

## DSE 250 HW 1

### I. Here is a possible relational schema capturing the given ODL schema.

Note: underlined words are primary keys

Person (string ssn,  
String name,  
Date dob)

Boat (string name,  
Int tonnage)

Ownership (int id,  
String ssn,  
String boat\_name,  
Date begin,  
Date end)

Foreign key Ownership.ssn references Person.ssn

Foreign key Ownership.boat\_name references Boat.name

RacesWon (string boat\_name,  
String race)

Foreign key RacesWon.boat\_name references Boat.name

### II. Express the following queries in OQL:

1. For the boats who won the “Americas Cup” title, return the (boat, owner) object pairs.  
The query result should have type **set<struct{ Boat boat, Person owner }>**.

```
SELECT struct{boat: b, person: p}  
FROM b in Boat, p in b.belongsTo.coOwners  
WHERE b.racesWon = 'Americas Cup'
```

2. Find the boat(s) ever owned by “Jack Sparrow”. The query result should have type **set<Boat>**.

```
SELECT b  
FROM o in Ownership, b in o.Boat  
WHERE o.coOwners.name = 'Jack Sparrow'
```

3. Now assume that the definition of class Person is enriched w/the declaration  
relationship set<Ownership> ownerships inverse Ownership::coOwners;  
And redo query II.2 exploiting this relationship

```
SELECTS b  
FROM p in Person, b in p.ownerships.boat  
WHERE p.name = 'Jack Sparrow'
```

4. Find the boat(s) most recently owned by “Jack Sparrow”. The query result should have type set<Boat>.

```
SELECT b
FROM p in Person, o in p.ownership
WHERE o.end = (
    SELECT CASE o1.end WHERE null THEN o1.end ELSE MAX(o1.end)
    FROM p1 in Person, o1 in p1.Ownership)
```

5. Dropping the assumption of point 3., find the owners (return the objects themselves) of all “Americas Cup” - winning boats.

```
SELECT p
FROM p in Person
WHERE for all w in (
    SELECT b
    FROM b in Boats
    WHERE b.racesWon = ‘Americas Cup’): p in
w.belongedTo.coOwners
```

**III. Express the queries II.1, II.2, II.4 and II.5 in QBE, on the schema of point I. Instead of returning objects, return the key of the corresponding entities.**

**II.1 QBE**

<u>racessWon</u>	<u>boat_name</u>	<u>race</u>
_b	Americas Cup	

  

<u>ownership</u>	<u>ssn</u>	<u>boat_name</u>	<u>begin</u>	<u>end</u>
P.	P._b			

**II.2 QBE**

<u>person</u>	<u>ssn</u>	<u>name</u>	<u>dob</u>
_s	Jack Sparrow		

  

<u>ownership</u>	<u>ssn</u>	<u>boat_name</u>	<u>begin</u>	<u>end</u>
_s	P.			

**II.4 QBE**

Phase I – Find end for all boats owned by Jack Sparrow, consider if end dates are Nulls

<u>person</u>	<u>ssn</u>	<u>name</u>	<u>dob</u>
_s	Jack Sparrow		

  

<u>ownership</u>	<u>ssn</u>	<u>boat_name</u>	<u>begin</u>	<u>end</u>
_s	_bn		Null	

NULLS	boat_name	ssn
I.	_bn	_s

Phase II - Find end for all boats owned by Jack Sparrow, get not maximum end dates

Ownership	begin	end	boat_name	ssn
		e1	_bn1	_ssn
		e2	_bn2	_ssn

Condition

\_e1 > \_e2  
\_e1 not null  
\_e2 not null

NOTMAX	boatname	ssn
I.	_bn2	_ssn

Phase III – Get a list of boats that do not fall in Phase I or Phase II, the maximum

person	ssn	name	dob
	_s	Jack Sparrow	

ownership	ssn	boat_name	begin	end
	_s	_bn		

NOTMAX	boatname	ssn
⌋	_bn	_s

NULLS	boat_name	ssn
⌋	_bn	_s

MAX	boat_name	ssn
I.	_bn	_s

Phase IV – Get list of boat names ever owned by Jack Sparrow

MAX	boat_name	ssn
	_bn	_s

NULLS	boat_name	ssn
⌋		_s

NULLS	boat_name	ssn
	_bn1	

RESULT	boat_name
I.	P._bn
	P._bn1

## II.5 QBE

Phase I – Find boats who did not win

boat name	race
7	Americas Cup

ssn	boat name	begin	end
7	7		

ssn
7

Phase II – Get owners of winning boats

ssn
7

ssn	name	dob
7	P.7	