() > 0 {

Postfix.push-back(st.top());

st.pop();

Evaluate Post Expression:

#Note: Post expression is vector of strings, where each string can be operand/operator/ bracket.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Infix : $16 + 3 * (30 + 20) - 15;$

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

postfin: $16 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 30 \rightarrow 20 \rightarrow + \rightarrow * \rightarrow + \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow - \rightarrow$

A operator B



#Note: ${}^{\text{up}} \text{pop}()$ (↑) ${}^{\text{in}} \text{pop}()$

operator: $30 + 20 = 50$ push st
operator: $3 * 50 = 150$ push st
operator: $16 + 150 = 166$ push st
operator: $166 - 15 = 151$ push st

Return top of stack = 151.

#Idea: Evaluate Postfin Expression. TC: $O(N)$ SC: $O(N)$

stack (int*) st;

Iterate on Postfin:

if Postfin[i] is operand: st.push(stoi(Postfin[i]));

if Postfin[i] is operator:

int B = st.top(); st.pop();

int A = st.top(); st.pop();

st.push(A operator B)

return st.top();

