Right of Ethical Conduct:

This means principles of fairness, good faith and respect consistent with laws, regulations and University policies govern our conduct with others both inside and outside the community. Each situation needs to be examined in accordance with the Standards of Ethical Conduct. This right encompasses several key principles and responsibilities that attorneys are expected to uphold:

- **Professional Ethics**: Attorneys are obligated to follow the ethical rules and guidelines established by the legal profession. These ethical rules often include duties of competence, diligence, confidentiality, and loyalty to clients.
- Conflict of Interest: Attorneys must avoid conflicts of interest that could compromise their ability to provide unbiased and zealous representation to their clients. This includes not representing clients with conflicting interests and disclosing potential conflicts when they arise.
- Client Confidentiality: Attorneys have a duty to maintain the confidentiality of their clients' information and communications. This means that attorneys should not disclose client information without the client's informed consent, except when required by law or professional ethics.
- Competence: Attorneys are expected to provide competent representation to their clients. This includes having the necessary knowledge and skills to handle the legal matters they undertake. If an attorney lacks competence in a particular area, they should either acquire the necessary expertise or refer the client to a qualified attorney.

•	Zealous Advocacy: Attorneys are expected to advocate zealously on behalf of their clients within the bounds of the law. This means providing dedicated and committed representation while adhering to ethical constraints