

aws

Search

[Alt+S]

Developer Tools > CodeCommit > Repositories > Create repository

ⓘ AWS CodeCommit is no longer available to new customers. Existing customers of AWS CodeCommit can continue to use the service as normal. [Learn more](#)

Create repository

Create a secure repository to store and share your code. Begin by typing a repository name and a description for your repository. Repository names are included in the URLs for that repository.

Repository settings

Repository name

AWS-CI-CD

100 characters maximum. Other limits apply.

Description - optional

1,000 characters maximum

Tags

Add tag

Additional configuration

AWS KMS key

Cancel

Create

HTTPSSSHHTTPS (GRC)

Step 1: Prerequisites

You must use a Git client that supports Git version 1.7.9 or later to connect to an AWS CodeCommit repository. If you do not have a Git client, you can install one from [Git downloads page](#)

You must have an AWS CodeCommit managed policy attached to your IAM user, belong to a CodeStar project team, or have the equivalent permissions. [Learn how to create and configure an IAM user for accessing AWS CodeCommit](#) | [Learn how to add team members to an AWS CodeStar Project](#)

Step 2: Git credentials

Create Git credentials for your IAM user, if you do not already have them. Download the credentials and save them in a secure location. [Generate Git Credentials](#)

Step 3: Clone the repository

Clone your repository to your local computer and start working on code. Run the following command:

git clone https://git-codecommit.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/v1/repos/AWS-CI-CD

Copy

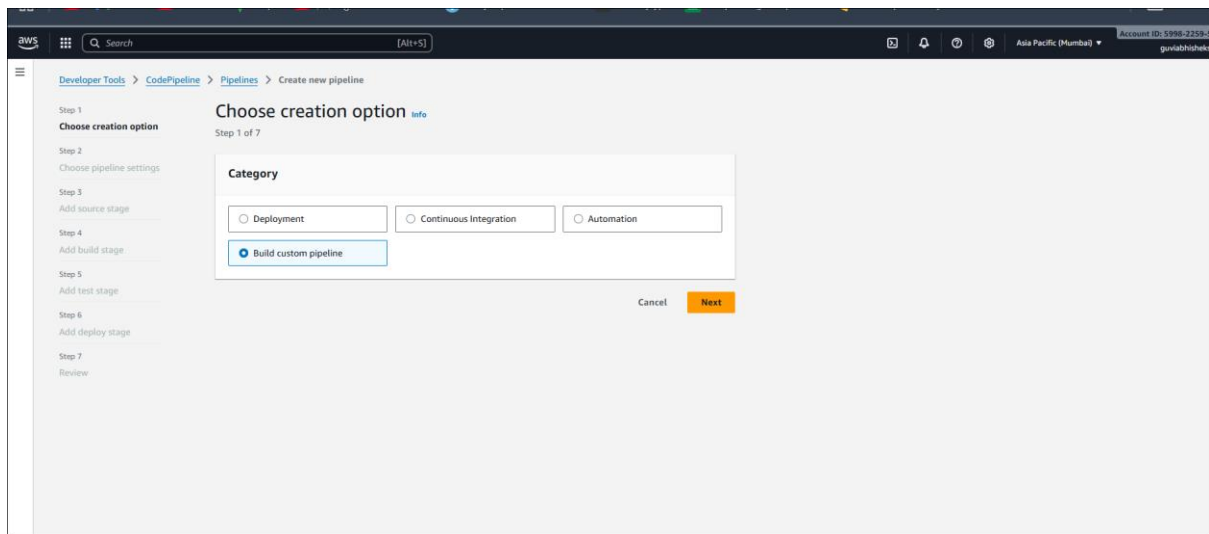
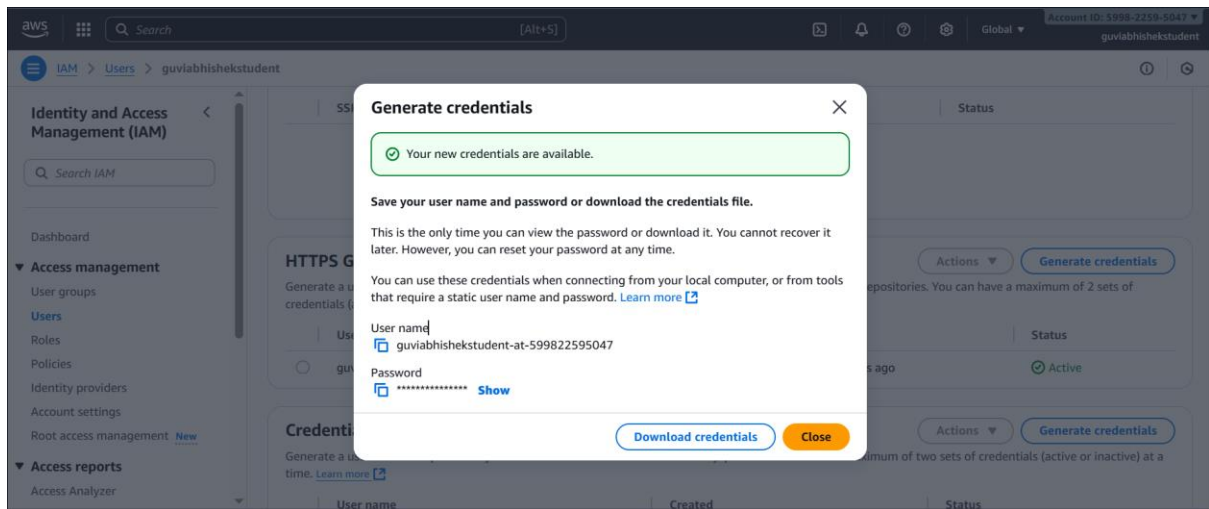
Additional details

You can find more detailed instructions in the documentation. [View documentation](#)

AWS-CI-CD Info

Add file

Name





## Create application

### Application configuration

#### Application name

Enter an application name

MyWebAppDeploy

100 character limit

#### Compute platform

Choose a compute platform

EC2/On-premises

#### Tags

Add tag

Cancel

Create application

IAM > Roles > Create role

Step 3  
Name, review, and create

### Trusted entity type

☒ **AWS service**  
Allow AWS services like EC2, Lambda, or others to perform actions in this account.

☐ **AWS account**  
Allow entities in other AWS accounts belonging to you or a 3rd party to perform actions in this account.

☐ **Web identity**  
Allows users federated by the specified external web identity provider to assume this role to perform actions in this account.

☐ **SAML 2.0 federation**  
Allow users federated with SAML 2.0 from a corporate directory to perform actions in this account.

☐ **Custom trust policy**  
Create a custom trust policy to enable others to perform actions in this account.

### Use case

Allow an AWS service like EC2, Lambda, or others to perform actions in this account.

Service or use case  
CodeDeploy

Choose a use case for the specified service.

Use case

☒ **CodeDeploy**  
Allows CodeDeploy to call AWS services such as Auto Scaling on your behalf.

☐ **CodeDeploy for Lambda**  
Allows CodeDeploy to route traffic to a new version of an AWS Lambda function version on your behalf.

☐ **CodeDeploy - ECS**  
Allows CodeDeploy to read S3 objects, invoke Lambda functions, publish to SNS topics, and update ECS services on your behalf.

Cancel Next

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CodeDeploy

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Artifacts • CodeArtifact

Build • CodeBuild

Deploy • CodeDeploy

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Go to resource

Feedback

Developer Tools > CodeDeploy > Applications > MyWebAppDeploy > Create deployment group

Create deployment group

Application

Application  
MyWebAppDeploy  
Compute type  
EC2/On-premises

Deployment group name

Enter a deployment group name  
MyWebAppDG  
100 character limit

Service role

Enter a service role  
Enter a service role with CodeDeploy permissions that grants AWS CodeDeploy access to your target instances.  
arn:aws:iam::599822595047:role/codedeploy

Deployment type

Choose how to deploy your application

☒ In-place  
Updates the instances in the deployment group with the latest application revisions. During a deployment, each instance will be briefly taken offline for its update

☐ Blue/green  
Replaces the instances in the deployment group with new instances and deploys the latest application revision to them. After instances in the replacement environment are registered with a load balancer, instances from the original environment are deregistered and can be terminated.

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Feedback

Environment configuration

Select any combination of Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling groups, Amazon EC2 instances, and on-premises instances to add to this deployment

☐ Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling groups

☒ Amazon EC2 instances  
0 unique matched instances. [Click here for details](#)

You can add up to three groups of tags for EC2 instances to this deployment group.  
**One tag group:** Any instance identified by the tag group will be deployed to.  
**Multiple tag groups:** Only instances identified by all the tag groups will be deployed to.

Tag group 1

Key  
Name

Value - optional  
MyWebApp

Remove tag

Add tag

+ Add tag group

☐ On-premises instances

Agent configuration with AWS Systems Manager [Info](#)

Complete the required prerequisites before AWS Systems Manager can install the CodeDeploy Agent.  
Make sure the AWS Systems Manager Agent is installed on all instances and attach the required IAM policies to them. [Learn more](#)

Install AWS CodeDeploy Agent

☐ Never

☐ Only once

☒ Now and schedule updates

Basic scheduler | Cron expression

14 | Days

deDeploy

Source • CodeCommit

Artifacts • CodeArtifact

Build • CodeBuild

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Feedback

Complete the required prerequisites before AWS Systems Manager can install the CodeDeploy Agent. Make sure the AWS Systems Manager Agent is installed on all instances and attach the required IAM policies to them. [Learn more](#)

Install AWS CodeDeploy Agent

☐ Never

☐ Only once

☒ Now and schedule updates

Basic scheduler

Cron expression

14

Days

Deployment settings

Deployment configuration

Choose from a list of default and custom deployment configurations. A deployment configuration is a set of rules that determines how fast an application is deployed and the success or failure conditions for a deployment.

CodeDeployDefault.AllAtOnce

or

Create deployment configuration

Load balancer

Select a load balancer to manage incoming traffic during the deployment process. The load balancer blocks traffic from each instance while it's being deployed to and allows traffic to it again after the deployment succeeds.

☒ Enable load balancing

Load balancer type

☐ Application Load Balancer or Network Load Balancer

☐ Classic Load Balancer

► Advanced - optional

Cancel

Create deployment group

Developer Tools

CodeBuild

Build projects

Create build project

Create build project

Project configuration

Project name

AWS-build

A project name must be 2 to 255 characters. It can include the letters A-Z and a-z, the numbers 0-9, and the special characters - and \_.

Project type

Select what type of project you would like to create. [Info](#)

☐ Default project

Create a custom CodeBuild project.

☒ Runner project

Create a CodeBuild managed runner for workflows in GitHub Actions, GitHub Enterprise Actions, GitLab, or Buildkite.

► Additional configuration

Description, public build access, build badge, concurrent build limit, tags

▼ Runner

Runner provider

GitHub

Credential

☒ Your account is successfully connected through PAT using CodeBuild managed token. [Manage account credentials](#).

☐ Use override credentials for this project only

Runner location

☒ Repository

Trigger runner builds on repository webhooks events

☐ Organization

Trigger runner builds on organization webhook events

☐ Enterprise

Trigger runner builds on enterprise webhook events

Repository

X

C

The repository URL of the GitHub Actions repository.

Runner provider

GitHub

Credential

Your account is successfully connected through PAT using CodeBuild managed token. Manage account credentials.

Use override credentials for this project only

Runner location

Repository

Trigger runner builds on repository webhook events

Organization

Trigger runner builds on organization webhook events

Enterprise

Trigger runner builds on enterprise webhook events

Repository

Q https://github.com/Abhi-mishra998/AWS-CI-CD.git

X

The repository URL of the GitHub Actions repository.

Runner Configuration Sample

The following GitHub Actions workflow YAML can be used to trigger jobs on the PUSH event for this CodeBuild project. For more information about CodeBuild GitHub Actions label syntax, visit [CodeBuild-Hosted GitHub Actions Supported Label Overview](#)

```
name: Hello world
on: [push]
jobs:
  hello-world-job:
    runs-on:
      - codebuild-aws-build-${{ github.run_id }}-${{ github.run_attempt }}
    steps:
      - run: echo "Hello world"
```

Additional configuration

Manual creation, webhook event filters

Manual creation - optional Info

Manually create a webhook for this repository in GitHub console.

Webhook event filter groups

A build is triggered if any filter group evaluates to true, which occurs when all the filters in the group evaluate to true.

Add filter group

Filter group 1

Event type - optional

Add one or more webhook event filter groups to specify which events trigger a new build. If you do not add a webhook event filter group, then a new build is triggered every time a code change is pushed to your repository.

Search

Abhi

Workflow job

WORKFLOW\_JOB\_QUEUED X

Filters

Add one or more filters to specify whether or not a build is triggered based on the selected condition, type and pattern.

Add filter

Environment

Buildspec

Build specifications

Buildspec will be ignored when you use CodeBuild to run GitHub Actions workflow jobs. Instead, CodeBuild will override it to use commands that will setup the self-hosted runner.

Run buildspec commands in INSTALL, PRE\_BUILD and POST\_BUILD phases Info

Insert build commands

Store build commands as build project configuration

Use a buildspec file

Store build commands in a YAML-formatted buildspec file

Buildspec name - optional

By default, CodeBuild looks for a file named buildspec.yml in the source code root directory. If your buildspec file uses a different name or location, enter its path from the source root here (for example, buildspec-be.yml or configuration/buildspec.yml).

buildspec.yml

Artifacts

Add artifact

Logs

Cancel

Create build project

CloudShell

Feedback

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Step 2 of 7

Step 2

Choose pipeline settings

Step 3

Add source stage

Step 4

Add build stage

Step 5

Add test stage

Step 6

Add deploy stage

Step 7

Review

Source

Source provider

This is where you stored your input artifacts for your pipeline. Choose the provider and then provide the connection details.

AWS CodeCommit

Repository name

Choose a repository that you have already created where you have pushed your source code.

Q AWS-CI-CD

Branch name

Choose a branch of the repository

Q main

main

If disabled, follow AWS documentation to create an EventBridge rule for your source. [Learn more](#)

Output artifact format

Choose the output artifact format.

☒ CodePipeline default

AWS CodePipeline uses the default zip format for artifacts in the pipeline. Does not include Git metadata about the repository.

☐ Full clone

AWS CodePipeline passes metadata about the repository that allows subsequent actions to do a full Git clone. Only supported for AWS CodeBuild actions. [Learn more](#)

☒ Enable automatic retry on stage failure

Cancel

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Developer Tools

CodePipeline

Pipelines

Create new pipeline

Step 1

Choose creation option

Step 2

Choose pipeline settings

Step 3

Add source stage

Step 4

Add build stage

Step 5

Add test stage

Step 6

Add deploy stage

Step 7

Review

Add deploy stage

Step 6 of 7

Deploy - optional

Deploy provider

Choose how you want to deploy your application or content. Choose the provider, and then provide the configuration details for that provider.

AWS CodeDeploy

Region

Asia Pacific (Mumbai)

Input artifacts

Choose an input artifact for this action. [Learn more](#)

BuildArtifact

Defined by: Build

No more than 100 characters.

Application name

Choose an application that you have already created in the AWS CodeDeploy console. Or create an application in the AWS CodeDeploy console and then return to this task.

Q MyWebAppDeploy

Deployment group

Choose a deployment group that you have already created in the AWS CodeDeploy console. Or create a deployment group in the AWS CodeDeploy console and then return to this task.

Q MyWebAppDG

MyWebAppDG

☐ Enable automatic retry on stage failure

Cancel

Previous

Skip deploy stage

Next



```

codedeploy-agent.service - AWS CodeDeploy Host Agent
  Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/codedeploy-agent.service; enabled; preset: disabled)
  Active: active (running) since Fri 2025-08-29 02:31:54 UTC; 2min 10s ago
    Main PID: 27971 (ruby)
      Tasks: 3 (limit: 1111)
     Memory: 66.0M
        CPU: 1.104s
    CGroup: /system.slice/codedeploy-agent.service
            └─27971 "codedeploy-agent: master 27971"
              └─27973 "codedeploy-agent: InstanceAgent::Plugins::CodeDeployPlugin::CommandPoller of master 27971"

Aug 29 02:31:53 ip-172-31-47-47.ap-south-1.compute.internal systemd[1]: Starting codedeploy-agent.service - AWS CodeDeploy Host Agent...
Aug 29 02:31:54 ip-172-31-47-47.ap-south-1.compute.internal systemd[1]: Started codedeploy-agent.service - AWS CodeDeploy Host Agent.

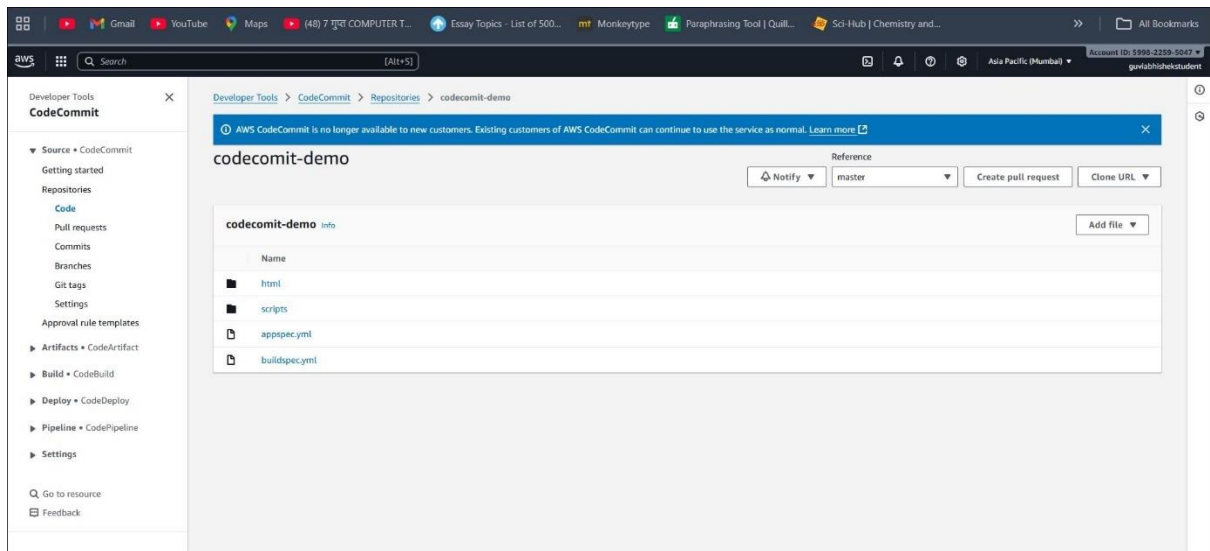
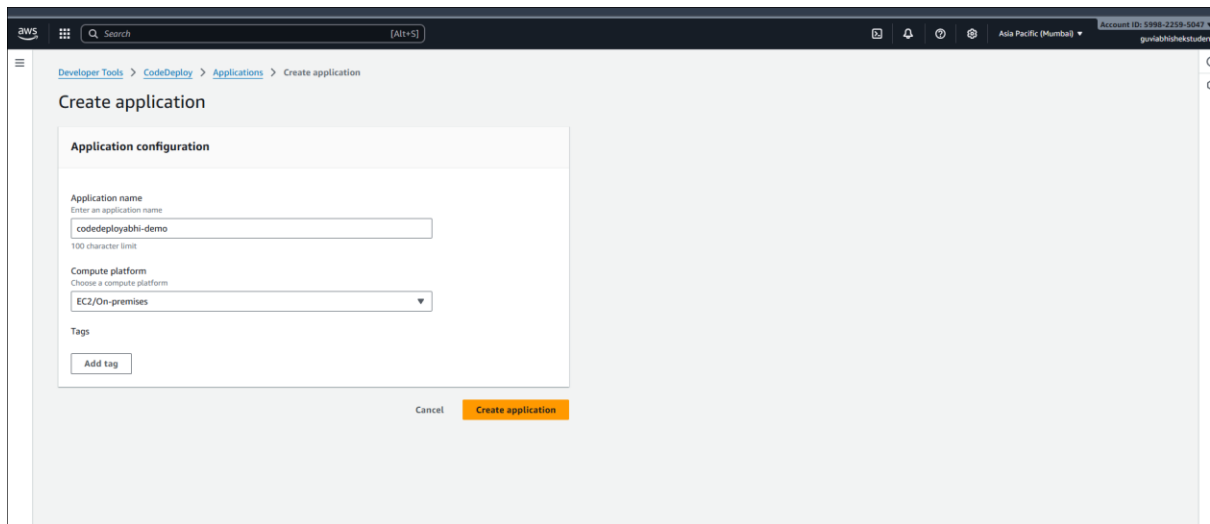
```

```

lines 1-13/13 (END)
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$ sudo yum update -y
Last metadata expiration check: 0:43:07 ago on Fri Aug 29 01:52:29 2025.
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete!
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$ sudo amazon-linux-extras enable nginx1
sudo: amazon-linux-extras: command not found
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$ sudo yum install -y nginx
Last metadata expiration check: 0:43:24 ago on Fri Aug 29 01:52:29 2025.
Package nginx-1:1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 is already installed.
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete!
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$ sudo systemctl start nginx
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$ sudo systemctl enable nginx
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$ sudo systemctl status nginx
● nginx.service - The nginx HTTP and reverse proxy server
  Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/nginx.service; enabled; preset: disabled)
  Active: active (running) since Fri 2025-08-29 01:52:34 UTC; 43min ago
    Main PID: 4055 (nginx)
      Tasks: 2 (limit: 1111)
     Memory: 2.5M
        CPU: 59ms
    CGroup: /system.slice/nginx.service
            └─4055 "nginx: master process /usr/sbin/nginx"
              └─4062 "nginx: worker process"

Aug 29 01:52:34 ip-172-31-47-47.ap-south-1.compute.internal systemd[1]: Starting nginx.service - The nginx HTTP and reverse proxy server...
Aug 29 01:52:34 ip-172-31-47-47.ap-south-1.compute.internal nginx[3953]: nginx: the configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf syntax is ok
Aug 29 01:52:34 ip-172-31-47-47.ap-south-1.compute.internal nginx[3953]: nginx: configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf test is successful
Aug 29 01:52:34 ip-172-31-47-47.ap-south-1.compute.internal systemd[1]: Started nginx.service - The nginx HTTP and reverse proxy server.
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-47 tmp]$

```



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Feedback

Developer Tools > CodeDeploy > Applications > codedeployabhi-demo > Create deployment group

Create deployment group

Application

Application  
codedeployabhi-demo  
Compute type  
EC2/On-premises

Deployment group name

Enter a deployment group name

codedeployment-group

100 character limit

Service role

Enter a service role  
Enter a service role with CodeDeploy permissions that grants AWS CodeDeploy access to your target instances.

arn:aws:iam::599822595047:role/codedeploy-role

Deployment type

Choose how to deploy your application

☒ In-place  
Updates the instances in the deployment group with the latest application revisions. During a deployment, each instance will be briefly taken offline for its update

☐ Blue/green  
Replaces the instances in the deployment group with new instances and deploys the latest application revision to them. After instances in the replacement environment are registered with a load balancer, instances from the original environment are deregistered and can be terminated.

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Feedback

Choose how to deploy your application

☒ In-place  
Updates the instances in the deployment group with the latest application revisions. During a deployment, each instance will be briefly taken offline for its update

☐ Blue/green  
Replaces the instances in the deployment group with new instances and deploys the latest application revision to them. After instances in the replacement environment are registered with a load balancer, instances from the original environment are deregistered and can be terminated.

Environment configuration

Select any combination of Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling groups, Amazon EC2 instances, and on-premises instances to add to this deployment

☐ Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling groups

☒ Amazon EC2 instances  
1 unique matched instance. [Click here for details](#)

You can add up to three groups of tags for EC2 instances to this deployment group.  
**One tag group:** Any instance identified by the tag group will be deployed to.  
**Multiple tag groups:** Only instances identified by all the tag groups will be deployed to.

Tag group 1

Key

Value - optional

Name

server2

Remove tag

Add tag

+ Add tag group

☐ On-premises instances

Matching instances  
1 unique matched instance. [Click here for details](#)

Agent configuration with AWS Systems Manager [Info](#)

⚠ We recommend configuring your CodeDeploy Agent install and updates with AWS Systems Manager.

Developer Tools

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Developer Tools > CodeBuild > Build projects > Create build project

Create build project

Project configuration

Project name

codebuild-demo

A project name must be 2 to 255 characters. It can include the letters A-Z and a-z, the numbers 0-9, and the special characters - and \_.

Project type

Select what type of project you would like to create. [Info](#)

☒ Default project

Create a custom CodeBuild project.

☐ Runner project

Create a CodeBuild managed runner for workflows in GitHub Actions, GitHub Enterprise Actions, GitLab, or Buildkite.

Additional configuration

Description, public build access, build badge, concurrent build limit, tags

Source

Add source

Source 1 - Primary

Source provider

AWS CodeCommit

Repository

codecommit-demo

Reference type

Choose the source version reference type that contains your source code.

☒ Branch

☐ Git tag

☐ Commit ID

Branch

Choose a branch that contains the code to build.

master

Commit ID - optional

Choose a commit ID. This can shorten the duration of your build.

a71afb1d78e4d0bcf3a5b5a67ac045bc50a7da6

Developer Tools

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Feedback

Running mode

☒ Container

Running on Docker container

☐ Instance

Running on EC2 Instance directly

Operating system

Amazon Linux

Runtime(s)

Standard

Image

aws/codebuild/amazonlinux-x86\_64-standard:5.0

Image version

Always use the latest image for this runtime version

Service role

☐ New service role

Create a service role in your account

☒ Existing service role

Choose an existing service role from your account

Role ARN

arn:aws:iam::599822595047:role/codebuild-role

☒ Allow AWS CodeBuild to modify this service role so it can be used with this build project.

Additional configuration

Timeout, privileged, certificate, VPC, compute type, environment variables, file systems, auto-retry, registry credential

Buildspec

Build specifications

☐ Insert build commands

Store build commands as build project configuration

☒ Use a buildspec file

Store build commands in a YAML-formatted buildspec file

Buildspec name - optional

By default, CodeBuild looks for a file named buildspec.yml in the source code root directory. If your buildspec file uses a different name or

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Build

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Go to resource

Feedback

Build specifications

☐ Insert build commands

☒ Use a buildspec file

Buildspec name - optional

By default, CodeBuild looks for a file named buildspec.yml in the source code root directory. If your buildspec file uses a different name or location, enter its path from the source root here (for example, buildspec-two.yml or configuration/buildspec.yml).

buildspec.yml

Batch configuration

Define batch configuration - optional

Artifacts

Add artifact

Artifact 1 - Primary

Type

Amazon S3

You might choose no artifacts if you are running tests or pushing a Docker image to Amazon ECR.

Bucket name

cicd-s3-80

Name

The name of the folder or compressed file in the bucket that will contain your output artifacts. Use Artifacts packaging under Additional configuration to choose whether to use a folder or compressed file. If the name is not provided, defaults to project name.

Enable semantic versioning

Path - optional

Step 2

Choose pipeline settings

Step 3

Add source stage

Step 4

Add build stage

Step 5

Add test stage

Step 6

Add deploy stage

Step 7

Review

Source

Source provider

Repository name

Branch name

Output artifact format

Enable automatic retry on stage failure

Cancel

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Next

Step 2

Choose pipeline settings

Step 3

Add source stage

Step 4

Add build stage

Step 5

Add test stage

Step 6

Add deploy stage

Step 7

Review

Build - optional

Build provider

Choose the tool you want to use to run build commands and specify artifacts for your build action.

☐ Commands

☒ Other build providers

AWS CodeBuild

Project name

Choose a build project that you have already created in the AWS CodeBuild console. Or create a build project in the AWS CodeBuild console and then return to this task.

Q

codebuild-demo

X

or

Create project

☐ Define buildspec override - optional

Buildspec file or definition that overrides the latest one defined in the build project, for this build only.

Environment variables - optional

Choose the key, value, and type for your CodeBuild environment variables. In the value field, you can reference variables generated by CodePipeline. [Learn more](#)

Add environment variable

Build type

☒ Single build

Triggers a single build.

☐ Batch build

Triggers multiple builds as a single execution.

Region

Asia Pacific (Mumbai)

Input artifacts

Choose an input artifact for this action. [Learn more](#)

SourceArtifact

X

Defined by: Source

☒ Enable automatic retry on stage failure

Cancel

Previous

Skip build stage

Next

Developer Tools > CodePipeline > Pipelines > Create new pipeline

Step 1

Choose creation option

Step 2

Choose pipeline settings

Step 3

Add source stage

Step 4

Add build stage

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Add test stage

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Add deploy stage

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Review

Add deploy stage

Info

Step 6 of 7

Deploy - optional

Deploy provider

Choose how you want to deploy your application or content. Choose the provider, and then provide the configuration details for that provider.

AWS CodeDeploy

Region

Asia Pacific (Mumbai)

Input artifacts

Choose an input artifact for this action. [Learn more](#)

BuildArtifact

X

Defined by: Build

SourceArtifact

X

Defined by: Source

No more than 100 characters

Application name

Choose an application that you have already created in the AWS CodeDeploy console. Or create an application in the AWS CodeDeploy console and then return to this task.

Q

codedeployabhi-demo

X

Deployment group

Choose a deployment group that you have already created in the AWS CodeDeploy console. Or create a deployment group in the AWS CodeDeploy console and then return to this task.

Q

codedeployment-group

X

codedeployment-group

☐ Enable automatic retry on stage failure

Cancel

Previous

Skip deploy stage

Next

Introducing the new pipeline experience

We've redesigned the pipeline view to streamline the monitoring and debugging experience. Let us know what you think. Or go back to the old experience.

Don't show again

Success

Congratulations! The pipeline codepipeline-demo has been created.

Developer Tools > CodePipeline > Pipelines > codepipeline-demo

codepipeline-demo

Edit Stop execution Create trigger Clone pipeline Release change

Pipeline Executions Triggers Settings Tags Stage

Source

7f91538d-3715-42d6-9c05-76b1b2f52571

All actions succeeded.

Source

AWS CodeCommit

4 minutes ago

a71afb1d Source: Add CodePI

Build

7f91538d-3715-42d6-9c05-76b1b2f52571

1 of 1 action failed.

Build

AWS CodeBuild

5 minutes ago

a71afb1d Source: Add CodePI

Deploy

Didn't Run

Deploy

AWS CodeDeploy