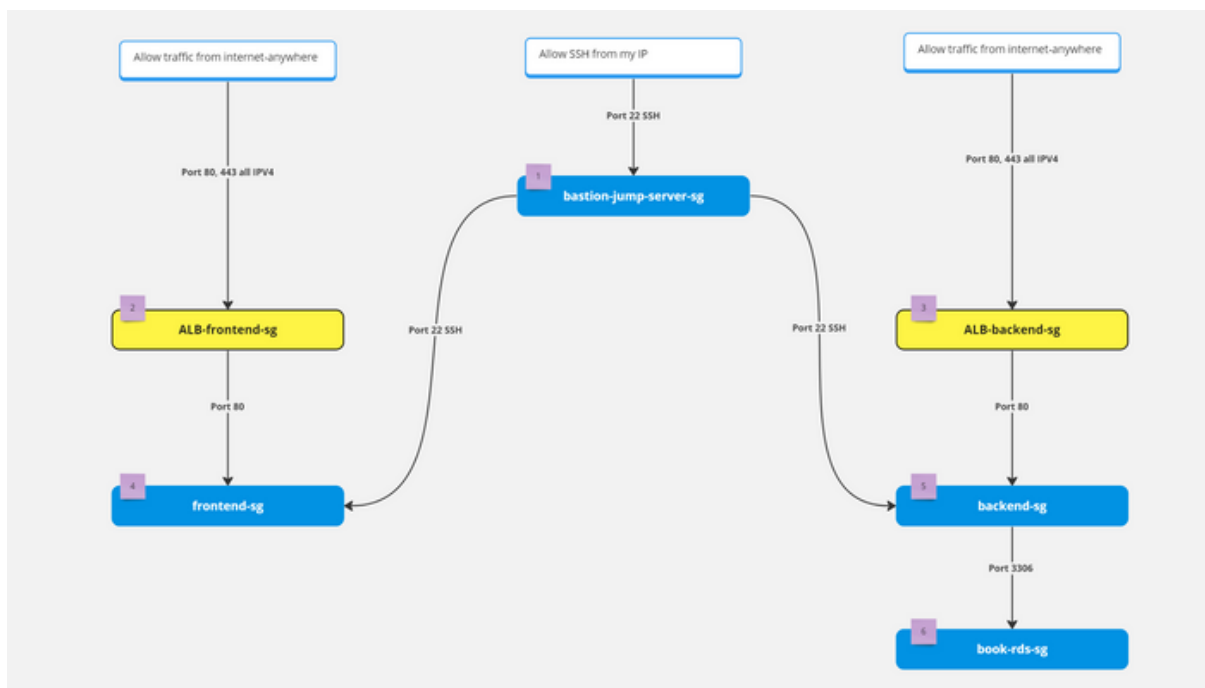


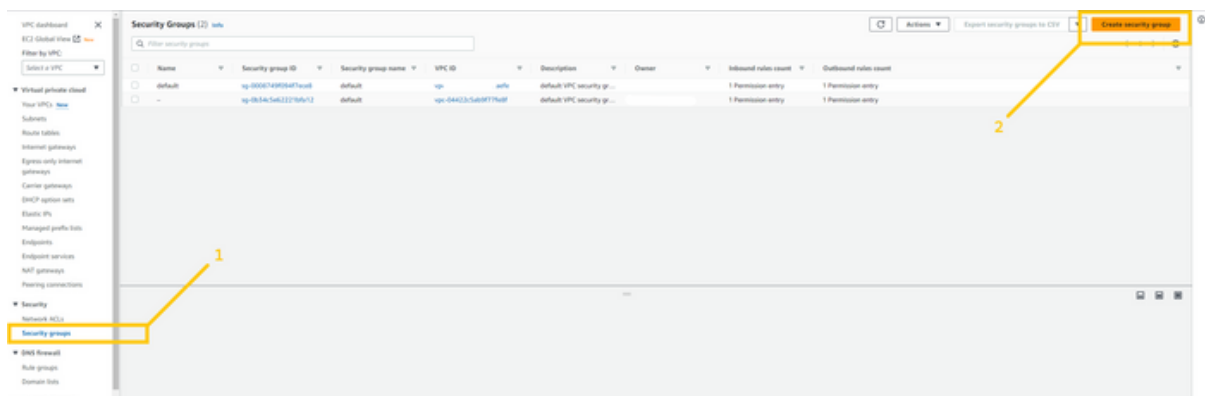
◆ Security Groups (SG)

Security groups are very essential part of the infrastructure. Because it can secure the resources in the cloud. SGs are a kind of firewall that allow or block incoming and outgoing traffic. SGs are applied to the resources like ALB, ec2, rds., etc. One resource can have more than one SG.

So let's first understand. How SG will be used in our architecture and how we are going to apply that. Please see the below image you will get all the ideas. Which resource depends on what. And what are the port numbers we need to allow etc.



To create SG, click on the security groups tab on the left panel and here you will see the **Security Groups** button. Note that SGs are specific with VPC. So we can't use SG which is created in a different VPC. So when you create SG please make sure that you choose the right VPC. click on the create security group button on the top right corner.



We will create our first SG for **bastion-jump-server**. Give any name and description you want but please remove the default VPC and add VPC that we have just created. Then click on the **Add rule** button in inbound rules. And add SSH rule and add your IP in the destination. Please don't do anything with the outbound rule if you don't have a good understanding. And then click on the **create security group** button.

Create security group

A security group acts as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic. To create a new security group, complete the fields below.

Basic details

Security group name:

Description:

VPC: X

Inbound rules

Type: Protocol: Port range: Source: Destination: X

Outbound rules

Type: Protocol: Port range: Destination: X

Tags - optional

Key: Value: X Remove

Now let's create SG for the **ALB-frontend**. Again steps are similar but add the rule HTTP AND HTTPS from anywhere on the internet because both ALB are internet facing. But please select the right VPC.

Create security group

A security group acts as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic. To create a new security group, complete the fields below.

Basic details

Security group name:

Description:

VPC: X

Inbound rules

Type: Protocol: Port range: Source: X

Type: Protocol: Port range: Source: X

Outbound rules

Type: Protocol: Port range: Destination: X

Tags - optional

Key: Value: X Remove

Create SG for **ALB-backend**. ALB-backend is also internet-facing. Again allow HTTP and HTTPS from anywhere.

Create security group

A security group acts as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic. To create a new security group, complete the fields below.

Basic details

Security group name:

Description:

VPC:

Inbound rules

Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description (optional)
HTTP	TCP	80	Anywhere (IPv4)	
HTTPS	TCP	443	Anywhere (IPv4)	

Outbound rules

Type	Protocol	Port range	Destination	Description (optional)
All traffic	All	All	Custom	

Tags - optional

Key: Value:

Create security group

Create SG for frontend servers. Our frontend server will be in a private subnet so add the HTTP rule and select the source as **ALB-frontend-sg**. So only ALB-frontend can access the frontend server on port 80. You have to add one more rule SSH allows from **bastion-jump-server-sg**. So that the bastion host can log in to web servers.

Create security group

A security group acts as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic. To create a new security group, complete the fields below.

Basic details

Security group name:

Description:

VPC:

Inbound rules

Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description (optional)
HTTP	TCP	80	Custom	
SSH	TCP	22	Custom	

Outbound rules

Type	Protocol	Port range	Destination	Description (optional)
All traffic	All	All	Custom	

Tags - optional

Key: Value:

Create security group

Let's create SG for the backend server. Again steps are completely similar to **frontend-sg**. You have to allow port 80 from **ALB-backend-sg** so that only **ALB-backend** can request to the backend server and add the rule SSH allows from **bastion-jump-server-sg**. So that the bastion host can log in to backend servers.

The screenshot shows the 'Create security group' page in the AWS IAM console. The 'Basic details' section has 'Security group name' set to 'backend-sg' and 'VPC' set to 'vpc-0642235d897776d8f'. The 'Inbound rules' section has two rules: 'HTTP' (Type: HTTP, Protocol: TCP, Port range: 80, Source: sg-0c5d8b6e7c6d4) and 'SSH' (Type: SSH, Protocol: TCP, Port range: 22, Source: sg-07be8ffed11d8e640). The 'Outbound rules' section has one rule: 'All traffic' (Type: All traffic, Protocol: All, Port range: All, Destination: sg-07be8ffed11d8e640). The 'Tags' section has one tag: 'Name' with value 'backend-sg'. The 'Create security group' button is highlighted with a yellow box and labeled '5'.

Lastly, we are going to create SG for RDS instance. Allow port 3306 MySql/Aurora from **backend-sg** so that only the backend server will be able to access it. and no one else can access our database.

The screenshot shows the 'Create security group' page in the AWS IAM console. The 'Basic details' section has 'Security group name' set to 'back-rds-sg' and 'VPC' set to 'vpc-0642235d897776d8f'. The 'Inbound rules' section has one rule: 'MySQL/Aurora' (Type: MySQL/Aurora, Protocol: TCP, Port range: 3306, Source: sg-0c5d8b6e7c6d4). The 'Outbound rules' section has one rule: 'All traffic' (Type: All traffic, Protocol: All, Port range: All, Destination: sg-07be8ffed11d8e640). The 'Tags' section has one tag: 'Name' with value 'back-rds-sg'. The 'Create security group' button is highlighted with a yellow box and labeled '4'.

And here our SG setups are complete now. Your task is to do the complete same setup for the secondary region. In my case, it is **Oregon (us-west-2)**